**INSURANCE**
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Regd. No. B. 1065

# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

**INSURANCE**
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ROY. ASIATIC SOC. LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

VOL. XXIV NO. 183 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1936 PRICE ONE ANNA

# Germany To Attend Five-Power Conference?

## ACCEPTANCE OF LOCARNO INVITATION

## Von Neurath On Need Of Diplomatic Preparations

### ITALIAN GOVT. VIEWS ON CONFERENCE'S AIMS

*BERLIN, July 31.*

***Baron Von Neurath informed the British and French ambassadors and Belgian Minister that Germany has accepted the invitation to the Five-Power Locarno Conference. He particularly pointed out that discussion needed careful diplomatic preparation in every respect, especially with regard to the programme.***

### *CIANO'S STATEMENT*

**A cable from Rome states:—**

**The Italian Government would in principle be glad to participate in the conference of the five Locarno Powers on the date to be settled, stated the Foreign Minister, Count Ciano, to the French Ambassador and the British and Belgian Charge d'Affaires to-day. He added the Italian Government thought, it would be useful that the Conference should be properly prepared by exchange of views through ordinary diplomatic channels in the interests of the lofty aims of the Conference itself.**

**Count Ciano has informed the German Ambassador of this communication.—Reuter.**

## Compensation For Imprisonment!

### *McMAHON EXPLAINS WHY HE THREW REVOLVER AT KING*

LONDON, July 31.

McMahon was to-day committed for trial at Bow Street on all three charges of being in possession of a revolver with intent to endanger life, presenting near His Majesty a revolver with intent to break the public peace and producing a revolver with intent to alarm His Majesty.

MAKING A "GESTURE"

McMahon explained that he intended to shoot himself on Constitution Hill, but when he saw the King approaching he decided to make a gesture by throwing the revolver in the air in order to draw attention to his grievance which was due to inability to obtain compensation for imprisonment to which he had been sentenced, although afterwards he was released on appeal.

HIS GRIEVANCE

McMahon giving evidence said he had petitioned Kings George and Edward against wrongful imprisonment in which he had served 3 1/2 months of a 12 months' sentence for Criminal Libel and was later released on appeal. He explained that left one chamber of the revolver empty because he thought if it was not fully loaded there was no possibility of accidentally discharging it.

WANTED TO SHOOT HIMSELF

McMahon sobbingly described how he was going to shoot himself; "Then a thought struck me that if only I could draw the King's attention to the wrongs which had been meted out to me, at least he would not allow his subjects being so treated. Just as the Band was passing I saw His Majesty emerge beneath the Arch. I put my hand into my pocket and took out the gun. When the King approached I threw the gun".

HIS INTENTION

McMahon declared definitely he did not point the revolver towards anyone. He did not think that the incident would alarm the King because he threw the revolver too far to front.

Replying to the Attorney-General who asked if it was necessary to use a revolver for a gesture, McMahon said it was so easy in the light of after-events to imagine what one should have done. "My mind was so disturbed then". Now he thought his action was not justified.—Reuter.

## SOCIALISTS AND ELECTIONS

BOMBAY, July 31.

Great significance is attached to the forthcoming meeting of the Executive Committee of the All-India Congress Socialist Party in Bombay on August 21 and subsequent days, just on the eve of the A. I. C. C. meeting.

Among the subjects that are likely to come up before the meeting, the following are understood to be the most important:—

(1) To consider the attitude of the Socialists towards the electioneering campaign of the Congress, with particular reference to General and Special Labour Constituencies.

(2) To fix the date and venue of the next Socialists Conference.

(3) To consider the application for affiliation of the Punjab and Sind Socialist Parties.

(4) To devise ways and means to effect closer relation with the Peasants', Youths', and Students' Organisations:

(5) To consider the business before the A. I. C. C.—United Press.

## *CONGRESS PRESIDENT AT JULLUNDUR*

JULLUNDUR, July 31.

Unprecedented enthusiasm was evinced by the Doaba people to have 'darshan' of, hear the message of and welcome the Congress President who met the Punjab peasantry to-day in the course of a hurricane tour through the Jullundur district visiting several villages.

Panditji was accorded a rousing reception 'en route' to the Bundala Conference, attended by several thousand peasants.

In the course of his short speech at the Conference the Congress President said that he felt very happy being among the peasants. He congratulated the brave Doaba peasants and hoped they would stand the repression bravely.—United Press.

## "Swaraj Is My Birthright"

To-day is the anniversary of the death of Lokamanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak, the illustrious patriot who passed away on 1st. August, 1920.

## "EXCEEDED HIS AUTHORITY"

### High Court Remits Fine On Accused Imposed By High Commissioner

JERUSALEM, July 31.

The High Court has remitted the collective fine of £ 5,000 imposed on Gaza on the ground that the neighbouring railway and telephone communications were cut.

Chief Justice McDonnell emphasized that the High Commissioner exceeded his authority in enacting the Collective Fines Act.—Reuter.

### *Major Port From To-day*

SIMLA, July 31.

Cochin has been declared a major port from August 1, and from that date the Cochin Harbour Act comes into force.—United Press.

## STOP PRESS

**DANGER TO EMPIRE?**

LONDON, July 31.

Emphasising that the Empire telegraphic communications constituted the essential part of the Defence problem in the course of an address to the Bristol Summer School of Royal Empire Society Mr. Wilshaw, Chairman of the Cable and Wireless Limited, announced that Sir Campbell Stuart would preside over the committee which would consider the whole problem. He pointed out that hitherto the British Empire predominated in the matter of world communications but the position was being seriously challenged and there was grave danger of these communications becoming wholly uneconomic. Governments of the Empire however agreed that a committee consisting of representatives of Dominions and Colonies should examine the matter. He was confident that a satisfactory solution would be found.—Reuter.

## *LOK. TILAK'S ANNIVERSARY*

### *To-day's Procession And Public Meeting*

**Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee the 16th death anniversary of the late Lokamanya Tilak will be observed to-day (Saturday) at the Congress House.**

**PROGRAMME:**

**8 a.m. (S.T.) Procession to start from Congress House to make floral offerings to Lokamanya's Statue.**

**6 p.m. (S.T.) Public meeting at the Congress House. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside and prominent speakers will address.**

## *ATTACK ON ADDIS ABABA REPULSED*

### *Italian Claim*

ADDIS ABABA, July 31.

The attempted swoop on Addis Ababa by unsubdued Ethiopians has been repulsed. The attackers secretly concentrated in the surrounding woods at night time on 28th July and launched their attack at dawn under the leadership of the son of Ras Kassa, who is now in England with the Negus.

A communique says that contrary to expectation native townsmen did not revolt against Italian authority and the troops enlisted by Ras Hailu fought the marauders who were thrown back with heavy losses. Aeroplanes pursued and bombed them on the 28th and 29th July.

Among the prisoners are a leading priest from Gojjam and another prominent Coptic churchman.—Reuter.

### *Tokio's Luck*

BERLIN, July 31.

Tokio has been awarded the 1940 Olympic Games.—Reuter.

## *No Quarter For Reactionaries*

## GOLD EXPORT DOUBLED

### 888 Lakhs Go Out Of India During First Quarter

(From Our Correspondent)

SIMLA, July 31.

Alarming increase in gold exports during the first quarter of the financial year 1936-37 is revealed in the latest trade returns.

While export of yellow metal in the first quarter of 1935-36 amounted only 410 lakhs, it is 888 lakhs this year which is more than double of last years' figure.

Owing to heavy shipments of Indian Merchandise and fall in the imports during the months from April to June, the balance of trade in favour of India stood at 1,355 lakhs as compared with 594 lakhs during the corresponding period last year. This has been largely due to a larger offtake of our cotton by all countries of the world excluding Italy, Greece and Ceylon.

## RIVER GUMTI STILL RISING

### Thousands Of Houses Collapse And Several Villages Submerged

LUCKNOW, July 31.

Flood conditions in Lucknow are far from re-assuring. The river Gumti has maintained its rise and has gone up by another three inches during the last 24 hours.

Careful watch is being kept on villages all along the course of the Ramganga in Bareilly District. Arrangements have been made for removal of villagers to higher ground if the river again overflows its banks.

Reports of enormous damage have been received from Bahraich District. Thousands of houses have collapsed there. Several villages in the neighbourhood of Unao are completely submerged on account of floods in the Ganges.

All air craft has been warned not to land at the Allahabad aerodrome owing to its slushy condition. This has upset the programme of Lord Sempill who is trying to establish a new flight record between England and Australia.

Special relief facilities have been provided for Korakhpur District by the U. P. Government.—United Press.

## *Mr. M. C. CHAGLA*

### *Not Standing On Muslim League Ticket*

Mr. M. C. Chagla, told a "Chronicle" representative that he has neither official nor unofficial knowledge of the news published in certain newspapers in the city that he is to be made one of the judges of the Bombay High Court in the near future.

Asked about the news that he had been approached and he had accepted to stand as a candidate to the Bombay Legislative Assembly on behalf of the Muslim League Parliamentary Board, Mr. Chagla said that he had been approached but he was definitely not standing for election on behalf of the Muslim League Parliamentary Board.

Mr. Chagla, if selected as a candidate, may stand for election to the Bombay Assembly on behalf of the Congress.

## *Gaekwar For Olympic Games*

LONDON, July 31.

The Maharaja of Baroda left Croydon by air to attend the Olympic games.—Reuter.

## Congress To Fight All Seats In Presidency

*TALKS WITH HARIJANS* | *SUPPORT FROM NON-BRAHMINS*

### Leaders Optimistic About Sweeping Victory

*("CHRONICLE" SPECIAL)*

**"Congress will capture most of the general seats in the Presidency for the Bombay Legislative Assembly. There cannot be any doubt that The Congress Party in the Legislative Assembly will be having an overwhelming majority on its side."**

**This is the optimistic view held by prominent Congressmen in the City, who have been keeping in close touch with the Parliamentary activities of the Congress in the Presidency.**

***LABOUR AND HARIJAN SEATS***

**All the labour seats will be captured by the Congress candidates. It is expected that almost all the 15 seats reserved for the Harijans will be captured by the Harijan candidates who will be standing on behalf of the Congress.**

***NON-BRAHMIN SEATS***

**All those constituencies where the Non-Brahmins are supposed to be wielding great influence will also be contested by Non-Brahmins who will stand on Congress Ticket.**

***CONTEST FOR UPPER HOUSE.***

**Preparations are in progress to contest the seats in the Upper House also, though Congress Leaders do not seem to be optimistic about capturing a majority of seats in the Upper House of the Bombay Legislature.**

Inquiries made in Congress circles go to show that there has been correspondence going on between some of the Harijan leaders, who have not been with the Congress all these years and the Congress Parliamentary Board in regard to the 15 seats in the Bombay Legislative Assembly. It would appear that these Harijan leaders want an assurance from the Parliamentary Board that they would not set up any Harijan Candidate on behalf of the Congress. This undertaking Congress is not prepared to give, as it feels that if it did not contest these seats, it would be allowing anti-national elements to get into the Assembly. It would not be a small number. They would form a formidable minority, who would have to be reckoned with. It is further understood that Congress Parliamentary Board would very much welcome these Harijan leaders to sign the Congress Pledge and stand on behalf of the Congress. Obviously the fear seems to be that after the panel is set up the general electorate would naturally vote for the candidate who is supported by the Congress and not others. The ultimate electors are the general electorate.

CONGRESS TICKET FOR LABOUR

Since the last Session of the Trade Union Congress in Bombay, there has been closer contact between the Congress and Labour, not only in the City, but elsewhere also. While the Labour representatives on behalf of the Registered Unions in the Presidency would make a very small minority in the Legislative Assembly, they can achieve something very substantial if they throw in their lot with the Congress whose objective is practically the same as theirs. This seems to be the argument that has led to negotiations about Labour leaders standing as Congress candidates on behalf of the Trade Unions in the Presidency. It is reliably understood that all Labour leaders will sign the Congress Pledge and stand on Congress Ticket. It is further understood that Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, who will seek election to the Assembly from the B. B. and C. I. Union, will also stand on behalf of the Congress.

Officials of the Congress Parliamentary Committee, it is gathered have moved in the matter of getting the co-operation of the non-Brahmin leaders in the parliamentary activity of the Congress, especially in the Central and Southern divisions. There is a progressive group among the non-Brahmins, which has been striving to do away with the influence of the few reactionary conservatives who have been holding a sway in certain quarters. These people have expressed their willingness to co-operate with the Congress in its election work. It would appear that Mr. Jedhe, Congress M.L.A. and a non-Brahmin leader, has been approached to convene a conference of non-Brahmin workers and leaders. Leaders from some of the important towns in the Central and Southern Divisions will be meeting in Bombay in the middle of August to hold consultations with the Parliamentary Committee regarding the setting up of candidates on behalf of the Congress. Congress leaders in the City expect some very tangible results to come out of this conference.

BROAD-BASED MANIFESTO

The Congress Manifesto,—the main principles on which it should be based had been agreed upon earlier,—has already been drafted, according to information gathered. The Manifesto runs into several pages and is stated to be a broad-based one. Among many other things the manifesto deals with the questions of labour, peasantry, zamindars, Congress attitude towards Federation, education, excise, etc. It would appear that the Manifesto does not touch the question of 'Office Acceptance'.

Excepting a few Muslim seats, Congress may not set up candidates on its behalf to contest the Muslim seats. But Congress, it appears, will set up candidates in all other constituencies whether special or general. It will contest the seats reserved for women and hopes to get its candidates elected un-opposed.

# TABULATED ADLETS
# ONE Anna Per Word
# Minimum Re. 1.

**SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS** are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

**ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE** are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

**BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN** Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month

**REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS** should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

### 8. MATRIMONIAL.

**A Muslim widower** (44 years) wishes to marry a refined educated widow or young lady. Culture and character essential. No sectarian bar. Please apply Box 6667 "Bombay Chronicle."

**Guardians desirous of corresponding** with and meeting men of suitable position in life for the hand of a young lady good looking young Mussalman lady and well educated, of highly respected and known family, cultured, refined and of fair means. Requirements: intellectual good education, refined, liberal views, established in life, age about thirty-two, fair income, preferably of the Bombay Presidency. All strictly confidential. Apply with photograph which will be returned, and full particulars, to Box 6665 "Bombay Chronicle."

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted M.A. or B.A. with languages** as teachers for Bombay School. Immediate appointments. See "Goldwyn," 95, Mahendra Mansions, Esplanade Road. Bombay. (6669).

**Wanted Immediately — Manager** for our Bombay Office. Businessman preferred. Cash or Bank Security Rs. 2,000 essential. Apply: The National India Rubber Works, Ltd., Sialkot City. (6655).

**Wanted Inspector on Rs. 100-20-300** p.m. with pension for a Banking concern. Post Box No. 10403, Calcutta. (3488).

**Wanted travelling Canvassers,** either sex for Bombay, and upcountry Markets on Commission basis, for "Captain" fountainpens, etc. Appiy personally or in writing to S. Chandra & Co., 21, Bazar Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. (6672)

**Wanted a B.Sc. or Inter-Science** passed Mahomedan candidate to serve temporarily in the Anglo-Urdu School, Malegaon, on Rs. 45 p.m. Apply before 8th August, 1936. (Sd.) B. D. Shah, Chairman, School Committee, Malegaon Municipality, Dist. Nasik. (3659).

**Required for the Headquarters** Staff, St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas, a Training Officer for Brigade work who will also undertake the duties of Director, Junior Red Cross, and will tour throughout India. Applicants must have had previous experience of discipline, camping, etc., and must either possess medical, public health or high educational and teaching qualifications with administrative experience. Salary Rs. 500-25-700 inclusive of all allowances except T.A. which will be as for 2nd class officers in the Government of India. Applications should be addressed to the General Secretary, St. John Ambulance Association, Sherwood, Simla, before September 1st. The candidate selected will be required to join for duty about October 15, 1936, in New Delhi. (3663).

### 9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

**Wanted a Law experienced man** for oversea Port having excellent knowledge of Law and Gujarati education. Apply immediately with minimum salary to Box No. 6676, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Wanted—Door-keepers for a Cinema** near Dadar. Only residents of Dadar locality should apply. Write to Box No. 6671, "Bombay Chronicle."

### 10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

**Advertiser is willing to act as** Secretary or Manager in established Limited Company, and is prepared to invest thirty to forty thousand rupees in its shares. Please apply Box 6664, "Bombay Chronicle."

### 12. TO BE LET.

**To Let—Bungalows at Poona, near** Bund, best view complete with light, W. C. Garrage for vegetarian. Apply Proprietor, 17, Boat Club Road, Bund, Poona. (6648).

### 14. HOUSES & FLATS TO LET.

**To Be Let Churchgate Reclamation** 105, excellent modern flats facing Oval Maidan, Vegetarian Hindus. Rent moderate. Apply on premises. (6643).

### 56. EDUCATIONAL.

**Learn Book-keeping and Accountancy.** New term for London Chamber of Commerce just commenced at Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Princess Street corner, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. (6657).

**Princess Tuition Classes for F.Y.A.** Boys and Girls in Mathematics and Science meet daily from 5-15 to 6 in the evening in the premises of Princess High School for Girls. Sound coaching, sure success. For particulars, apply to K. S. Desai, B.A. (Hons.), S.T.C., C/o Princess High School for Girls, Lamington Road or Dr. Bhatavadekar's Building, near Portuguese Church, Girgaon. (6641)

**Princess Tuition Classes for Matric** Boys and Girls in Mathematics, English, French and Science meet every evening in the premises of Princess High School for Girls, Lamington Road. Subjects are taught by highly experienced teachers, specialists in their respective subjects. April 1936 Matric results—English 76 p.c., Mathematics 87 p.c., French 94 p.c., Science 100 p.c. Following students obtained distinctions. 1822 Rati Minwala (French 72); 1560 A. J. Saify (Science 57); 1605 Z. H. Syed (Science 62, Mathematics 117); 2704 H. K. Deshmukh (Mathematics 110); 4833 R. A. Siddiqui (Math. 113). (6678).

### 56. EDUCATIONAL.

**An Opportunity to Commerce** Students. Special Class for Diploma Course of Companies Secretaries (F.I.S.A.; F.C.C.S.) will be started from 7th August and conducted by a staff of expert teachers. Alexandra College of Commerce, York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. (6675).

### 69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

**To financial or some leading firm** advertiser will loan Rs. 50,000. Apply Box 6621, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Money advanced on mortgage** property, jewellery, Bombay City only. Also on personal security to Government servants anywhere. Write with stamp for reply, Box No. 6677, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Loans for Gazetted Officers** arranged on easy terms. Communicate with Messrs. J. F. Chawan and Co., 162, Bhawani Pet, Poona City. 6403

**To financial or some leading firm** advertiser will loan Rs. 50,000. Apply Box 6621, "Bombay Chronicle".

**Gentleman will Purchase** Debentures of known Company up to Rs. 55,000. Apply Box 6647, "Bombay Chronicle."

**For mortgage of house-property** in Bombay City and loan on personal security to Gazetted Officers. Apply to Anand and Co., Tamarind House, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, Terms moderate.

**Our client has a large amount** available for loans on the security of immovab. properties in Bombay at reasonable rate of interest. Apply to: Messrs. Pathare & Liladhar, Tamarind Lane, Bombay. (3655).

### 73. AGENTS WANTED.

**Wanted influential and experienced** Agents to handle full circle remoulded tyres. Apply Supreme Tyre Remoulding Co., 166, Sassoon Dock, Colaba, Bombay. (6646).

**Wanted Agents to sell our well** reputed Silk Sarhis, Shirtings, Suitings, Coatings and Chadars. Pay Rs. 100. Allowance Rs. 50. Cash Prize Rs. 500 extra. Cash security Rs. 20 only. Nationals Ltd., Ludhiana. (6656).

### 154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

**For Sale:—Three Roving Frames,** T and S. 1915, in excellent order. Can be seen working in Toyo Podar Mills, Bombay. Apply to Manager. (3643).

**Poona Civil Lines centrally situated** Bungalow for sale, accommodation for 3 separate families, guest room, garage, garden, for particulars, please apply Box No. 6663, "Bombay Chronicle."

### 156. MISCELLANEOUS.

**Wanted the address of a masseuse** staying in outfort. Please write to Box No. 6673, "Bombay Chronicle."

**Tea with excellent flavour and of** best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

**Advertiser will purchase for cash** up to Rs. 50,000 whole stock of mill's, manufacturer's, or publisher's standard goods, provided the latter undertake to re-purchase bit by bit entire stock from advertiser within one year's period. Apply Box 6670, "Bombay Chronicle."

## Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

## Public Notices.

**IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA.**

**NEW HOWRAH BRIDGE LOAN**

In order to receive applications for the above Loan only, the Bank will be open from 10 a.m. on MONDAY, 3rd August, until the closure of the Loan.

A. McCULLOCH,
Secretary & Treasurer.
Bombay, 31st July, 1936.
3658

**NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.**

SEPARATE SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for Building and Plumbing work for the proposed Building at the Junction of Tardeo Road and Falkland Road for Messrs. Sonavala, Ltd.

Plans and particulars can be had from the Office of the undersigned during Office-hours. The owners do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender. Closing date: 11th August, 1936.

MASTER SATHE & BHUTA,
41, Hamam St., Fort, BOMBAY.
3656.

**THE KARACHI ELECTRIC SUPPLY CORPORATION, LTD.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Corporation will be CLOSED from the 1st August to 14th August, 1936, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Warrants for payment of an Interim Dividend to the Shareholders whose names are registered in the Company's Books on the 31st July, 1936.

Karachi, 31st July, 1936.
By Order of the Board,
THE KARACHI ELECTRIC SUPPLY CORPORATION, LD.
3664

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

BARODA STATE.

WANTED.—One SUGAR-CANE CHEMIST, preference being given to a man with agricultural qualifications and training at the H. B. Institute, Cawnpore or analytical experience in a Sugar Factory Laboratory. Rs. 100—5—120 (five years).

(2) 5 Junior Agricultural assistants Rs. 60-5/2-90. Of these one will be reserved for a man with Special Horticultural experience. Applicants must be graduates of a recognised Agricultural College and preference will be given to those speaking Gujerati and Marathi and whose parents are directly associated with farming and whose associations are rural rather than urban. The posts will be for the time being on a temporary basis. Those who have already applied in a general way on the prescribed form supported by certificates need not repeat their applications, which will be taken into consideration. Those intending to do so should secure from the Office of the undersigned the necessary application form and directions. Completed applications received after the 20th August will not be considered.

R. G. ALLAN,
Commissioner of Agriculture,
Baroda State.
(3634)

**VETERINARY INSPECTOR**

A post of Veterinary Inspector Rs. 150-10-250 is to be created in Baroda State. References should be made to office of the Commissioner of Agriculture, Baroda, for the necessary application forms. The selected applicant will be on probation for 2 years. Future prospects for a highly qualified man who satisfies requirements while in service. Preference given to M.R.V.C.S. and one possessed of both Veterinary and Animal Husbandry qualifications. Applicants must be able to show practical experience since leaving College. No one over 32 years of age need apply. Last date for sending applications August 20th, 1936.

R. G. ALLAN,
Commissioner of Agriculture,
Baroda State.
3618

GENUINE ENGLISH
CROOKES GLARE GLASSES
in TROPIC-PROOF frames
Rs. 7-8 Per Pair
Lawrence & Mayo Ltd.
274, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

## Public Notices.

**NOTIFICATION.**

No. 5950|M.V. of 1936.

Read order dated the 25th May, 1936, issued by the Commissioner of Police, Bombay and published at page No. 884 of Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette, dated the 28th May, 1936, prohibiting the use of horns, gongs and other warning devices on motor vehicles between 11 p.m. and 6 a.m. in the area South of a line drawn from Queen's Road to Ballard Pier via and including Marine Lines 1st Street, Dhobi Talao, Cruickshank Road, Bhatia Baug, Fort Street, and Wittet Road.

It is hereby notified under the provisions of rule 22 of the Bombay Motor Vehicles Rules 1915 that the prohibition promulgated in the above order is extended for an indefinite period.

(Sd.) J. W. ROWLAND,
Offg. Commissioner of Police.
Head Police Office,
Bombay 30th July, 1936.
3661

**BOMBAY PORT TRUST.**

BUILDING SITE AT THE JUNCTION OF COLABA CAUSEWAY, HENRY ROAD AND BARROW ROAD, APOLLO RECLAMATION ESTATE.

The Trustees of the Port of Bombay invite sealed Tenders which together with sketch plans are to be in the hands of the Manager, Land and Bunders, by 12 noon (S.T.) on MONDAY, 31st August, 1936, for taking up a lease of the above Plot, admeasuring about 2,465 square yards.

2. A Lease will be granted to the approved applicant for 99 years from 1st October, 1936, or at such other date when the land is available which includes 2 years' free Building Time, subject to the conditions in the agreement for Lease, within which period a building costing a minimum of Rs. 2-1/2 lakhs must be completed in carcase to the satisfaction of the Trustees.

3. A single building of an approved design and construction to be erected, such building to be used for the purposes only of a high class hotel or alternatively for first class residences with option in either case to have good class shops as may be approved by the Trustees on the ground floor facing Colaba Causeway only.

4. Particulars and conditions of Tender and plan of site together with forms of Tender may be obtained at the Office of the undersigned during Office hours on payment of Re 1 per Tender Form.

F. H. TAYLOR, F.S.I., M.R.S.I.,
Manager,
Land and Bunders,
Bombay Port Trust.
Office,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.
3660.

THE MYSORE SPINNING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE FORTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Mysore Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Temple Bar Building, 70, Forbes Street, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 31st August, 1936, at 3-15 p.m. (Standard Time), for the purpose of transacting the following business: —

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 29th February 1936.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To appoint two Directors in place of Sir Lalubhai Samaldas, Kt., C.I.E. and Mr. A. M. Kajiji, who retire by rotation, and who, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.
4. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
5. To transact any other business the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 24th August, 1936 to the 31st August, 1936, both days inclusive.

By order of the Directors,
N. SIRUR & CO.,
Agents.

Bombay, 24th July, 1936.

N.B.—The Dividend, when declared, will be made payable at the Registered Office of the Company on and after Wednesday, the 9th September 1936, between 12 noon and 3 p.m., on week days, other than Saturdays, and between 12 noon and 1-30 p.m. on Saturdays, on application or on production of the Share Certificates, to Shareholders whose names stand on the Register of Members on the 22nd, August, 1936.
3650.

## Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1091 of 1930.

BREUL AND CO., a firm ..... Plaintiffs.
versus.
LACHMINARAYAN RAMGOPAL and others .....Defendants.

PURSUANT TO DECREE ABSOLUTE FOR SALE, dated 12th January, 1932 and Judge's Order, dated 21st June, 1935, the Commissioner for Taking Accounts, High Court, Bombay, will put up for sale by Public Auction in 10 Lots on the premises of the Victoria Ginning Factory at Khamgaon, District Buldana on Saturday 22nd August, 1936, at 2 P.M. (S.T.) the properties hereunder mentioned.

PARTICULARS.

LOT NO. 1.

All that piece or parcel of land, situate lying and being at Khamgaon Pargana Balapur Taluka Khamgaon District Buldana, admeasuring about 45610 square feet together with the Ginning Factory thereon known as the Victoria Ginning Factory with the Engines, Boiler, 36 Gins and all Machinery and articles therein and all buildings and structures standing thereon.

LOT NO. 2.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land, situate and being at Jalalpura in Khamgaon Pargana Balapur, Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana, admeasuring about 3148 square feet together with the two Flour Mills thereon with 3 Ruston Proctor Oil Engines, 9 Grinding Stones and all machinery stock-in-trade and movables therein and all structures thereon.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land, situate and being at Jalalpura in Khamgaon Pargana Balapur Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana, admeasuring about 1174 square feet together with the Flour Mill thereon with 1 Ruston Proctor Oil Engine, 4 Grinding Stones and all machinery stock-in-trade movable therein and all structures thereon.

LOT NO 3.

All that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being at Khamgaon Pargana Balapur, Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana, admeasuring about 5539 square feet together with the building thereon.

LOT NO. 4.

All that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being at Jalalpura in Khamgaon Pargana Balapur, Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana, admeasuring about 4237 square feet together with the buildings thereon.

LOT NO. 5.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being at Jalalpura in Khamgaon Pargana Balapur, Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana, admeasuring about 9461 square feet together with the buildings and structures standing thereon.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being at Jalalpura in Khamgaon, Pargana Balapur, Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana, admeasuring about 2834 square feet together with the buildings and structures standing thereon.

LOT NO. 6.

All that piece or parcel of land, situate at Jalalpura in Khamgaon Pargana Balapur, Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana, admeasuring about 12567½ Square feet together with the buildings and structures thereon known as the "Baradari Godowns."

LOT NO. 7.

All those several fields or pieces or parcels of land, situate at the villages of Zodga and Vazar Pargana Geru Matargaon, Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana, admeasuring about 164 acres 29 gunthas.

LOT NO. 8.

All those several fields or pieces or parcels of land, situate at the villages of Geru and Matargaon Pargana Geru Matargaon, Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana, admeasuring about 213 acres 20 Gunthas.

LOT NO. 9.

All those several fields or pieces or parcels of land, situate at the villages of Khamgaon, Januna, Dhotra, Jalka (Teli), Ghatpuri, Shelodi and Varkheda, Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana admeasuring about 266 Acres 9 Gunthas.

LOT NO. 10.

All those several fields or pieces or parcels of land, situate at the villages of Irkheda, Lasura Budruk, Lasura Khurda and Shirasgaon (Mutha) Taluka Khamgaon, District Buldana admeasuring about 204 Acres 31 Gunthas.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. CAPTAIN & VAIDYA, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 22nd day of June, 1936.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg. Commissioner.

## Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that SHRIRAM JOHARMAL JHUNJHUNWALLA and GOVINDRAM SHRIRAM JHUNJHUNWALLA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants have contracted to sell the [illegible] client.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 80, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece of land, containing an area of eight hundred and fifty-three square yards or thereabouts with the building standing thereon situate on and being Plot No. 5 of the Sandhurst Road (West) Estate of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay in the City and Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay bounded on the East by Plot No. 6 of the said Estate leased to Mathuradas Maganlal on the South by Sandhurst Road, on the West by Plot No. 4 of the said Estate leased to Bai Dosibai wife of Ardeshir Daroowalla and on the North by the land of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay laid out as a service Passage and forming portion of land bearing New Survey Nos. 7934 and 7936 and which said premises are assessed by the Municipality under "D" Ward Nos. 445 (2) (4) Cld Street Nos. 809 A and 809 C and New Street Nos. 514 and 522 and 809 C and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1600 of Girgaum Division.

Dated this 30th day of July 1936.

DABHOLKER & JESHTARAM,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
3651

**HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY**

INSOLVENCY No. 496 of 1936.

Re: VALLABHDAS JIVRAJ, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, residing at Picket Road, Kalbadevi, outside the Fort of Bombay, trading in the name of Vallabhdas Jivraj & Co., at Mangaldas Market, 5th Lane: ..... A Debtor.

Ex parte: MANUBHAI CHIMONLAL JAVERI: ..... Petitioning Creditor.

On the 27th day of July, 1936, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtor an Insolvent.

Dated this 27th day of July, 1936.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Offg. Insolvency Registrar.
3673

**IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.**

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

EDWARD VIII, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of Bai KHANUBAI, widow of Khanmahomed Peerbhoy, late of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitants, residing at Khoja Mohalla, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

GULAMHUSSEIN ESMAIL PEERMAHOMED, of Bombay Khoja Mahomedan Inhabitant, Merchant and Commission Agent, Nagdevi Street, Bombay, residing at Bhimpura, outside the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 27th day of July in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-six and in the first year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

TAHIR ALI.

The 27th day of July, 1936.
Mr. G. B. PANDYA,
Petitioner's Attorney.
6667.

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## Legal Notices.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT NO. 817 OF 1933.

MEGHJI TRICUMJI ... Plaintiff.
vs.
SHAMJI HEMRAJ and Others ... Defendants.

WHEREAS in pursuance of a Warrant of Sale of immovable property, dated 7th July, 1936, the Sheriff has been directed to sell by Public Auction at the instance of the Plaintiff the property, lying at Mandvi, Bombay, and known as "Cutchi Dassa Oswal Mahajan Wadi," admeasuring 1800 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1650 of Mandvi, New Survey Nos. 2966 and 2967 and Collector's New Nos. 7015, 7017, 7019, 7020, 7021, 7022, 7049, 7050, and 1958 and Municipal B Ward Nos. 202-204, 2044, 24-103, and 119 and Street No. 26-32 Pydhowni Road, 50 Tantanpura Street and 75 and 85 New Chinch Bunder First Road.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons having rights in or charges or claims on the above-named property (other than claims involving an objection to the attachment or seeking the removal of the same) that they should, on or before the 20th day of August, 1936, lodge in my Office an affidavit verified by oath or solemn affirmation of such rights, claims or charges.

Dated this 20th day of July, 1936.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Offg. Commissioner.
6666

## Auction Sales

### BENNETT & CO.

SALE WILL TAKE PLACE AT OUR ROOMS.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT GHATKOPER.

Under instructions of the Court Receiver Bombay as the Receiver appointed in suit No. 761 of 1923 (Vejbai widow of Khetsey Khaisey vs. Keshavji Mulji and others) and pursuant to the directions contained in the Consent Decree dated 1st September 1924. Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. will on WEDNESDAY, the 12th August, 1936 at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—

All those pieces of land with Kharaba situate at Ghatkopar, and in the name of Matubhai Maneklal Shah and Keshavji Muljee and admeasuring about 11 lacs and 2 thousands square yards.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Captain and Vaidya, Attorneys for the Court Receiver, at 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.,

### GANDHI & CO.

Telephone No. 24927.

SALE THIS DAY.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT SYDENHAM ROAD, NEAR BHINDY BAZAR, MANDVI POST OFFICE.

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will under instructions from Messrs. Madhavprasad & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Brijlal Ramjidas and Bilasrai Joharmal, the Mortgagees under the Indenture of Mortgage dated 4th December 1934 and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Nowroji Rustomji Wadia, Kaikhushru Jamsedji Bharucha and Sorabjee M. R. Curson, by virtue of the Power of Sale reserved to the said Mortgagees, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned immovable property THIS DAY (SATURDAY), the 1st August, 1936, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of land area of 365 square yards or thereabouts situate on Plot No. 2 of the Sydenham Road Estate of the Board bounded on the East by the land of the Board laid out as a service passage, on the South by Plot No. 3 of the said estate leased to Ahmed Bajid Gulab and others, on the West by Parel Road and on the North by Plot No. 1 of the said estate which piece of land bears New Survey No. 3035 and 3047 and Cadastral Survey No. 2|1288 Mandvi Division and assessed by the Municipality under B Ward No. 2225 and Street Nos. 171-179.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Madhavprasad & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, at their Office at Top floor, Usuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

## Auction Sales

### VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY), at 10-30 A. M. (S. T.) at Hughes Road, Opp: Hyland Co., of complete Flat furniture, English Cottage Piano (Arthur Allison), Singer Foot Machine, Musical Box, Zunda Cabinet, Godrej & Milner safes, Steel Cabinet, Remington and Corona portable typewriters, Bronze figure lamps, Roll top table, Chesterfield sets, H.M.V. Gramophone, Sofa Cabinet, Hall carpets, etc.


*By Insistent*
PUBLIC DEMAND!

Running this week NEW Theatres Ltd. (Calcutta)'s EPIC of the Screen

**Devdas**

Starring
one & only
**SAIGAL**

with
JAMUNA,
RAJKUMARI,
P. SANYAL, K. C. DEY,
KIDAR, NEMO,
BARUA.

Directed by
Sjt. P. C. BARUA.

Now Running at
**MINERVA**
TALKIES, Lamington Road.
Time:
5-15, 8 & 10-45
Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2-45.

Owing to the Public DEMAND
SAGAR *Continues*
THE SATIRICAL COMEDY FOR THE
4th VICTORIOUS WEEK

**Gay-Birds**
OR
**BE KHARAB JAY**

From the Play of the Well-Known writer:
Sjt. K. M. MUNSHI

Featuring:—
Shrimati SHOBHANA SAMARTH, MOTILAL, YAKUB & others.

Daily 3 Shows:—
5-15, 8 & 10-45 P.M.
Sat., Sun., Holidays: Matinee at 2-30 p.m.

*Don't Miss the Golden Opportunity*
AT
**IMPERIAL** Cinema

AROUND-THE-WORLD
BOMBAY TO BOMBAY
by
**N. Y. K. LINE**

Europe via China, Japan U. S. A or Canada returning via Suez and Colombo (or vice versa). Many facilities offered.

FARES
1st Class £162-11-0.
2nd £103-18
1st Cabin £142-10.
Tourist £93-12

Rates vary according to the class and accommodation of Atlantic Line steamers

For Motor Ships of the Japan-Europe Service 1st £12-16 and 2nd £13-12 additional.

Rates provide free transportation between Bombay and Colombo by N. Y. K. Bombay Line, otherwise by Rail or Outside line steamer at an extra of £7-0 1st class and £4-0 2nd class each way.

For further particulars apply to:—
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Lloyds Bank Bldgs., Hornby Road., BOMBAY.
'Phone No. 23041, Telegrams "YUSEN".


## *GRIEVANCES OF CINEMA INDUSTRY*

### *Deputation To Wait On Sir Frank Noyce*

BOMBAY, Friday.

It is understood that the Hon'ble Sir Frank Noyce, Member of Industries and Labour, Government of India, during his visit to Bombay, will grant an interview to a Deputation of the Motion Picture Society of India at the office of Sir Phiroze Sethna, President of the Society, at 3 p.m. on Tuesday, August 4.

The Deputation will, it is understood, represent their grievances against the proposed construction of cinema houses in this country by foreign interests. Among other things, the Deputation will make out a case for exemption of duty on 16mm. cameras and projectors for popularising Educational and Cultural films in the Rural Reconstruction Programme.

They will also press for concession on railways, Government aid in the collection of statistics regarding Film Industry and reduction of import duty on Raw Films.

## *RENEW 17-YEAR OLD PLEDGE*

(Continued from page 20)

element who have, in combination with a coterie of self-seeking individuals (in the words of the Muslim League manifesto) established a double domination of reactionary and imperialistic power. I have no doubt as to the voters natural and free preference. The triumph of the Congress is certain. Let us then march forward in a spirit of hope and faith and carry on the work that lies before us with energy and vigour."

Dr. Satyapal writes to the President of the U.P., P.C.C.:—

CAN'T BE TWO OPINIONS

"You and your province have always kept the standard of nationalism aloft, and hence there cannot be two opinions that you will succeed in a manner worthy of your proud traditions. You have given the Congress the best products of your soil. You can take legitimate pride in having Pandit Jawaharlal as President of the Indian National Congress. I wish you all success. The struggle ahead is grim and gigantic. We will have to put forth every ounce of energy to successfully combat the reactionary and hostile forces which are organising themselves to defeat the Congress. I hope and believe that you and other eminent leaders and workers of your province will rise equal to the—occasion and give such a good account of themselves as will elicit admiration from all the well-wishers of the country."

MEMORABLE DAY IN ANNALS OF FREEDOM.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, writes:—"1st of August is a memorable day in the annals of freedom movement in India. Sixteen years ago, on August 1, 1919, Lokmanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak, the standard-bearer of the Swaraj movement in India, passed away; and ever since then India has consecrated this day to the memory of that great patriot. And on this very day, in response to the call of Mahatma Gandhi, thousands of our countrymen and countrywomen pledged themselves to withhold their co-operation from the Government. It has been the privilege of thousands and thousands of Indians to participate in the struggle that the pledge of non-co-operation did imply. During these seventeen years, thousands of Indians, old and young, men and women, have undergone imprisonment, hundreds lost their lives, thousands their property.

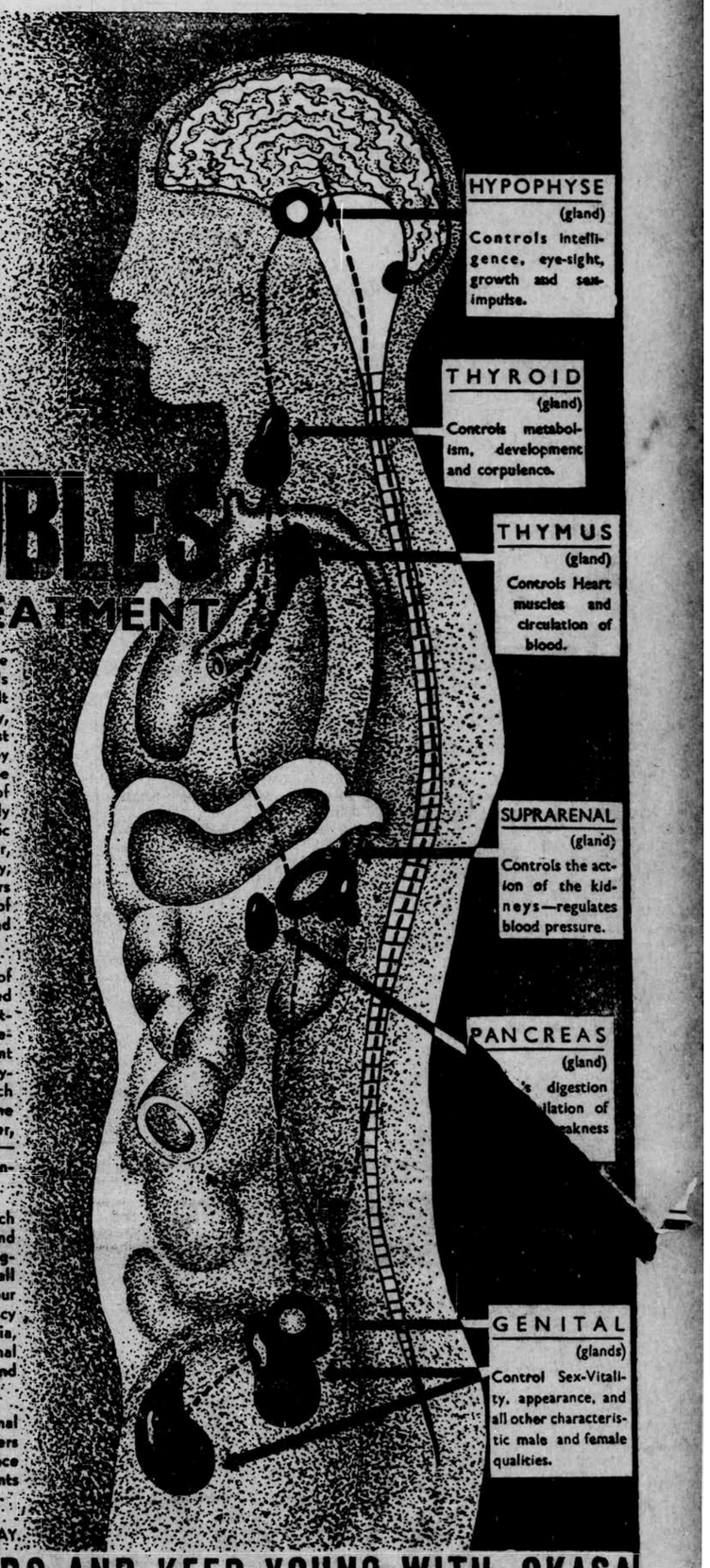
FOISTING UNWANTED REFORMS.

"The British Government is going to foist on us a new constitution. The Congress has, as it should have, rejected it and has therefore decided to enter the new legislatures, not to allow the new constitution to function but to wreck it. Reactionaries are mustering strong under the banner of the alien bureaucracy to oppose the Congress. It is not difficult to appreciate why these countrymen of ours are going to the enemy with the avowed object of perpetuating our bondage.

RENEW PLEDGE TAKEN 17 YEARS AGO.

"I would appeal to my countrymen in these provinces to renew the pledge they had taken seventeen years ago and continue the struggle for independence with firm determination to crush down all opposition from whatsoever quarter it may come. I trust that my appeal will meet with a hearty response from all over the Province and that men and women alike will put aside all petty considerations and work with wholehearted edvotion to ensure the success of the Congress candidates at the coming elections.—U.P.


GLANDS MAKE YOU
WHAT YOU ARE
OLD OR YOUNG!




**SEX-TROUBLES**
**AND THEIR TREATMENT**

The most important advance in Medical Science made during recent years is the discovery of the inner glands (see figure) of the body and their importance to life. It has been proved that the glands control our entire life, energy, mental and physical activity. The Sex-Glands are the most important because they have a two-fold action—firstly they control Sex-Vitality and Procreation on which depends the continuity of the human race. Secondly the Hormones of the Sex-Glands control our appearance, intelligence, bodily development and are responsible for all the characteristic differences between men and women, such as the temper, the voice, growth of hair, mental and physical capacity, formation of body, etc. The treatment of sex disorders is, therefore, of utmost importance for the enjoyment of life's pleasures and for the preservation of health and vitality.

This important discovery and the far-reaching influence of glands on our whole life, specially on Sex-Vitality, has led to the discovery of the marvellous and only correct treatment of all forms of sex troubles, nerve weakness, premature old age and constant ill-health. The treatment consists of regenerating the activity of the glands by supplying them proper nourishment by means of Hormones which are active fluids produced by the glands themselves. The treatment by means of the Gland-Hormones is, however, not so simple because the majority of preparations—specially the cheap ones—sold on the market, are unreliable and often do not contain any Hormones at all.

Professor Dr. Lahusen after years of scientific research has discovered the remarkable Gland-Hormon Compound OKASA which on account of its unfailing efficacy is recognized at present as the best known Gland treatment for all forms of sex troubles and preservation of health, vigour and activity. By the use of Okasa every form of deficiency in men such as Sex-Debility, bad memory, neurasthenia, nerve weakness, early old age and all the functional troubles of women, such as sterility, monthly disorders and old appearance, are treated with absolute certainty.

Send for complete literature, copies of International Diplomas, legally certified Medical Testimonials and letters of appreciation. Study these thoroughly and convince yourself of the highly scientific nature of the ingredients and the supreme efficacy of OKASA.

OKASA CO. BERLIN (INDIA), LTD. P. O. BOX 396, BOMBAY.

**REJUVENATE THE GLANDS AND KEEP YOUNG WITH OKASA**


## Women Want Only Progressive Legislators

### *A. I. CONFERENCE'S POSERS FOR PROSPECTIVE CANDIDATES*

VIZAGAPATAM, (By Mail.)

A manifesto containing eight questions, has been issued on behalf of the All-India Women's Conference to candidates for the coming election to the Legislatures. The Manifesto is as follows:—

We hereby desire to make an appeal to all candidates for election to the various legislatures to keep in mind question concerning the general welfare and the social, economic and political progress of the country for which we stand.

It is now a recognised fact women have their own special contribution to make in the public life of every country and educated women of India are fully alive to their duties and responsibilities. For the attainment of full and free opportunities of service we fell that all sex disqualifications should be removed and that wide measures of social and educational reform should be sponsored by our legislators. To this end we draw your special attention to the following questions which we consider to be of urgent importance.

EIGHT QUESTIONS

Are you in favour of, and will you give your active support to the following:—

Equal opportunities for all: (a) the removal of untouchability and (b) the removal of sex disabilities whether legal or social or in any sphere of public activity.

Education Reform: (a) free compulsory and universal primary education, (b) the removal of mass illiteracy; (c) the re-modelling of the entire system of Secondary Education with a view to turning out useful citizens; and (d) vocational training.

Rural Reconstruction: (a) patronage and development of indigenous and cottage industries; and (b) improved sanitation and medical facilities.

Social Reforms: (a) the removal of purdah and polygamy; (b) abolition of early marriage; (c) suppression of immoral traffic in women and children and (d) the protection of children and young people from the evils of drugs, drink, tobacco, exploitation and cruelty.

Public Health: (a) infant and maternity welfare centres and creches; (b) the early formation of a National Tuberculosis Association; (c) adequate measures to cope with social diseases, leprosy and cancer.

Social Insurance: (a) for the sick, aged, unemployed and injured by accidents; and (b) maternity benefits.

Unemployment: the solution of the unemployment problem both among the labouring and educated classes.

The protection of civil liberties.—United Press.


**GLORIOUS 3RD WEEK**

A Grand Entertainment that has taken Bombay by storm!

It has been seen and appreciated by "Sanatanists" and Reformists alike—by all classes and communities. You cannot afford to miss it.

BOMBAY TALKIES' SMASHING HIT

**Achhut Kanya**

*Starring:*
**DEVIKA RANI,** ASHOK KUMAR
with
Pramila, Manorama, Anver, Kamta Prasad and other artists

*Produced by:* HIMANSU RAI
*Directed by:* FRANZ OSTEN
*Story by:* NIRANJAN PAL

*Tuneful Music,*
*Bewitching Dances,*
*Thrilling Romance,*
*Comic Punches.*

DAILY AT 5-15, 8 and 10-45 P. M.
Sat., Sun. and Monday 2-45 p. m.

**Roxy Cinema** NEW QUEEN'S ROAD.

# TO-DAY ON RADIO

## Empire Broadcasting

SATURDAY, 1ST AUGUST

The following frequencies will be used:—

GSH 21.47 Mc|s (13.97m.)
GSG 17.79 Mc|s. (16.86 m.)
GSF 15.14 Mc|s (19.82 m.)

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Harry Farmer, at the Organ of the Granada, Tooting, London.
8 p.m. The Band of His Majesty's Grenadier Guards.
8-45 p.m. Tod Slaughter and Jenny Lynn, supported by C. Douglas Carlile, Nesta Lloyd, and Barbara Wynton, in 'A Little More Drama'.
9-15 p.m. The Olympic Games: A description of the opening ceremony, from the Olympic Stadium, Berlin.
9-45 p.m. The News and Announcements.
10-5 p.m. Dance Music. Ambrose and his Orchestra.
10-15 p.m. Cricket-Surrey v. Notts at the Oval.

## Bombay Programmes

SATURDAY, 1ST AUGUST

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc|s.

1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates. Lunch Hour Selections. Relayed from Taj Mahal Hotel.
2-0 p.m. Violin Solos. By S. Palsekar.
2-30 p.m. Light Music. By Balabai Kale.
3-30 p.m. Bul-Bul-Tarang Solos. By Jayant Shah.
5-30 p.m. Relay from Regal Cinema.
6-30 Light Music. By Sadashiv B. Nevrekar.
7-15 p.m. Talk (Hindi): "Samatool Bhojan." By Dr. D. R. Prem.
7-30 p.m. Dilruba Solo. By Dattaram Parwatkar.
8-0 p.m. Commercial News and News in Hindi.
8-25 p.m. A Film Concern. A Musical parody in Hindi. Specially written for Broadcasting and directed by Raffique Gaznavi.
9-0 p.m. News in E[illegible]sh.
9-15 p.m. A B.B.C. [illegible] of Olympic Games.
9-45 p.m. Tal[illegible]): The Week's Sport. By A. G. A. Norman.
10-0 p.m. "Canaries Sometimes Sing" (Final Act) Presented by the Bombay Amateur Dramatic Club.

## Delhi Programmes

SATURDAY, 1ST AUGUST

VUD 340.19 metres, 882 kc|s.

8-0 a.m. Bhajan. By Brinder Singh Rawat. Refrain by A.I.R. Orchetra—(Chorus).
8-10 a.m. Asad Ali Khan. Allayya Bilawal—(Sampuran Ragni). Lakshan Geet accompanied by A.I.R. Orchestra.
8-20 a.m. Muhammad Shafi. "Parishan ho ke soz-i-husn khud diwana ho jae, Tamasha ho jo sari anjuman parwana ho jae."—(Saghar).
8-30 a.m. Haidar Husain Chughtai of Jaipur.—Sitar—Shiv Mat Bhairon.
8-35 a.m. Nawab Bai of Bombay. "Azizon ko na ashna dekhte hain, Zamane ki bewfab hawa dekhte hai."—(Majruh).
8-45 a.m. Talk. (Hindustani): "Suraj Mal." By Hem Chandera Rai.
9-0 a.m. Ghulam Sahib. Sarangi—Sohni. (Table Accompaniment by Tufail).
9-10 a.m. Ghulam Muhammad of Jullundhur. Khayal Bhairvin. Thumri Bhairvin.
9-25 a.m. Mukerji and Sardar. Violins—Gurji.
9-30 a.m. Muhammad Shafi—Thumri.
9-35 a.m. Nawab Bai of Bombay. Naat. "Khayal-i-ghair ko dil se mita do ya Rasulallah, Khirad ko apna diwana bana do ya Rasulallah."—(Hasrat Mohani).
9-45 a.m. P. S. Mukerjee. Sarod—Bhibas.
9-50 a.m. Ghulam Muhammad. "Us se kia khak hamnashin banti, Bat bigri hui nahin banti."—(Dagh).
9-58 a.m. Jiwan. Clarionet—Kalangra.
1 p.m. 'Kentuvky Minstrels'. (A B. B. C. Recorded Programme). Devised and Produced by Harry S. Pepper. Orchestral arrangements by Wally Wallond. Music arranged by Doris Arnold. Book written by C. Denier Warren.
6-0 p.m. A.I.R. Orchestra—Rewa.
6-10 p.m. Ghulam Muhammad—Thumri Pilu.
6-20 p.m. 1st News Bulletin and Weather Report (Hindustani).
6-30 p.m. 1st News Bulletin and Weather Report (English).
6-40 p.m. Muhammad Shafi. 'Alam-i-yas men ghabrae na insan bahut, Dil salamat hai to hasrat bahut arman bahut."—(Dagh).
6-50 p.m. Nawab Bai of Bombay—Thumri Kafi.
7-0 p.m. Malang Khan. Vichtra Veena—Purba.
7-10 p.m. Muhammad Shafi. "Jab nam tira lijiye tab chashm bhar awe, Is zindagi karne ko kahan se jigar awe."—(Mir Taqi).
7-20 p.m. Ghulam Muhammad—Thumri Puria.
7-30 p.m. "For Villagers Only."
8-30 p.m. Talk (Hindustani): "A 19th Century Salon." By Pandit Tri Bhawan Nath Zar.
8-45 p.m. Karwan. (Departure of a Caravan). By A.I.R. Orchestra.
8-55 p.m. Muhammad Shafi. "Joar ke bad hai klun lutf yeh adat kia hai. Tum talafi jo karo iski zarurat kia hai."—(Dagh).
9-5 p.m. Nawab Bai of Bombay—Thumri Desh.
9-15 p.m. Running Commentary on the Olympic games (A B.B. C. Relay).
9-45 p.m. 2nd News Bulletin and Weather Report (Hindustani).
10-0 p.m. 2nd News Bulletin and Weather Report (English).
10-15 p.m. Talk (English): "Benares—A Wonderland". By Col. Gerald T. Tait.
10-30 p.m. Play (Hindustani): "Taleem Zada Biwi." By Fzale-Haq Qureshi. Performed by A. I. R. Artists.

Olympic Games: All three stations of A. I. R. are relaying the opening ceremony from Berlin to-day.

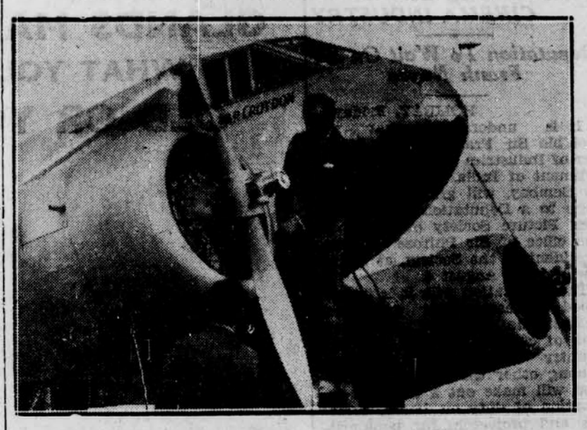
## Calcutta Programmes

SATURDAY, 1ST AUGUST

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc|s.
49.10 metres, 6.109 kc|s.

12-36 p.m. SB A Studio Programme By Messrs T. E. Bevan and Co., Ltd. (Columbia Recording.)
1-36 Talks (Bengali): In Memory of Sasanka Mohan Sen. (a) 'An Appreciation'. By N. K. Chatterjee. (b) 'Readings from his Poetry'. By B. K. Buandra.
2-6 p.m. Musical Selections.
2-36 p.m. Talks on 'Interesting News'. 'Women Labourers in Mine'. By Bella Halder.
5-36 p.m. Musical Selections.
6-6 p.m. Talk (Bengali): 'Possibilities of Coir Industry in Bengal'. By Mukti Gupta. Industrial Surveyor.
6-26 p.m. The Calcutta Orchestra.
6-36 p.m. Satish Datta (Dani Babu)—Dhrupad.
6-51 p.m. Ram Kissen—Kheyal.
7-11 p.m. Bishma Dev Chatterjee—Keyal and Thungri.
7-31 p.m. Mushtaq Hussain—Kheyal.
7-51 p.m. SB News in English.
8-6 p.m. SB Instrumental Music. Rajen Sircar—Clarionet Solo.
8-21 p.m. SB Vocal Music (Bengali). Dwijen Banerjee.
8-36 p.m. SB General News Bulletin. Weather Forecast, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In Bengali).
8-41 p.m. SB Instrumental Music. N. N. Mazumdar—Clarionet Solos.
9 p.m. SB Weather Forecast, General News Bulletin, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In Bengali).
9-15 p.m. SB Relay of the Opening Ceremony of the Olympic Games at Berlin via Daventry.
9-21 p.m. Musical Interlude.
9-45 p.m. SB Dance Music. By the Grand Hotel Dance Orchestra. Relayed from 'Prince's' Restaurant.
10-6 p.m. SB 2nd News Bulletin, Weather Forecast, Market Prices, Jute and Gunny Closing Rates. (In Bengali).
10-21 p.m. SB Dance Music. Relayed from 'Prince's'

## *Out To Break England-Australia Record*



**Lord Sempill making final preparations at Hanworth Aerodrome for his flight to Australia in a new 200-miles-an-hour Monospar air liner. He is being accompanied by Mr. H. Wood, personal pilot to Mr. Anson, owner of the machine. They are attempting to cover the 12,000 miles to Melbourne in quick time and mean to lower the record set by Scott and Campbell Black. The Monospar is a 10-seater monoplane. Lord Sempill (centre) looking over the controls of the 'plane at Hanworth (Middlesex), as its chief engineer (left) explains. "I am confident that we will have a quiet, uninterrupted trip" declared Lord Sempill to Reuter, while leaving Hanworth on Thursday morning at 10-30 on his record-breaking flight to Australia in three-and-a-half days.**

## *VISITORS TO GERMANY*

The Director of Information, Bombay, writes:—

The Consul General for Germany advises Indians to give timely warnings of their proposed visits to scientific research institutions in Germany so as to avoid disappointment. The Consul General writes:—

"A great number of foreigners interested in scientific research work have of late applied directly and also on very short notice to heads of Government Colleges and Research Institutes in Germany for permission to visit their institutions. Although there are no objections against such visits, my Government would much appreciate if an intimation of such contemplated visits would reach them in time by way of usual diplomatic channels. Following that procedure, applicants will avoid the risk of being disappointed in case the institutions under reference are closed on account of rebuilding, personnel changes or other reasons."

## GOOD PROSPECTS FOR POONA RACES

POONA: July 31.

The Secretary of the Royal Western India Turf Club wires as follows:—

**Fine weather; 'Course in excellent condition and good prospects for the week-end.**

## NEW JOCKEY FOR BOMBAY

J. Foy, the English jockey leaves England in October to ride in Bombay next season.

## *"NO-CONFIDENCE" IN MAYOR?*

### *Karachi Corporator Tables Notice Of Motion*

KARACHI, July 31.

As forecast by the "United Press" a vote of "no-confidence" on the Karachi Mayor tabled by Mr. Narainda was announced at a meeting of the Corporation this evening.

The notice alleges "that the Mayor has acted against the constitution and rules framed by the Corporation for conduct of business."—United Press.

## *LANDHOLDERS IN FOREST AREAS*

### *Inclusion In Electoral Rolls*

POONA, July 31.

On a representation being made by Mr. N. V. Gadgil, M.L.A., to the Political and Reforms Department of the Government of Bombay, the Collectors have been informed to include in the franchise lists the holders and occupiers of land in forest areas provided they are otherwise qualified to be entered on the electoral rolls of the new Bombay Legislative Assembly.—United Press.

### *Four Gangs Declared Criminal Tribes*

KARACHI, July 31.

The Governor of Sind has declared four gangs comprising 47 members alleged to be habitual offenders in Larkana District, as a criminal tribe.

This is a move for eradicating crime in Sind.—United Press.

# *Selections For To-day's Races*

## Francolin And Al Ghazi Fancied To Win

By "Senex"

**The following are the Selections for the First Day of the Poona Summer Meeting, to be held to-day:—**

**1st Race—**

| | |
|---|---|
| MIJLAT | 1 |
| UP-TO-DATE | 2 |
| BEST WISH | 3 |

**2nd Race—**

| | |
|---|---|
| AMIN | 1 |
| DARK HORSE | 2 |
| MULZOOM | 3 |

**3rd Race—**

| | |
|---|---|
| SUHAMA | 1 |
| WALK OVER | 2 |
| GANI | 3 |

**4th Race—**

| | |
|---|---|
| DAFTRUM | 1 |
| BELLE OF YORK | 2 |
| ROSEWATER | 3 |

**5th Race—**

| | |
|---|---|
| FRANCOLIN | 1 |
| PRATAP SINHA | 2 |
| THE EARL | 3 |

**6th Race—**

| | |
|---|---|
| BACHELOR'S BARD | 1 |
| STAFF OFFICER | 2 |
| CARTOON | 3 |

**7th Race—**

| | |
|---|---|
| GRAND RAJA | 1 |
| PERSEVERANCE | 2 |
| AQUILA | 3 |

**8th Race—**

| | |
|---|---|
| AL GHAZI | 1 |
| VERSHAN | 2 |
| KARAM ALLAH | 3 |

**Daily Double—**

SUHAMA & BACHELOR'S BARD.

**Daily Treble—**

FRANKOLIN, GRAND RAJA & AL GHAZI.


"QUEEN OF THE COLLEGE"
IS HERE AT LAST
You shall shower praises on
Ratanbai
who plays ANITA
IN
WOMAN'S CHALLENGE
director P. ATTORTHY
Starring RATANBAI VITTHAL, MODAK HAFFESJI, SUDHA RAJA PANDIT, PHATAK
हिंद महिला
WOMAN'S CHALLENGE
Another great success by
From the story by S. N. BENDE.
the Famous BENGAL TRIO
MUSIC MELODIOUS!
DIALOGUES CHARMING!
and better suit for yourself
OPENS TO-DAY at Majestic
Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p. m.
Matinee at 2-30 p. m. on Sat., Sun. & Holidays.

THE BEST BRANDY...
I Have Ever Enjoyed
V.O. COGNAC CASTILLON
Sole Agents:—NOWROJEE ARDASEER & SONS, Fort, BOMBAY.

2nd Glorious Week of the Superb Madan Thea res Indian Talkie
QIMTI QURBANI
KHALIL AHMED with Rosie
Don't Miss it!
and Madan's all-star cast including Laxmi, Bashirjan, Sheilla, Aga Jani, Rajkumari in the noblest story of Love and Self-immolation
To-day & To-morrow 3-30; 6-30 & 10 p. m.
Everybody Is Talking About It.
Wellington CINEMA Dhobi Talao.
Show it to your Family!

# City & Suburbs

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

### To-day.

Hindu: Shravan Sud 14, 1992
Muslim: Jamadiul Avval 12, 1355
Parsi: Bohman 30, 1305
Hightide: 11-12 22-45
Lowtide: 4-13 17-17
Sunrise: 6h 15m
Sunset: 7h 15m
Bombay Students' Conference opens, Muzaffarabad Hall, 4 p.m. (S.T.)
Tilak Anniversary Day.
S. S. 'Strathnaver' with English mails sails at 1-0 p.m.

### Monday, August 3.

Cocoanut Day: Public Holiday.
Banks closed.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O S K steamer 'Kifuku Maru' left Singapore on July 29 and is due to arrive in Bombay on August 11 via Colombo.

FREE PUBLIC DISPENSARY

The opening ceremony of the "Yashodabai Monji Amidas Vora Free Public Dispensary", Parleshwar Cross Road, Vile Parle (East) will take place to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.)
Seth Haridas Madhavdas will preside.

FELLOWSHIP UNION

There will be a Debate at the School premises (Tanker Villa, Gowalia Tank) to-day (Saturday) at 1-30 p.m. The subject will be "Science is harmful to humanity."

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION

Under the auspices of the Bombay Presidency Adult Education, a series of public lectures will be delivered with a view to instruct and give general information regarding the teaching of Adult illiterates and the promotion of Literacy. All the lectures will be delivered in Marathi. The first lecture of the series will be delivered by Miss Amy B. H. J. Rustomji, M.A. (Cant.) to-day (Saturday) at 3 p.m. at the Association's Hall, Ravelin Street, Fort.


THE EXCELSIOR
TO-DAY, TOMORROW and MONDAY at 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

## AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

MAJESTIC —"Woman's Challenge." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"First Offence." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 4 p.m.
REGAL—"Little Lord Fauntleroy." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Achhut Kanya." Daily at 5-15 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Joyless Street." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROYAL OPERA—"Captain Blood." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Mr. Deeds Goes to Town." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Tomorrow morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"Qimti Qurbani". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
WEST END—"Prabhu-ka-Pyara". Daily at usual time.
GLOBE—"Majnu 1935". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Devdas". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Gay Birds." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Laurel and Hardy Comedy." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, today and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
LAMINGTON TALKIE—"Miss Frontier Mail." Daily at 5, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-15 p.m
CENTRAL—"Speed." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION

Telegrams in code language for Spain are not permitted after midnight of 29/30th July 1936.

CENTURY CLUB

There will be a public discourse by Prof. N. K. Bhagwat M.A., on the 'Essential Aspects of Buddhism and Hinduism' to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m.

CATHOLIC STUDENTS' UNION

On the subject "Academy on G. K. Chesterton" at the St. Xavier's High School Hall, Dhobi Talao, to-day (Saturday) at 5-45 p.m. (S.T.) the following will speak: Prof. F. Gracias, Rev. F. J. A. Lobo, Prof. Armando Menezes, Miss Yvette Coelho and Principal A. Soares. Prof. C. D. Pinto will preside.

SOUTH INDIAN SOCIETY, KHAR

Yajurveda Upakarmam will be conducted by Brahmasri Natesa Sastrigal at the Society's premises on Sunday, 2nd instant between 9 and 11 a.m.

RAMANA SACHIDANANDA SAMAJ

Under the auspices of the Sree Ramana Sachidananda Samaj, the Yajurvedi Upakarmam will be performed at the Samaj Hall, Ground floor, Krishna Building No. 1, Parel, on Sunday the 2nd instant between 8-30 a.m. and 12 noon.

SRI RAMACHANDRA BHAJANA SAMAJ

Under the auspices of Sri Ramachandra Bhajana Samaj, Dadar (B. B. and C. I.) Sravana Upakarmam which is falling due on the 2nd instant will be conducted at 'Narayana Bhuvan' near C. K. P. Hall, Ram Maruthi Road, Dadar, where the Samaj Purohit will be in attendance from 7 a.m. Mahasankalpam will commence promptly at 11 a.m. (S.T.).

## PROGRAMME OF STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

OPEN SESSIONS
Saturday August 1 at 4 p.m.
(1) Address of the Chairman of the Reception Committee.
(2) Presidential Address.
(3) Discussion and adoption of the Thesis.
(4) Resolutions.
Sunday August 2 at 3-0 p.m.
OPEN SESSIONS
(1) Resolutions.

## STUDENTS' EXECUTIVE TO MEET PRESIDENT

**An urgent meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Students' Conference will be held on Saturday (To-day) at 9 a. m. at the Bombay Students' Brotherhood premises to meet Dr. Sumant Mehta, the President of the Conference and to discuss the matter concerning the resolutions and amendments to the thesis and the programme of the conference.**

## BOMBAY SILENCE ZONE

Our Readers' attention is hereby drawn to the Bombay Police Commissioner's announcement (extending the period indefinitely) about the Silence Zone appearing in the public notifications column.

SEASON TICKET FOUND

A third class monthly season ticket between Churchgate and Grant Road issued on the 14th July has been found. The owner can take it from the Editorial Offices of the "Bombay Chronicle."

DISCOURSES ON GITA

**Swami Vishwananda of Ramakrishna Math Khar, will conduct the Weekly Public Discourse on Bhagawat Gita on Sunday at 9 a. m., (S. T.) at the Math.**

MUSIC CONCERT

Under the auspices of the National Academy of Music, there will be a concert of Miss Indira Wadker to-day (Saturday) at Laxmi Baug Hall, new Bhatwadi, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.

INSURANCE REPRESENTATIVES' SOCIETY

A meeting will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3-45 p.m. at the Office of the Society under the auspices of the Insurance Representatives' Society, when there will be discussion on "Licensing of Insurance Agents."

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The public weekly concert of the School of the Indian Music will be held to-day (Saturday) at the School Hall, Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum, Bombay at 5-30 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Parcels for Germany direct per s. s. 'Rabenfels' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 12 noon on Wednesday, the 5th instant.

**ABHINAV UTSAHEE MANDAL**

**Mr. G. Patkar, an honorary member of the above mandal writes:—The Abhinav Utsahee Mandal was inaugurated on 1st June last, at Tribhuvan Road, Girgaum, Bombay. Three ordinary meetings of the Mandal have been held, and as it was decided to entrust the work in the hands of a single individual, Mrs. Manorama Shinde was called upon to shoulder this task, which she willingly accepted.**

## TILAK JAYANTI

AT GIRGAUM

Lokamanya Tilak Anniversary will be celebrated by the Samaj in Laxmi Baug, Bhatwadi, Girgaum at 4 p. m. to-day (Saturday).
Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside and Mr. Yeshwant Krishna Khadilkar of "Nawakal" will deliver a speech on Lokamanya Tilak.
Women will go to Chaupatty at 7 in the morning to offer flowers to Tilak Statue.

AT CHINCHPOKLI

The sixteenth anniversary day of the late Balgangadhar Tilak will be celebrated under the presidentship of Mr. K. M. Munshi to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. in the Samaj Seva Sangh Hall at Chinchpokli near Venus Cinema. Messrs. M. N. Talapade and S. S. Kavalekar will speak on "The Ensuing Elections."

AT DADAR

Under the auspices of the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held to celebrate the Tilak anniversary to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at Dhuru Hall when prominent speakers will address the meeting.

AT VILE PARLE

Under the joint auspices of the Vile Parle, Santa Cruz and Andheri Congress Committee, a public meeting will be held at 9 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at Suman Vila, Juhu Road, when Swami Anand will speak on 'Lokmanya's Life.'

LOKMANYA RASHTRIYA KANYA SHALA

Lokmanya Rashtriya Kanya Shala will celebrate the anniversary of the late Lokmanya in the School Hall today (Saturday) at 8-30 a.m. when Prof. N. R. Phatak will address the students.

SOCIAL WORKERS' TRAINING CLASS

The Social Workers' Training Class will meet to-day (Saturday) at the Social Service League's Head Office at the Servants of India Society's Home, Sandhurst Road, Girgaon. Two lectures will be delivered on this day, the first by Principal T. A. Kulkarni on (Rural Uplift) from 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. and the second by Prof. S. G. Beri on (The Industrial Revolution and its Social Effects) from 6 p.m. to 7 p.m.

NORTH KANARA G. S. B. SANGH

Under the auspices of the North Kanara G. S. B. Sangh, a Variety Concert of instrumental music will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. at the Sangh's Hall, Save House, near Majestic Cinema, Girgaon.

GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' FEDERATION

A meeting of representatives of Government servants will be held under the auspices of the above Federation in Soman Building, Girgaum, Bombay, to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. to discuss the new Pension Rules for Inferior Servants of the Central Government and to decide to take necessary steps in obtaining improvement thereof.

DEMONSTRATION OF T. B. INJECTION

Through the courtesy of the Dean of the Seth Gordhandas Sunderdas Medical College, Parel, the members of the Bombay Branch of the Indian Medical Association are invited to a demonstration of injections in the Lung in T. B. to be given by Sir James R. Roberts to-day (Saturday) at 11 a.m. (B.T.) in the Main Lecture Theatre of the Sheth G. S. Medical College, Parel.

THE NAVCHETAN NIGHT HIGH SCHOOL

Under the auspices of the Nagarshet's (Free) the Navachetan Night High School Debating Union (186 Thakurdwar Road, above Halai Lohana Mahajan Wadi) Mr. Pardhubhai V. Sharma, a well-known Arya Samajist lecturer, will deliver a lecture to-day (Saturday) on 'Shravani Rahasya' at 8-30 p.m.

## NO RELIEF WITHOUT SOLIDARITY

### N. M. Joshi's Exhortation To Railwaymen

(From A Correspondent.)
BOMBAY, Friday.

The propaganda campaign against retrenchment of railwaymen and in preparation for the Retrenchment Resistance Demonstration on August 23, was launched on Thursday evening by the United Front Committee of Railwaymen's Unions and other labour organizations in the city. Mr. N. M. Joshi presided over the meeting of workers, held for the purpose, in front of the B.B. and C.I. Railway workshop at Lower Parel. The meeting was very well attended.

OBJECTIONABLE METHOD

In a very forceful speech Mr. Joshi described the conditions of the railway workers.

Referring to the present policy of the administration Mr. Joshi said that they had launched on a fresh retrenchment campaign. Over 4,000 men were being threatened with retrenchment. While retrenchment had already begun on the railways, new men were being employed on lower scales of pay. Besides the most objectionable method of selecting men on what is called the inefficiency or less efficiency basis was adopted, although it was contrary to the principles laid down by the Murphy Committee. This was giving opportunities to the foremen for corruption and was further exposing the victims of retrenchment to the whims of individual officers.

Stressing upon the need of strengthening the organisations Mr. Joshi referred to the weakness of the unions. He said that unless the men flocked round the unions in larger numbers and increased their solidarity they could expect no relief from the administration.

NO MORE BURDENS

Mr. V. B. Karnik pointed out that the railways were making profits. It was impossible for the workers to shoulder any more burden of retrenchment or wage-cuts. They should resist the onslaught.

THE NEW ATTACK

Mr. R. A. Khedgiker, President of the G. I. P. Railway Workers Union, then addressed the meeting. He said that the earnings of the railways exceed 96 crores per year and they had already paid up over 100 crores to the depreciation fund, besides contributing several crores to the general revenues. The deficits he said were entirely due to the top-heavy management of the railways. The deficits had been made a pretext to attack the standard of life of the workers. New methods had been devised for this purpose, such as the new scales with retrospective effect from 1935.

Mr. Khedgiker then exhorted the workers to join the demonstration on August 23, and prior to that voice their protest in series of meetings on 4th, 5th and 6th August, when Sir Guthrie Russel and Sir Frank Noyce would be in Bombay.

PREPARATORY STEP

Welcoming the united front of various organizations, Mr. Khale expressed a fervent hope that it would be continued in future in the development of the struggle on a country-wide scale. At this juncture it was necessary to manifest complete solidarity of the working class against the attack of the Administration.

Mr. Charles Mascarenhas said in forging a mighty united front of railway unions and other labour organisations a preparatory step for the struggle had been taken. It was necessary now to follow up this unity at the top by a real unity of the rank and file of the workers. Unless the workers were alive to the danger ahead of them it was impossible to develop any resistance.

Messrs Zulmiram Chowdhary and Oak also addressed the meeting. They exhorted the workers to strengthen the united front and make the demonstration of August 23rd, a roaring success.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

among the poor and middle class families at reduced rates.

### Home For The Homeless

The Home for the Homeless provides an asylum for very poor and needy and deserving women and children. At the end of June, 1935 the total number of inmates in the Ashrams and the Home was 46 of which 33 were Hindus, 12 Parsees and 1 Mohamedan.

During the year under report, the excess of expenditure over income amounted to Rs. 1,971/2/6. This excess has been met from the Reserve Fund. The Seva Sadan Society appeals to the general public for increasing support to the institution. For its part, the efficient management of the Society is more than assured, under the guidance of an influential board of Trustees, besides a managing council composed of leading women of Bombay.

## IN AND AROUND BOMBAY

(FROM OUR STAFF CORRESPONDENTS)

### Seva Sadan Society

The twenty-seventh annual report of the Seva Sadan Society, Bombay, is a record of the splendid service which the "women belonging to the leisured classes" have been doing for their unfortunate sisters. The present activities of the institution include, social service, medical relief, industrial training and education for women. It provides education for those who wish to be trained as school-teachers, for grown-up women whose house-hold duties interfere with pursuing their studies in ordinary schools but who nevertheless desire to learn and improve their knowledge. Among the subjects taught are English, sewing, cutting, embroidery, drawing, painting, singing, first aid, home nursing and hygiene (in Gujarati). Besides primary schools are also opened.

### Industrial Department

The Industrial Department is being conducted with the object of helping poor women with the means of earning an honest livelihood by providing work for them, at the same time educating them in home industries. "Great care is taken in the selection of these industries so as to enable the workers to earn their livelihood by pursuing them in their own homes, thus rendering them independent of the institution." The beneficial character of the work the institution is rendering to various communities and the opportunities it provides to all helpless women to educate themselves and to specialise in studies which will ensure to them an independent income is being brought home to an ever-increasing portion of the Bombay public and is so proved by the growing popularity of the institution.

The nurses trained in the Seva Sadan are retained by the Society after the scheduled period of free service (generally one year) is over, if they desire to continue on the nursing staff. The members of the staff are sent out to work

(Continued in Col. 5.)


CAPITOL
TO-DAY, TO-MORROW and MONDAY: AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

GRAND DOUBLE ATTRACTION!
GRETA GARBO
in her FIRST Screen Success
—: 12 YEARS ago :—
"JOYLESS STREET"
(Synchronised to Music).

Also—
The Brilliant Comedian
EMLYN WILLIAMS
IN
"CITY OF BEAUTIFUL NONSENSE"
MUSIC—SONGS—HUMOUR
ROMANCE!

PATHE 2ND GRAND WEEK
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Sunday Morn: 10 a.m. 'Phone: 41561.

All Bombay's cheering it... applauding it... acclaiming it...
"THE BEST PICTURE OF THE YEAR"!
GARY COOPER
Mr. Deeds Goes To Town
JEAN ARTHUR
George Bancroft · Lionel Stander
Douglass Dumbrille · H. B. Warner
Screen play by Robert Riskin
A FRANK CAPRA Production

HE CHARMED THE LITTLE WORLD IN WHICH HE MOVED...

Changing sorrow to gladness and despair to hope... to know him was to love him and when his appealing voice reaches out from the screen to touch your deepest emotions... you'll know that Frances Hodgson Burnett's unforgettable love story is at last *alive* and vibrant with all the things that words cannot describe.

AGAIN HE WILL STEAL YOUR HEART!

... Just as he thrilled the world in "David Copperfield" so will he conquer your emotions in this rare and beautiful picture from the same producer!

*Starring:*
FREDDIE BARTHOLOMEW
DOLORES COSTELLO BARRYMORE
*and a magnificent supporting cast unfolding upon the screen one of the really great stories of all time!*
*Also All-colour Silly Symphony*
"ELMER ELEPHANT"
DAILY AT:—
4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
AT THE
REGAL

Telephone No. 22037
Post Box 322
Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1936

# "MAY SUCCESS ATTEND IT"

On August 1, sixteen years ago Bal Gangadhar Tilak died in this city. Every Indian will recall the occasion with sorrow, but also with pride because Tilak lived a life and died a death that form one of the most glorious chapters in the history of India. He was, perhaps, the first Indian who courageously understood the full meaning of freedom and sought to preach the obligations implied by it. He blazed the path of duty which is also the way to glory. He breathed life into a slogan and made India vitally conscious of the truism "Swaraj Is My Birthright." Tilak died sixteen years ago and yet he lives. For "Tilak" does not connote something inseparably bound with the mortal body; it embodies an immortal spirit, the spirit of Swaraj which is the inalienable birthright of every Indian.

## *Herald Of Dawn*

Tilak, as Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru tells us through his message to the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee, was the herald of the dawn in India which began on the day he passed away. On that day began the Non-Co-operation Movement of Mahatma Gandhi which, the Congress President rightly points out, "was to change the face of India." It did. The Non-Co-operation Movement under its great leader, has literally made history. It marks at once the re-discovery of the nation's soul and a magnificent protest against the chains that bound it. The protest was not a squeal in abject prayer but a determined claim to its birthright in the pride of self-reliance. It re-created a self-respecting Nation and taught it that freedom to be worth while is the prize of struggle and not the proceeds of mendicancy. It succeeded not only because of the cheerful sacrifice that it evoked from thousands and lakhs in response to its call but also because it infused into the nation the spirit of which free peoples are made and which must animate the struggle of those who would be free. It is in that spirit that our struggle continues and has been progressing from stage to stage.

## *Swaraj Is Our Birthright*

And it is in that spirit that Congress has decided to assault the citadels of dangerous reaction and capture the legislatures. The opponents of Indian freedom have combined to cheat India of her birthright. As the Congress President says: "We have an array of vested interests against us from the vast interests of British Imperialism downwards." That array has to be fought and fought on its own ground. That is why Congress must capture councils, through which the alliance of British Imperialism and anti-Indian reaction wants to impose the New Constitution and thus strengthen the domination under which we suffer. We, therefore, heartily wish godspeed to the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee on the campaign that it is launching to-day. We congratulate it on choosing August 1 for the purpose. And we wish other Provinces had done the same. For no day could be more befitting than that which possesses a double association with Tilak and the Non-Co-operation Movement. But the day does not count so much as the spirit and the will of which it is the symbol. That spirit and that will must animate our march towards the goal which is clear and along the path that is chalked out. Swaraj is our birthright and we must *win* it.

# Reactionaries Alarmed

Whatever the shortcomings of the Parliamentary Boards appointed by Mr. Jinnah in various provinces on behalf of the Muslim League, it must be admitted that the Boards in the Punjab, U.P. and Bengal include a fair number of progressive Muslims and keep out a good number of reactionaries and flunkeys. This fact seems to have given a fright to men like Sir Nazim-ud-din, member of the Bengal Executive Council, and Sir Mohammad Yakub, M.L.A. The former is accordingly flirting with the Europeans of Bengal, the excessive representation to whom has deprived the Muslims of the province of their rightful majority. Sir Mohammad is thoroughly alarmed at the new "forces in our community which have captured the Muslim League" and are now aiming at "swamping the new legislatures." The new forces will swamp the legislatures all right, despite all the efforts of the reactionaries to check them with the assistance of Europeans and other pro-Government groups. But, be it ever remembered, this will come about only if the progressive Muslims work vigorously in co-operation with the progressive elements in other communities.

# Students' Conference

The Bombay Students' Conference, which is to be held to-day and to-morrow at the Muzzaffarabad Hall, under the presidentship of Dr. Sumant Mehta, is a much-needed but long-delayed organisation in the City. Nearly two decades ago, a conference of students of the whole Presidency was held here under the presidentship of Mr. G. S. Arundale, now President of the Theosophical Society. But, unfortunately, a few years later, the Conference ceased functioning. Things have changed much for the better since then, and Bombay students in particular, have recently demonstrated a noteworthy capacity for organisation and zeal for safeguarding their interests. It is due almost entirely to their prompt and organized agitation that public attention was forcibly drawn to the scandal of the last Matriculation examination. If it has not yet had the desired effect on the University it only shows the reactionary character of that body and calls for more systematic and better organized activity on the part of the students all over the Presidency. We feel confident that to-day's conference will go a long way in ensuring such activity in the years to come. We wish it every success.

## *WHAT IS WRONG WITH OUR UNIVERSITY?*

### *A Plea For Decentralization*

(BY PRINCIPAL SOHRAB R. DAVAR, BAR-AT-LAW)

The question at present agitating the minds of people is whether our University organisation is functioning as efficiently as it ought to. The man in the street reads the articles and speeches in the press and no doubt wonders whether all is really well with this time honoured Institution of our Presidency. The writer has watched the working of this institution as an educationist for a large number of years—and of late has had opportunities of working within its fold. He has thus formed certain definite ideas and opinions of his own which he propose to express in this article.

**MATRICULATION EXAMINATION.**

The matriculation examination of our University has played a very important part for some generations. In India we unfortunately, started our modern educational organisation with the Universities and have depended on them to supply all our wants, academic, vocational and professional. Thus we have developed the slave mentality of looking to the University as the only source of supply of the multifarious demands—in form of intellectual human labour. The professional institutions such as the Colleges of Physicians and Surgeons, the Incorporated Societies of Law, the Inns of Courts for the Barristers, institutions and associations for the professions of accountants, architects, insurance experts, engineers, bankers, surveyors, etc., are unknown to us even to this date as first class training centres through which professional and vocational education of the most practical character could be acquired as is the case in the United Kingdom. The result is that whenever we thing of a course of liberal education for our high school children destined either for the purely academic degrees of the University or for the more practical diplomas of the professions, we always look to the University matriculation as the only avenue through which the goal could be achieved. In the United Kingdom the professional bodies having taken the lead in connection with vocational training, each of them has its own entrance examination for a liberal educational entrance test, based on its own requirements and thus matriculation does not loom so large in the public or professional life of that country, as is the case in ours. The slave mentality of the man in the street who has acquired the habit to look at all who are not matriculates as good for nothing even though they may be most successful in their careers, is largely due to this historical background. A good many men and women who could, under conditions prevailing in the United Kingdom, have risen to the top of the professions for which they had special aptitude have led a life in much humbler spheres than their ability warranted because of the tyranny of this University Matriculation Examination.

**WRONG MENTALITY**

The Bombay University matriculation examination as we call its entrance test has always been conducted by the examiners with the chronic mentality of keeping the number down. Too high an importance is given to a test, which is meant to be a simple examination of high school children with a view to guage whether the examinees have been made to read through the prescribed text-books on the basis of the syllabus. It is at best an examination in which the school children whose mental development has just commenced in early teens are appearing at this age, their outlook on life is naturally very limited being still under the strict supervision of parents at home and teachers at school. This is all forgotten by our absent-minded academicians to whose tender care, as examiners, the question of the children's future possibilities is entrusted. They frequently in this state of mind set questions on a standard much higher than is warranted and to make it worse insist on strictly accurate answers as from a fully developed mind such as their own. This is the main reason why the Bombay matriculation results have been uniformly severe from year to year through its history in this Presidency. This condition is not confined to the entrance test unfortunately, but one finds that even in higher tests the mentality of keeping the number down continues to take its toll all along the line. Instances can be cited where failed candidates of our University who were in affluent circumstances have gone to

(Continued on pgae 8)

# Arab Case In Palestine

## Leader Appeals For India's Help

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON, July 22.
(By Air Mail).

The four members of the Palestine Arab Delegation who have been in this country to put before the British public what they call the Palestine Arab cause are about to return to their homeland in another week. The leader of the delegation, Mr. Jamal Husseini, is a Muslim. The other three members, Mr. Shibly Jamal, Dr. Izzat Tannous and Mr. Emile Ghory are Christians from Palestine. During the week, I had conversations with the members of the delegation at their hotel in Kensington Court.

### *Over Three Thousand Arabs Jailed*

Mr. Husseini has been a leader of the Palestine Arabs for a long period. He has a record of patriotic work, which found him in jail in 1933. Had he not come to London to espouse the Arab case, he might have been in jail, as would have been his three other colleagues. For, at the time of writing, news is to hand from Palestine that over 2,500 Arabs have been sent to jail ever since the Arabs decided to adopt the non-co-operation method. Besides that over 200 leaders have also been put behind prison walls. And to-day over another 1,000 have found their freedom taken away from them They have been put in internment for breaking a curfew order. But, as Mr. Husseini said, the struggle goes on. It will continue as long as the British Government refuses to concede the main demands of the Arabs in Palestine.

The delegation's main plank of work is through the British press, platform and the two Houses of Parliament Their demands are: (1) that as a first step, and as a token of the Government's goodwill, Jewish immigration be stopped and (2) that a law be enacted stopping the sale of lands to Jews; (3) that the spirit and requirements of Article 22 of the Covenant of the League of Nations be implemented

### *British Assurance Recalled*

In the course of an interview, Mr. Husseini stated to me that the present uprising and all the past disturbances (1920, 1921, 1929 and 1933) have had one and only one cause, namely, the unnatural political conditions under which the Arabs of Palestine have had to labour since the occupation. In support of their case, the Arabs point to the letter addressed by Sir Henry MacMahon, the British High Commissioner in Egypt, to the Sherif of Mecca on October 24, 1915 in the course of which on behalf of the British Government he gave the following assurances:—

"Great Britain is prepared to recognise and support the independence of the Arab countries included in the limits and boundaries proposed by the Sharif."

These boundaries were in accordance with the letter of Sharif Husseini to Sir Henry MacMohan, dated 14th July 1915. They are: "On the North by Adana and Mersina up to the 37th degree of latitude. On the East by the frontiers of Persia up to the Persian Gulf. On the South by the Indian Ocean with the exception of Aden, and on the West by the Red Sea and the Mediterranean up to Mersina." Sir Henry MacMahon had also added that "the districts of Mersina and Alexandretta, and the portions of Syria lying to the West of the districts of Damascus, Homs, Hama, and Aleppo cannot be said to be purely Arab, and should be excluded from the proposed limits and boundaries."

Mr. Husseini declares that it is evident from a mere look at the map that Palestine does not fall to the West of any of the four districts unless the word 'district' is to be interpreted as a 'vilayat'. But this interpretation besides its linguistic inaccuracy is quite unreasonable because of the following two reasons: (a) If 'district' meant 'vilayat', then neither Homs nor Hama, which were mere districts comprised within the 'vilayat' of Aleppo, would have been mentioned. On the other hand if Palestine was meant to be included within this modification then the districts of Ajloun, Salt, and Karak (in Transjordan) would have been also mentioned, because they were the other three districts in the 'vilayat' of Syria—of which Damascus was the capital—to the West of which lies the territory of Palestine. Furthermore, there was no vilayat known as the vilayat of Damascus. (b) Sir Henry MacMahon gave the assurance, because France had certain interests in the territory involved. France had claimed interests in Lebanon ever since 1860, and as this territory falls directly to the west of Damascus, Homs, Hama and Aleppo districts, and not 'vilayat', then Sir Henry's reference must have meant only Lebanon, with both Mersina and Alexandretta and nothing more.

### *Franco-British Declaration*

Thus Mr. Husseini reminded me of the joint declaration made by the British and French Governments on November 7, 1918. It stated: "The end aimed at by France and Great Britain in their carrying out the war in the East, loosened by German ambition, is the complete and final enfranchisement of the people so long under the Turks, and the establishment of national Governments and administrations drawing their authority from the initiative and free choice of the native population." Palestine was one of the territories that were enfranchised from Ottoman rule and should, therefore, Mr. Husseini added, enjoy the benefits of a 'National Government drawing its authority from the initiative and free choice of the native (Arab) population.' And in 1919 (September 19), Mr. Lloyd George, the then Prime Minister, told a conference at 10, Downing Street that 'The Arab forces have redeemed their pledges." Article 22 of the Covenant of the League of Nations ends as follows: 'Certain communities formerly belonging to the Turkish Empire have reached a stage of development where their existence as independent nations can be provisionally recognised, subject to the rendering of administrative advice and assistance by a mandatory, until such time as they are able to stand alone."

### *Balfour Declaration Void*

Mr. Husseini and the other members of the Palestine Arab

(Continued on page 13).

# FRANKLY SPEAKING

**"LAW" IN BENGAL.**

Mr. Somendranath Tagore, nephew of Dr. Rabindranath Tagore, who was recently sentenced to a year's rigorous imprisonment for making a "seditious" speech on the Subhas Bose day, has had his sentence reduced to six months by the Calcutta High Court. He is lucky to have got off so lightly in a province where he could be jailed indefinitely without even a trial. Unabashed, the Under-Secretary of State for India says in the House of Commons that in the interests of Law and Order it is not possible to dispense with regulations under which persons may be imprisoned for any period without a trial. It is difficult to understand how law is really maintained by methods which are the very negation of law. But pleas like this are always advanced by men who adopt Star Chamber methods.

**RUSSIA AND BIRTH-CONTROL**

Our Moscow correspondent sends interesting details of the recent measures of social legislation adopted in Soviet Russia. The new law, it appears, definitely aims at increasing the population of the Soviet Union by forbidding abortion and birth-control and by providing every facility to child-bearing mothers. This radical change in the social outlook of the leaders of the Communist State is an interesting phenomenon which calls for some comment. That these erstwhile champions of birth-control should now put a legal ban on it may sound rather a strange ideological contradiction but it is, in fact, an eloquent indication of the new prosperity in Russia. No longer are they forced by poverty to restrict their population; there is plenty for all and to spare even at the high standard of living and cultural level which are being rapidly attained in the new Russia. As such we must acknowledge this new law as a tribute to the remarkable success of the Socialist experiment in U.S.S.R. We appreciate the concern of our correspondent for India and her population but poverty in this country is at a level where the Soviets found birth-control as an urgent necessity. So long as there is no possibility even of the beginnings of organised liquidation of it, artificial means to lessen its misery are unavoidable.

**IS IT JUSTICE?**

The Bengal Government are very discriminating in dealing with offenders. How severe they can be with politicals, even with mere suspects, is now well-known to the world. But in dealing with some select non-political offenders, officialdom can play the role of what Mr. Justice Cunliffe of the Calcutta High Court ironically called the "Fairy God-mother." Thus in a case in which a Marwari millionaire was sentenced to a year's rigorous imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, and in which the High Court upheld the sentence and refused to give bail pending an appeal to the Privy Council, the Government have suspended the sentence pending his appeal. The Government did a similar favour to the directors of the Dhakeswari Cotton Mills, Ltd., who had been convicted by the High Court. Law, presumably, gives the Government the right to do such things, but are they sure they are not abusing the right?

**WELL-DESERVED CENSURE.**

The C. P. Legislative Council must be complimented for passing a censure motion against the Provincial Government for the "harsh, coercive and unsympathetic manner in which land revenue and 'taccavi' dues were being recovered all over the Province." The very fact that no division was challenged proves beyond a shadow of doubt, that revenue officials resorted to coercion. The truth is that revenue authorities all over the country, and not in C.P. alone, are wont to view coercion as a normal feature of revenue collection. If the peasantry has put up with this so long, it was only due to sheer lack of organisation and leadership. But with the increasing deterioration in their condition, protests are being raised everywhere, and the members of the C.P. Legislative Council have done their bare duty by showing their sympathy with the agriculturists in this fashion. Will it be too much to expect the legislatures in other provinces also to follow suit?

**BOMBAY FIRE BRIGADE.**

The discussion in the Bombay Municipal Corporation on certain appointments in the local Fire Brigade, revealed the recognition of all concerned of the principle of completely Indianizing the Brigade as early as possible. As for the necessary training for the officers designed to be ultimately appointed as Chief Officer, it is best to get them trained by the present Chief Officer. And for this purpose the most suitable Indians should be chosen, the claims of seniority and past experience being duly recognized. Subject to these general considerations, the actual selection of men for special training may well be left to the Commissioner.

## The Muslim League

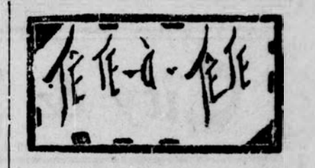
To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—Your thought-provoking leading article on the Muslim League has appeared at the most opportune moment. While rightly characterising Mr. Jinnah's address to the Young Muslim Brotherhood as "momentous" you have not failed in warning him of the danger of finding himself the leader of a party of individuals working in contradictory spirit and yet claiming the authority of the League.

There is no doubt that many of the gentlemen who constitute the Parliamentary Board that has recently been formed, are men whose election must cause alarm to any genuine Nationalist Muslim. And yet it may be asked, if this is so, how is it that a man of Mr. Jinnah's calibre and capacity has been so easily bamboozled? For no one can deny either Mr. Jinnah's political acumen or his staunch Nationalism.

The fact is, Sir, that though the personnel of the Parliamentary Board is undoubtedly undesirable.

(Continued on pgae 8)



**WITHOUT COMMENT**

Sauciest swimsuit so far is one designed by Dilkusha, Paris fashion creator. It looks like very openwork lace . . . . .but it has a pink foundation undernath. Across the front is the legend: "Honi soit qui mal y pense."

—British Paper

* * * *

If the present tussle between the Calcutta High Court and the Governor-in-Council of Bengal continues, no one would be more pleased than the persons who have been accused or convicted in legal cases. Two of them have already benefitted by the unusual clemency for convicts that is being shown by the Governor-in-Council these days.

In fairness to Sir John Anderson, however, we may add that neither of them was a political detenu. One was a multi-millionaire charged with theft and the other the Managing Director of a cotton mill!

* * * *

Compliments too are being exchanged between the Executive and the Judiciary on rather a liberal scale. Two Honourable Judges, in a recent judgment, referred to the G.-in-C. as "the Fairy God Mother in the Writer's Building."

No reference, however, has so far been made to the Fairy God Mother's magic wand—or baton!

* * * *

By the way, it is obvious that the Hon'ble Judges have by their extraordinarily caustic remarks against the Executive Authority as by law established brought themselves under the purview of, say, the Cr. L. A. Act if not Regulation 1818 or Sec. 124 A.

Now the problem is, what happens if "Writers' Building" takes action against the High Court and if the High Court appeals against that action to the High Court?

* * * *

The C. P. Legislative Council has censured, without a division, the Government for "the harsh, coercive and unsympathetic manner in which land revenue and taccavi dues were being recovered all over the Province".

This, of course, does not create even a farcial deadlock—Revenue being a reserved subject.

But a sort of vote of confidence is indicated to serve as a necessary moral gesture. We, therefore, suggest an immediate Resolution by the Governor-in-Council paying whole-hearted tribute to the splendid and efficient work of the Revenue Member, the Revenue Secretary and the rest of them.

* * * *

**British Empire Cancer Grants**

—Headline.

And yet the disease continues to flourish.

* * * *

Father Heras of the St. Xavier's College, lecturing on the civilisation of Mohenjo, Daro declared that human sacrifices were a noteworthy mode of worship.

What was merely noteworthy in ancient India is a fundamentally sacred rite in modern civilised Christian Europe to-day—of course, with due changes commensurate with progress from primitive days e.g., mustard gas.

* * * *

Persons, said Father Heras, were always sacrificed in a batch of seven or multiples, i.e. twenty-one.

Now there is no such superstition as regards numerals or limitation of number. The modern world is scientific-cum-realist, thinks in terms not of sevens or twenty-ones but of thousands and millions, and acts according.

* * * *

Reports are current in France that Germany and Italy are supplying arms to the Spanish insurgents.

The astonishing thing about them is that they are rumours even now.

* * * *

The French Government have not yet decided as to what they, on their part, should do.

The problem, however, is not so difficult. They ought immediately to supply gas masks to the Spanish Government. This action will not be open to objection from likely quarters because it will not be due so much to humanitarian or international consideration as to those of French self-interest. It would, in fact, be strictly according to the precedent of a few months ago.

* * * *

**EDUCATING WOMEN**

**Compulsory Expenditure Urged In Jubbulpore**

—Headlines.

What a horribly dangerous folly! Jubbulpore mustn't.

# Future Of Managing Agency System

## Law Member's Circular To Indian Merchants' Chamber Upsets "Big Guns"

(SPECIAL TO "THE CHRONICLE")

**Some members of the Indian Merchants' Chamber are on the horns of a dilemma over a confidential circular, which, it is stated, has been issued by the Hon. Sir N. N. Sircar, Law Member to the Government of India. It appears that the Indian Merchants' Chamber has a large number of members who are also members of the firms controlling Managing Agencies.**

**In the aforesaid circular the Hon. Sir N. N. Sircar has invited the opinion of the Indian Merchants' Chamber regarding the Managing Agency system, but he has also quoted the instance of a number of firms in Bombay, who are Managing Agents as well as company promoters. Sir N. N. Sircar has quoted the terms of the Agreement made by some of these Managing Agents with the companies they are interested in, which are objectionable as far as the interest of the investors is concerned.**

For instance, he has quoted names of some well-known firms, both foreign and Indian, which are Managing Agents as well as company promoters.

MANAGING AGENCY METHODS.

It is well-known how, in some cases, Managing Agents operate. They promote a Joint Stock Company, and then as Agents, in some other names, supply materials to the said Company. It may be cotton, coal, machinery or anything the company is interested in. Even insurance of the building and machinery, (if it be a mill which covers over a crore of rupees) is taken by the Managing Agents, in the name of some other party, thus taking over to themselves a huge sum of money in commission, rebate, etc. which otherwise would go to the company and the investors, if the transactions were done direct through the Manager.

Sir N. N. Sircar's letter has created a furore among certain members of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. If they condemn the system of Managing Agency, they condemn their own interests, and if they support the Indian Companies' Amendment Act, which seeks to put restrictions on the system of Managing Agency then again they vote against their own interests.

The reason why Sir N. N. Sircar has invited the opinion of the Indian Merchants' Chamber is to arm himself with that body's views before placing the report of the Select Committee appointed to amend the Indian Companies' Act before the Central Legislature. The Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, therefore, has vaguely resolved to inform Sir N. N. Sircar to amend the law so as to make the Managing Agents disclose the terms of the agreements or contracts in case they supplied materials. But this is not enough. Unless they also place on the table for the information of the shareholders on the day of the annual general meeting what profits they made in the transactions, merely to place the agreements or contracts on the table would be no use.

TARIFF BOARD'S VIEWS.

It will be interesting to note in this connection what Indian Tariff Board has stated. In their report on Cotton Textile Industry, in 1932 they have stated:

"It is the invariable feature of the Managing Agency System that the agent may contract for the performance on behalf of the company of such services as the purchase of materials and machinery, the sale of finished goods, the insurance of fixed and liquid assets, etc. We have come across no Managing Agency agreement in India in which the Managing Agent is not vested with the right to undertake these services on behalf of the company. An institution in which a managing agent is financially interested in services performed by him for his company is one which may lead to serious abuse. The abuse may occur in various directions—In purchasing the materials in unseasonable times in excessive quantities and without due regard to quality, suitability and comparative cost. In sales, in slackness in enforcing the obligations of the selling agent and consequent accumulation of outstandings. In insurance it may prevent the company of taking advantage of low rate of premia. In short, the managing agent would fail to obtain for the company the most economical service consistent with quality and efficiency."

VIEWS OF BUSINESSMEN.

The question of amendment of the Indian Companies' Act is coming before the Legislative Assembly next month and the Law Member has made enquiries from the Indian Merchants' Chamber as well as other commercial bodies to ascertain their views on the subject.

It may be mentioned that the names of the firms of the managing agencies stated in the confidential circular issued, by Sir N. N. Sircar were supplied by the Shareholders' Association in a confidential report submitted in support of the contention to do away with the managing agency system or to place some restriction over it.

Silver Jubilee celebration of the Asian Assurance Co., Ltd., was held on July 25th at the Asian Building, Ballard Estate, under the presidentship of Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, chairman of the Company

# Don't Hold Out Threat Of Direct Action

## Chagla Supports Charter, But Warns Students

### SPEAKERS WELCOME NEW MOVEMENT

**Further support was accorded to the Students' Charter and their Thesis, by prominent speakers at a meeting of Students held at Blavatsky Lodge on Friday evening with Mr. M. C. Chagla in the chair.**

**Dr. Sumant Mehta, the President-elect of the Students' Conference, was present at the meeting, while Messrs. M. R. Masani, S. K. Patil, and Jamnadas Dwarkadas spoke on the new awakening among the student community.**

**WARNING TO STUDENTS**

**Mr. M. C. Chagla warned the students not to take any hasty step. He advised them to take things seriously and consider carefully before they arrived at any decision. There was no use, he thought, in throwing our empty threat, unless the students had the power to carry it out.**

**Messrs. Masani, Patil and Jamnadas Dwarkadas advised the students to carry on their agitation. They asked the students to make it a point to keep outsiders out of their organisation and manage things for themselves. They should not allow themselves to be exploited.**

### *DELIBERATE MISREPRESENTATION*

Mr. G. G. Mehta, one of the Secretaries of the Students' Committee, welcomed the speakers.

Mr. M. C. Chagla in the course of his speech, said that it was a Victorian saying that the voice of the students should be seen and not heard. But the students of Bombay were insisting on asserting their rights. The speaker whole-heartedly welcomed the move of the Bombay students to assert their rights and their becoming conscious of their rights as students. He referred to the students' demands that had been drafted and said that he agreed with the bulk of them. Before coming to the meeting it had been suggested to the speaker that he should not mix with the hot-headed impulsive young men. It was the view of the speaker that it was the right of youth to be impulsive as it was the duty of the so-called politicians and statesmen to direct the enthusiasm of the young in proper direction.

Continuing the speaker said that in certain interested quarters the recent movement of the students was deliberately being misrepresented. The speaker said that he was sure the students would agree with him when he said that there was nothing of politics in the students movement. It was a movement to assert and fight for the rights of the students as a class.

"FOUL AND UNHOLY."

"Schools and Universities exist for students and not students for Schools and Universities," continued Mr. Chagla and the students had a right to criticise the administration of the University if it went wrong. Mr. Chagla referred to the rules pertaining to the new matriculation examination and he said he was horrified to read them. It was the contention of the speaker that the paramount duty of the administration of the University was the interest of the students.

SUPPORT TO CHARTER.

The speaker referred to the students' demands and said that he completely agreed with the demand about maintaining intellectual integrity of the students. He said that the students had every right to say that they had a right to think for themselves and read whatever they liked and come to their own conclusions. Mr. Chagla further said that there was nothing in Bombay to suggest that the city was a University town though there were several colleges and thousands of boys and girls were visiting these Colleges every day. He thought that the well-being of the young men of the country was a thing which every right thinking man would welcome. He thought that the students' movement, directed in the proper channel, would help the country at large to a very great extent and young men might achieve what the elders had failed to do, namely, Hindu-Muslim unity and freedom of the country.

MODERATE DEMANDS.

Mr. M. R. Masani expressed surprise that the demands that had been put forth by the students' committee was a moderate one. For any movement to be a success, it should have sound idea, clear objective and strong organisation. The speaker suggested to the students that they should pay more attention towards organising themselves on a sound basis and make the Students' Union a genuinely representative body of the students, if not they would not succeed in their efforts. It should not allow outsiders to get in and manage things for them. There was no doubt that the students' movement formed part of the bigger political movement in the country, but the speaker advised the students not to be partisans. He felt confident that the present movement was the beginning of a real genuine students' movement in the country.

OPPOSITION TO UNIONS.

Mr. S. K. Patil said that as a friend of the students, it was his duty to give his views on the demands of the students. He said that he did not agree with three of their demands. Firstly, he did not agree with the demand that Vice-Chancellor should be elected by the students. He said that if such a thing were allowed, the University would become more an arena for political battles as to which party candidate shall be the Vice-Chancellor and which not and the interests of education would go to the background. He also did not see the purpose behind the demand that the names of the examiners should be made public. He did not believe that it would help the cause of proper education. The other demand with which he was not in agreement was regarding the formation of unions. He wanted that the students should form one single organisation, which, should be representative of all the students instead of forming Students' Unions everywhere and each Union putting forth its demand before the University authorities.

Mr. Patil, in conclusion referred to the educational system in the Western countries and in India and said that he could not see why the authorities concerned were lessening the percentage of successful candidates in the examinations.

GREAT FUTURE FOR MOVEMENT.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas thought that a very great future was awaiting the students' movement that had started in Bombay.

He said that the University had become more a profit-making body and not a body concerned with imparting proper education to the students. The demands which had been drafted by the Students' Committee was the direct result of the reaction of the recent matriculation results. He welcomed the movement from a much higher point of view and that was that he expected the students' movement to change the whole aspect of Indian politics which had degraded itself.

Mr. Chagla in his concluding remarks referred to the demands in which there was a clause referring to Direct Action. He said that he never believed in empty threats unless there was the power to act, upto them. When he enquired as to what direct action they would take one of the Secretaries had told him that they would resort to hunger-strikes. He thought it was ridiculous. He advised the students, as a friend of theirs, that if they wanted to achieve something, they should not hold out the threat of "direct action." He thought that it was the duty of the University authorities to listen to the just demands of the students. He wanted the students who were meeting in a Conference to take a serious view of things and not pass resolutions which they did not mean to put into action when time came.

With a vote of thanks to the Chair and the speakers, the meeting terminated.

# Privy Council Uphold Inamdar's Rights

### *JUDGMENT IN KOLABA SARDAR'S SUIT AGAINST SECRETARY OF STATE*

POONA, July 31.

Intimation has just been received here of the Lords of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council having delivered judgment in one of the most important suits pertaining to the enjoyment of proprietory rights of Inam villages.

The appellant in the suit was Sardar Vinayak Rao Dhimdiraj Biwalkar, a first class Sardar of the Deccan and an Imamdar in the Kolaba Collectorate. The respondent in the case was the Secretary of State for India in Council and the claim made was in respect of an aggregate amount of about three lakhs of rupees and costs.

FACTS OF THE CASE

The facts of the case were as under:—

The grandfather of the appellant was the Dewan to the Chief of Kolaba State. The Angria, who was the Chief of the State, entered into a treaty with the East India Company's Government in 1822. In this treaty were guaranteed the grants of certain villages and lands made by the Angria to the Dewan in recognition of his services at the time of the subsequent transfer of territory from the Angria to the East India Company, some of these lands were however, affected and the Angria, therefore, made a fresh grant to the Dewan and a fresh guarantee by the Company was also given.

The State of Kolaba lapsed to the Company's Government in 1844. In 1850 the grandfather of the appellant died, when a cash allowance was substituted for some of the lands that were retaken. His son died later in 1880 and his widow adopted the appellant in 1884. The adoption was recognised by the Government.

The appellant naturally was to have the full rights in the Inam villages including the forests but after the death of the widow, who had adopted the appellant, the appellant was informed that he would get a small annuity of Rs. 5,000 only. The appellant thereupon, moved the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council who finally admitted the appellant's claim to succeed to his mother's Inam property.

BOMBAY GOVT'S CONTENTION

The Government of Bombay, however, instead of giving effect to the Viceroy's decision, maintained that the appellant was entitled to only a portion of the recoveries and denied his right to possession thereof as owner, but contended that he was merely a manager. They also denied him the ownership-right of the forests.

The appellant, thereupon prayed that he should be declared the Inamdar and owner of the soil and that he had full propriety rights in the villages in question. It was further prayed that the respondent be restrained by an injunction from introducing survey settlement in the villages.

Their Lordships of the Privy Council upheld the appellant's claim.—United Press.

## 41 ARRESTS AT LUCKNOW

### Explosion Of Cracker In Procession And Its Sequel

LUCKNOW, July 31.

Forty-one arrests followed the explosion of a large cracker resulting in minor injuries to several persons this afternoon, as a sequel to the disobedience of the District Magistrate's order by one section of Muslims in Lucknow.

It may be recalled that the local authorities promulgated section 144 in the City prohibiting the reading of "Madha Saheba" (verses in praise of three associates of the Prophet) by the Sunni Muslims of the Lucknow City as that offended the Shias. As a protest the Sunni Muslims of the City carried on Satyagraha every Friday by taking out processions after prayers, in defiance of section 144 and offering themselves for arrest. During the last two months more than 50 arrests have already been effected.

To-day being Friday the Sunni Muslims, about 2,000 in number, as usual formed a procession after prayers but were accosted by a police party outside Tila Mosque. The City Magistrate who was present on the spot declared the assembly unlawful and asked them to disperse. On refusal he ordered arrests and while arrests were being made, a large cracker fell in the midst of the crowd, which exploded resulting in six constables and several processionists being injured. One constable fainted on the spot.

The cracker was found to contain large pieces of glass, splinters and iron nails. The police arrested 41 persons.

Muslims closed their shops as a protest against the arrests.—United Press.

## TWO AIRMEN KILLED

### Italian 'Plane Crash And Its Sequel

ORAN, July 31.

Three out of six Italian aeroplanes from Sardinia, en route to the Spanish Morocco, made a forced landing on the French soil.

One 'plane crashed near Nemours, Algeria, and two airmen were killed and one injured. Five machineguns were found aboard the 'plane.

The second machine made a forced landing near Oran and the third near Lamoulouya. One of the crew of the latter stated that they were on a mission to Nador, south of Melilla in the Spanish Morocco, which was held by the insurgents.

The machine carried no mark or identification number.—Reuter.

## NO CODE TELEGRAMS FOR SPAIN

The Chief Superintendent of the Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department has issued the following Telegraph Notification:

Telegrams in code language for Spain are not being permitted since the midnight of July 29|30.

## *Br. PARLIAMENT ADJOURNS*

LONDON, July 31.

Parliament adjourned for the summer recess until October 29.—Reuter.

## *EMPLOYERS MEET WORKERS HALF-WAY*

### *Restoration Of Railwaymen's Wage-Cut*

LONDON, July 31.

Four hundred thousand railwaymen will receive one and quarter per cent. of the balance of wage-cut made by Companies in 1931 still outstanding which is half their demand.

The decision was issued to-day by the National Tribunal and corresponds to the employers' offer.

The award operates for a year from August 16.—Reuter.


## DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

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**The Three 1936 Results so far Declared are THE BEST in India.**

In R. A. (First) Examination, **first class first with Distinction (or honours)** and cent per cent passes.

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**80, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.**


## LANCASHIRE WAGE DEMANDS

### Operatives Decide To Refer Matter To Conciliation Board

LONDON, July 31.

Representatives of Lancashire cotton operatives met employers and discussed wage demands. They decided to refer the matter to the Conciliation Board since the meeting did not reach agreement. The total of spinners and card-room workers and weavers involved amounts to 250,000.—Reuter.

## *RESERVE MILITARY TO GUARD MILL?*

### *Pondicherry Situation Quiet*

PONDICHERRY, July 31.

The situation is quiet.

Reserve military has been requisitioned from Chandernagore to guard the mill premises. Official figures of casualties is three dead and seven injured as reported yesterday.—A. P.

## *Handicapped By Weather*

KARACHI, August 1.

Lord Sempill who landed at Jask at 15/15 (G.M.T.) continued his journey to Karachi but returned to Jask at 17/15 due to bad weather. He is awaiting favourable weather to continue the journey.

(Lord Sempill is making an attempt to do the journey from Croydon to Melbourne in 3½ days or less.)—A.P.

## DANGER OF CIVIL WAR IN CHINA

HONG KONG, July 31.

**Owing to the renewed danger of an outbreak of civil war between Kwangsi and Central Government forces, the H.M.S. "Moth" is standing by at Wuchow, situated in the borders of Kwangsi and Kwangtung and will shortly be joined by another river gunboat, "Seamew" and an American gunboat, "Mindanao."**

**The vessels will be ready to evacuate foreign residents, mainly missionaries concentrated in Wuchow during the recent tension in the south-west.—Reuter.**

## *CLAIM AGAINST CORPORATION*

### *Estate Brokers' Suit Dismissed*

Mr. Justice Divatia at the High Court dismissed with costs the suit filed by Messrs. Harver Phiroze and Company against the Municipal Corporation.

The plaintiffs, who are estate and finance brokers, claimed Rs. 4,126 as brokerage in respect of the sale of a municipal plot at the junction of Hornby Road and Phirozeshah Mehta Road. The plot was sold to the Bombay Mutual Life Assurance Society Limited for Rs. 2,75,101 in 1933.

In his judgment Mr. Justice Divatia held, on the evidence, that the transaction was put through not by the plaintiff's efforts, but by direct negotiations between the parties. The plaintiffs, therefore, were not entitled to the brokerage which they claimed.

BERLIN, July 30

Fire destroyed the wing of a scenery store belonging to General Goering's state theatre.

The huge conflagration was watched by thousands and finally subdued by the combined efforts of Black Shirts and Brown Shirts police and half of the Berlin fire brigade were equipped with gas masks.—Reuter.


**Rs. 5,000 — FACE COMPETITION**

*Try your power of observation for few minutes which may perhaps enable you to win the First Prize of Rs. 2,500 in our "FACE COMPETITION."*

*ENTRY COUPON will appear in SUNDAY EDITION of "The Bombay Chronicle" in the issue dated 2nd August.*

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# Govt. Launch Attack On Railway Workers

## NOTICES TO MATUNGA WORKSHOP MEN

## Propaganda For Resistance Against Offensive

Mr. Zulmiram Chowdhery, the General Secretary of the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union writes:—

A large number of workmen employed in the Matunga workshops have received the following notice from the administration:

"The Railway Board have recently ruled that staff retrenched on 31-3-31 with under one year's service should be considered as temporary hands and that their services should not be taken into consideration.

Owing to the fact that you entered the service after 15-7-31, you are governed by the Revised Scales of pay in accordance with the orders of the Railway Board vide their No. E.135 RX.27 of 18-11-35 and you have been brought on these revised scales from 1-1-35.

### "Excess" Payments

Excess payments made on the old scales of pay on and from 18-11-35 will have to be recovered in suitable instalments as per Agent's orders. The amounts so recoverable and the number of instalments will be advised in due course.

Your pay for July 1936 payable in August 1936 is on the Revised rate which is Rs. 34/- per month.

Grain compensation will not apply to staff on Revised scales of pay."

This notice is given to a workman who was drawing Rs. 41/- per month. This notice has caused a great stir among the workmen as it means not only a permanent reduction in their already meagre pay but also a further reduction till the excess payment, which in many case will amount to many hundreds of rupees, is recovered.

### CALL FOR COLLECTIVE RESISTANCE

With a view to protest against the offensive of retrenchment introduction of revised scale of pay, inordinate delay in granting leave to staff, scarcity of water supply in Matunga workshops etc., a mass meeting of the G. I. P. Railway workers was held on Wednesday, at Matunga with Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, the president of the G. I. P. Railway Workers' Union in the chair.

Speaking on the various grievances of the workers, which he said, were increasing day by day in number and in their disasterous nature, he explained the immediate task before the railwaymen as a whole and said that collective resistance was the only remedy before the Railway workers, if they desired to defend their right and advance their interest which were in imminent danger.

He explained how the Railway Board had regarded with utter contempt the request of the Railwaymen's Federation in the matter of staff retrenchment, and introduction of revised scale of pay and why therefore it was necessary for the workers to retaliate by whole-heartedly participating in the programme chalked out by the Demonstration Committee.

### SAME AS IN MILLS

Mr. Zulmiram Chowdhery, the General Secretary of the Union said that by their order to appoint a Selection Committee to select inefficient men for retrenchment and whose decisions were final and to which no appeals would lie, the Railway Board had consciously or unconsciously introduced the same kind of "corruption and impurity among the supervisory staff and officers of the Railway which at present prevail in the Textile Mills of Bombay where, as per the monthly reports of the Labour Officer to the Government of Bombay, bribery, favouritism and victimisation are rampant."

The fact that Railway employees in all departments did not get leave in time and had been asked to apply in good time for even casual leave which was meant to be granted at a moment's notice, on the plea of paucity of relieving hands, exposed the claim of the Railway administration that in some departments men were in surplus to requirement and must, therefore necessarily be retrenched. The fact was that with the threat of declaring men inefficient and subsequently discharging them, the Railway Administration wanted to extort more work with the reduced number of men on scandalously reduced pay.

He therefore exhorted the men to make the programme of the Demonstration Committee successful.

### RESIST THIS MANIA

Mr. Khale of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Employees' Union and the Provincial Organiser of the Railway Retrenchment Resistance Committee also spoke exhorting the men to prepare for offering maximum resistance to the money-saving mania of the Railway Board.

Resolutions condemning retrenchment, demanding adequate supply of water in all the shops in Matunga workshop where a number of water taps are locked, protesting against the system prevailing in Matunga and Parel dispensaries where sick and wounded men, instead of being attended to for the specific sickness or injury are subjected to severe physical test with the ultimate view of declaring them physically unfit for further services, and demanding immediate grant of promotion to workmen whose promotions are blocked for many years, were unanimously passed.

The meeting then terminated.

## RAPPROCHEMENT WITH CONGRESS?

### Punjab Muslim Leader On Attitude Of Majlis-i-Ittehad

PATNA, (By Mail.)

Maulana Zafar Ali Khan of the Punjab President of the Majlisi Ittehadi Millat, in the course of a Press interview said:—

"I want to remove any misunderstanding that may arise as to the attitude of the Majlis-i-Ittehad-i-Millat towards the Indian National Congress. It is true that we are desirous of creating an All-India Muslim platform having for its creed Complete Independence for India. But the creation of such a platform is in no way a bar to a healthy co-operation with the Congress in its struggle for the emancipation of our motherland. We are only paving the way for a final rapprochement with the Congress whose ideals we all admire".—A. P.

A group of students who have passed the final Diploma Examination of the Mahila Seva Mandal Industrial classes for Women conducted by the Social Service League, Bombay.

## WHAT IS WRONG WITH OUR UNIVERSITY?

(Continued from page 6)

Europe and passed the same test in the British and European Universities, tests which our University has recognised as superior to its own.

### UNMANAGEABLE NUMBERS

If we add to the mentality which we have referred to above the fact that the number of aspirants for the matriculation certificate has increased to the unmanageable dimension of nearly 26,000, the position is made even more difficult. The greatest drawback in connection with the Bombay University is that it attempts to discharge a duty which is far beyond the capacity of its present organisation. If you locate a University in a small island like ours and make it satisfy the wants of a huge province with Sind at one end and Dharwar at the other, you cannot help feeling that with an organisation such as ours we are doing a thing which must result in inefficiency.

### WANTED SEPARATE UNIVERSITY CENTRES

The only remedy to cope with this institution in my humble opinion as a student of scientific organisation in business is to decentralise through establishment of separate Universities at selected centres in the Province. The Province of Sind has separated from us and there is no reason why a separate University should not be established at a centre like Karachi. The other University may be more conveniently located either in Poona or some other suitable centre of the Marathi speaking people. One more may answer the want of Gujarat. The objection raised by some of my academic friends that there are not sufficient number of colleges at these centres to justify the establishment of Universities is again based on a misconception as to what the University should be. The mental habit again of looking at a University as primarily an examining body, with a number of affiliated colleges clustering around it for the purpose of teaching under independent organisations, seems to have obsessed the vision of these academic friends. Any Province having a single college can convert the same into a teaching University and that too with great advantage. There is no reason why, therefore, with so many efficient colleges functioning at the centres I have indicated we should not be able to plant Universities on the Bombay pattern. This decentralisation would ensure efficiency in the work, help the development of the culture peculiar to location selected and do justice to the students concerned. The other advantage will be that each University will concentrate on the teaching of that for which it commands a natural advantage due to its location, peculiar bent of the residents and its economic surroundings. The Bombay University could in such circumstances specialise on technical, commercial and scientific learning because Bombay happens to be not only a centre of commerce and industry of this province but is also the centre where India's industries and commerce are mostly controlled and managed by purely Indian institutions.

### PRESENT POSITION LEADS TO INEFFICIENCY

The present position is that the University Senate is virtually prevented from meeting frequently in order to deal with the burning problems of education from month to month or week to week as it should. The expenditure involved in having to pay the Senators who hail from the most distant places is so enormous that the Vice-Chancellor has perforce to limit the number of Senate meetings to about three in the year whereas in fact there is ample scope for a couple of dozen of meetings in the year. Even at these few and infrequent assemblies the agenda is hurriedly gone through and speeches cut short because each day means additional halting remuneration to the Senators from outside Bombay. In order to economise expenditure of time and money, the work which the University Senate should do is relegated to a large number of committees and councils conjured up by our University Act and there, too, the meetings are not as frequent as they should be because of the expenditure involved. It will thus be seen how our inefficient and unwieldy machinery works. Decentralisation is, I submit, the only remedy urgently called for in the interest of education. If we carried out that objective there would be great concentration and attention on the details of every branch of education under the supervision and control of the Senate with a hundred times more satisfactory result than is possible under the present conditions where overworked machinery moves slowly making a creaking and jarring noise at every turn and producing much less than what the public has a right to expect.

## The Muslim League

(Continued from page 6)

the fault lies at the door of the genuine Muslim Leaguers and not of Mr. Jinnah. One cannot make bricks without straw, and the straw was not forthcoming.

It is easy for Muslim Leaguers, "Puzzled" or otherwise, now to raise their pens and voices in protest but what have they themselves been doing all these years? The view, after all, of any party consists of the sum of the views of the people who compose it and if the Nationalists allow their case to go by default, how can they complain if Mr. Jinnah is surrounded by elements, however conservative or reactionary, but yet active? Do they expect him to sleep as well? If there had been a genuinely nationalistic Provincial Muslim League in existence to-day, the Parliamentary Board would also have been Nationalistic. It is unfortunate that the converse is usually true.

However, let us leave the past to the past and tackle the problems of to-day. If the Parliamentary Board is bad, let us at least prevent it dragging down the Muslim League also. The Provincial League is now being formed and it is the duty of all Nationalists to join it immediately. By doing so there are no plums to be picked but plenty of genuine constructive work to be done. Political life is not bounded by the four walls of the Council Chambers. There are years of work that will never be done by the Board. This, in fact, will hibernate as soon as the elections are over But Public Opinion must not hibernate and this is the task before us.

The task of watching the interests of the Muslim masses, to prevent their betrayal, to organise the districts, to study day to day problems, to educate the electorate, to create a healthy public opinion and, above all, to raise the Muslim Community to its rightful place, standing shoulder to shoulder with the best in the Land.

This is the task before us. Must the workers 'always' be lacking?—Yours etc.,

"EARNEST LEAGUER"

## SARDAR VALLABHBHAI

### To Be In Nursing Home For A Fortnight

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, President of the Congress Parliamentary Committee, was operated upon for nose trouble at the Poly Clinic on Thursday. The operation was successful. The Sardar bore the operation well. The after-effects of the operation seem to be telling on the Sardar, who was not in his usual jovial mood when our representative saw him at the Poly Clinic. Though he is confined to bed, he has been anxiously enquiring about the Parliamentary activities in the country as well as the anti-Congress propaganda that is in progress in certain section of the Press.

The Sardar will be in the Nursing Home for about a fortnight, till which time he has been advised not to exert himself much.

# Harwood League Division II

## FINAL GAME TO-DAY

The final match in the Second Division of the Harwood League will be played on the I.F.L. ground this evening at 5-40 p.m. The contestants are the Transit Section and the B.E.S.T. who stand second and third respectively in the Table. A keen fight is expected between them. As the gate charges have not been raised, large crowds are sure to turn out to witness this trial of strength.

At the conclusion of the match prizes will be given away to the D.L.I. and the Transit Section who have become the champions and runners-up respectively.

### A TRIAL MATCH.

Prior to the above engagement a trial match between two sets of selected players, called the Probables and Possibles, will be staged, commencing from 4-30 p.m. These two teams have been picked up from the best players now playing under the Indian Football League. The following will comprise the teams:—

PROBABLES: (colours): Chowdrie (Bengal Club). Premlal (Bholwada) and Ramchandra (Mahim); Jayram (D.L.I. Followers), Dadoo (Parel Sporting) and Mantolla (D.L.I. Followers); Shiva (D. L. I. Followers); Rebeiro (G. S. Medical College), Salim Captain (Mahim), Bose (Bengal Club) and Roberts (Mahim).

POSSIBLES: (Whites); Willie (Mahim); Narayan (Havero) Allabux (D.L.I. Followers) Mascarenhas (G. S. Medical College), Mukherjee (Bengal Club), and Caesar (Parel Sporting), Jesudian, Captain (Mahim), Marrie (D.L.I. Followers), Salien (Havero), Baboo (Bholwada), and Chuppan (Mahim).

RESERVES: Mendon (Havero) Goal. K. Menon (Mahim) Back. B. Datt (Bengal Club) Half Back. Swami (Bholwada) and Narsingloo (Rainbow) Forwards.

D. L. I. B. VS. I. F. L. XI.

It is understood that another friendly match between a selected I.F.L. IX and the D.L.I. "B" who have won the II Division of the Harwood League, has been arranged to take place on the I.F.L. ground on Monday, August 3, at 5-40 p.m

These matches are being arranged by the I.F.L. Committee with a view to select the best combination which will represent the I.F.L. in the ensuing Rovers Tournament, and at the same time give them some practice together before the cup match is played.

Of course there is not much chance for the I. F. L. Team to lower the colours of any of the formidable teams participating in the Rovers this year. But the I. F. L. Committee expect them to make a good show. Anyway, they want to encourage their players and to gauge their strength and standard from year to year in comparison with the first rate teams in the country.

### WEEK-END FIXTURES.

The following matches will be played on the I.F.L. ground this week-end:—

SATURDAY, August 1.

4-30 p.m.: Colours vs. Whites (I.F.L.)

5-40 p.m.: Transit Section vs. B.E.S.T.

Final Match Harwood League II Division)

SUNDAY, August 2.

3-40 p.m.: Kanara Saraswats vs. Khatau F.C.

4-40 p.m.: G. S. Medical College vs. Bholwada.

5-40 p.m.: Rainbow F.C. vs. Parel Sporting.

MONDAY, August 3.

4-40 p.m.: King's Circle vs. Goans United.

5-40 p.m.: Durhams "B" vs. I.F.L. XI.

## CLEMENCY FOR KIDNAPPERS

### Gaekwar Grants Petition Of Manibanoo Case Accused

(From Our Correspondent)

SAYAJI GANJ, (Baroda) July 31.

It is understood that the petition of all the accused in the Manibanoo Kidnapping Case, asking for clemency of the Gaekwar of Baroda has been granted and the remaining sentence of all cancelled. Only fines will be recovered.

As a sequel to the mercy shown by the Gaekwar all the accused would be released forthwith.


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| **UNDERWEAR BARGAINS** | |
| Meridian Cotton Vests | 3- 8 |
| An-On Union Suits | 3-12 |
| Celanese Art Silk Vests | 3-12 |
| An-On 2-Piece Suits | 5- 8 |
| **SHIRTWEAR BARGAINS** | |
| Khaki Cotton Shirts | 1-12 |
| White Crepe Tennis Shirts | 2-12 |
| Fancy Cotton Shirts | 2-12 |
| Jaeger Flannel Shirts | 7- 8 |
| **SUITWEAR BARGAINS** | |
| Grey Flannel Trousers | 10- 8 |
| Washing Cotton Lounge Coats | 10- 0 |
| Washing Cotton 2-Piece Suits | 15- 0 |
| Fancy Cashmere 3-Piece Suits | 37- 8 |
| **PYJAMA SUITS—DRESSING GOWNS.** | |
| Fancy Cotton Pyjama Suits | 5- 8 |
| Luvisca Silk Pyjama Suits | 7- 8 |
| Fancy Terry Bath Gowns | 12- 8 |
| Pure Wool Dressing Gowns | 22- 8 |
| **CARDIGANS—PULLOVERS.** | |
| Fancy Wool Slip-Overs | 6- 8 |
| Pesco Wool Pullovers | 8-12 |
| Pesco Wool Cardigans | 10- 0 |
| Pesco Super Wool Pullovers | 12- 8 |
| **SOCKS & STOCKING BARGAINS.** | |
| Plain Colour Lisle Socks | 1- 4 |
| Jaeger Cashmere Wool Socks | 1-12 |
| Best Fancy Lisle Socks | 2- 8 |
| Fancy Cashmere Golf Hose | 4-12 |

| | FROM Rs. As. |
|---|---|
| **HEADWEAR BARGAINS.** | |
| Jaeger Fleece Caps | 4- 8 |
| Tress Soft Felt Hats | 7- 8 |
| Compressed Cork Sun Hats | 9- 8 |
| Hawkes Cork Sun Hats | 12- 8 |
| **FOOTWEAR BARGAINS** | |
| Patent Leather Slippers | 3- 8 |
| Best Quality Slippers | 7-12 |
| High Grade Boots or Shoes | 15- 0 |
| Hand-made Fancy Shoes | 27- 8 |
| **NECKWEAR BARGAINS.** | |
| Foulard Silk Ties | 1- 0 |
| Fancy Silk Ties | 1-12 |
| Warm Wool Mufflers | 3- 0 |
| Fancy Silk Mufflers | 5- 0 |
| **GARMENTS FOR INDIAN GENTLEMEN.** | |
| White Cotton Breeches | 7- 8 |
| Silk Brocaded Jackets | 30- 0 |
| Black Pinhead Coats | 30- 0 |
| Brocaded Silk Achkhans | 75- 0 |
| **SMART SPORTS SHIRTS.** | |
| Aertex Cellular | 3- 0 |
| Celanese Art Silk | 3-12 |
| Meridian Woven | 3-12 |
| Pesco Pure Wool | 3-12 |
| **MISCELLANEOUS WEAR.** | |
| Wide Web Suspenders | 0-12 |
| Span Bracer Support | 1- 4 |
| Guyots French Braces | 1- 8 |
| Strong Canvas Belts | 1-12 |

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# FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

*"Little Lord Fauntleroy" At Regal—"Greta Garbo" At Capitol—Capra's Picture Retained At Pathe—"Captain Blood" Revived At Opera "Speed" At Central—"First Offence" At Excelsior—Laurel And Hardy Comedies Week At Plaza*

Greta Garbo in "Joyless Street" at the Capitol this week.

## DARE-DEVIL DRIVES IN "SPEED"

### At The Central

The drama and romance of modern industry which the world at large seldom recognizes, combine with striking power in the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer production, 'Speed', which opens tonight at the Central.

The picture is happily titled. It reflects the pace of the mechanical age and at the same time humanizes the scene in any typical American industrial plant. It is a story of automobile manufacturing and of dare-devil tests on dangerous curves, with a colourful love affair in progress.

DARING MAN

Lucien Hubbard was the producer and Edwin L. Marin directed from a story by Lawrence Bachman and Milton Krims. The cast consists of James Stewart, Wendy Barrie, Una Merkel, Weldon Heyburn, Ted Healy, Ralph Morgan and Patricia Wilder.

Stewart portrays a daring young man at the wheel, who is vitally concerned with his invention of a new carburetor.

Miss Barrie is charming in the role of a factory executive's daughter who goes to work in the plant and promptly wins the heart of the world's most reckless test driver.

Weldon Heyburn, distinguished on the New York stage, appears as the keen engineer who also loves Miss Barrie.

The picture is thrilling in its dramatization of the life of a test driver and it is unique on the score of presenting a side of American industrial romance that seldom reaches the public.

## "FAUNTLEROY", SELZNICK STARS FREDDIE BARTHOLOMEW,

### At The Regal

Freddie Bartholomew and Dolores Costello Barrymore are co-starred in "Little Lord Fauntleroy" the Selznick International Picture, which comes to the Regal Theatre from to-day. The first independent production of David O. Selznick, who made such hits as "David Copperfield," "A Tale of Two Cities," "Dinner at Eight" "Viva Villa" and "Anna Karenina" this charming picturization of the world famous France Hodgson Burnett story boasts a brilliant supporting cast, including C. Aubrey Smith, Guy Kibbe, Mickey Rooney, Henry Stephenson, E. E. Clive, Una O'Connor, Jackie Searl, Ivan Simpson, Jessie Ralph, Constance Collier and others. Hugh Walpole, distinguished novelist, who adapted the story to the screen, has adhered faithfully to the origin, which is laid in the Eugland and America of the 80's. The chief departure from tradition is in the appearance of Fauntleroy, for Fred Bartholomew wears neither the long golden curls nor the plush suit associated with the character. The story follows the familiar adventures of the little American boy who became a nobleman and went to England to live in Dorincourt Castle with his grandfather, the irascible old Earl, who refuses to recognize the Child's adored young mother, "Dearest" because his late son had married her against his wishes. How the little chap's love works a complete transformation in the gruff of old fellow is charmingly depicted, and the menace is introduced in the person of a vulgar woman who appears to claim that her son, an unpleasant little brat, is the rightful heir. After many difficulties, "Little Lord Fauntleroy's" right to the title is securely established however and the Earl makes the child's happiness complete by bringing 'Dearest' to Dorincourt. Dolores Costello Barrymore returns to the screen as 'Dearest'; C. Aubrey Smith is seen as the Earl; Guy Kibbe plays Mr. Hobbs, the jovial grocer; Mickey Rooney is cast as Dick, the bootblack; Henry Stephenson plays the Earl's lawyer, Havisham and Jackie Searl is seen as the false claimant. Also prominently cast are E. D. Clive, Una O'Connor, Ivan Simpson, Jessie Ralph and Constance Collier. John Cromwell handled the megaphone and Major O. Bagley, who was responsible for the absolute authenticity of "David Copperfield," again acted as technical adviser. "Little Lord Fauntleroy" is released through United Artistes.

## "CAPTAIN BLOOD"

### Popular Revival At Royal Opera House

Rafael Sabatini's immortal tale of piracy on the high seas, "Captain Blood" is now acknowledged to have taken its place among the classic stories of adventure written in the last century. Its thrilling action and absorbing romance are known to all readers whose hearts respond to the call of adventure and the lure of excitement "Captain Blood" with all its colour, its vividness and its thrills is revived at the Opera House. This film masterpiece when shown few months ago in Bombay, had enjoyed a record breaking run of three weeks. And what a picture it is. In the immensity of its stark drama, its tremendous sets, its bizarre and picturesque background, its thrilling action and its marvellous characterizations. "Captain Blood" stands out as one of the great film masterpieces.

The picture is produced by Cosmopolitan for Warner Bros. release. on an amazingly lavish scale. Sixteenth century cities and villages reconstructed; pirate galleons, slave ships and English and French war vessels, complete in every detail are shown in terrific battle action, the costuming of thousands of players, kings, Colonial governors, nobles, slaves, peasants, pirates and peons in a work of remarkable artistry.

Heading a cast as unusual as the production itself are two young film players whose work has undoubtedly set them among the leading stars of the cinema.

"Little Lord Fauntleroy" at the Regal this week.

## MR. DEEDS GOES TO TOWN

### Capra's Picture At Pathe

Frank Capra, that peer of directors has taken Gary Cooper, Jean Arthur, an excellent supporting cast, a fine story by Clarence Budington Kelland, and a live, intelligent screen play by Robert Riskin and molded them all into a motion picture so superior that there are few superlatives worthy of it. Its title is "Mr. Deeds Goes to Town," and it is retained from last week under the Columbia banner, settling down at the Pathe Theatre to get an enthusiastic reception from all hands.

From under Mr. Capra's magic wand has sprung a new Gary Cooper, humorous, amiable, vibrant and winning. He seems to have been injected with the same mysterious fluid that electrified Clark Gable into giving the best performance of his life in Mr. Capra's "It Happened One Night."

Miss Arthur, too, is revealed in all her glory. Her performance can only be described as irresistible. This lovely blonde young lady cast a spell over the audience yesterday. She should be considered an important star from this moment on.

"Mr. Deeds Goes to Town" has to do with a young man from a small town who falls into a fortune of 20,000,000 dollars. He is taken to New York against his will to receive the money. Grafters buzz around him like bees around honey. Newspapers give him the works, label him the 'Cinderella Man'. The town goes wild.

One of the reporters, a sob sister, anonymously strikes up his acquaintance to get exclusive stories, and remains to fall in love with him and, unconsciously, causes him so much woe that he attempts to give his fortune away. This move succeeds in getting him arrested for insanity.

Superbly assisted by a cast that includes George Bancroft, Lionel Stander, Douglas Dumbrille, Raymond Walburn, Mme. Margaret Matzenauer, H. B. Warner, Warren Hymer and many other favourites, Mr. Cooper and Miss Arthur prance merrily through the film, which, in the final analysis, is a completely enchanting production, a victory for all concerned.

## LAUREL AND HARDY COMEDIES WEEK

### At The Plaza

Laurel and Hardy, Bombay's most favourite and funny comedians appear this week at the Plaza (Tilak Bridge, Dadar) with five of their best roaring and laugh-provoking comedies in a full two-hours' programme. They provide an excellent opportunity to pass merrily and joyfully delightful evenings with their pranks and rib-cracking fun. Laurel and Hardy appear in their most hilarious comedies—"Tit For Tat," "Chimp," "Our Wife," "Scram" and "Another Fine Mess"—and it is a real delight to see them in funny mess and trying to extricate themselves from it. Let your kiddies roar with laughter-screams for full two hours enjoying their pet favourites Laurel and Hardy.

ITALIAN DISTINCTION OF LENI RIEFENSTAHL: A reception (on the 8th of June) took place in the Italian Embassy of Berlin, being this the opportunity for the Italian Ambassador to hand over to Leni Reifensahl a bronce for her film. "The Thiumph of the Will". The presentation of the bronce to Leni Riefenstahl by the Italian Minister. On the left: Countess Ciano, Mussolini's daughter, and Secretary of State Funk; on the right: Reich Minister Dr. Goebbels.

## "FIRST OFFENCE"

### At The Excelsior

One of the main attractions of this picture at the Excelsior this week is the personality of the hero, John Mills, a young actor who has come to the fore in the last year or two. He was a striking figure in "Brown on Resolution" and took the leading male role in "Car of Dreams", playing opposite Grete Mosheim. In this picture he takes the part of an impulsive young man, son of a Paris Doctor, who comes involved in the activities of a gang of car thieves. The boy experiences many thrilling adventures and learns some severe lessons before he sails away to start life afresh with the girl of his choice.

Playing opposite John Mills is Lilli Palmer, the pretty blonde Viennese actress, who is quickly making good on the screen.

Much of the action in this picture takes place in Paris and south of France. and it is said that these shots are particularly real and convincing. An expert on French customs, Franz Perls, was engaged to supervise these scenes.

The central action of the film occurs in a garage known as the "Monico", where the car thieves give new dresses to their stolen vehicles. In fact, the whole garage is alive with intrigue; it is a common-place to see a Rolls-Royce swung up to the upper floor and come down looking like an Armstrong Siddeley. Something of the same kind happens to John's car, and it is through this incident that he commences on the career that brings about his downfall.

The picture has many hair-raising moments. There is a car chase in which police motor-bikes are seen chasing John's car through the darkness of the French country lanes at night, their sinister lights gleaming fiercely in the distance.

There is another hair-raising escape for John when the police raid the garage in which he is employed, and shoot at the lorry in which he is making a get-away. His friend is shot dead by his side, but he escapes with his life, and a heart full of remorse. It is John's father who, at the end, makes clear the way of escape for his wilful son.

Herbert Mason directed this play, which is an unusual subject for a picture. He has treated the story with great sympathy, and has made the most of every opportunity for exciting scenes.

"Mr. Deeds Goes To Town" Capra's picture retained at the Pathe for second week.

"First Offence" at the Excelsior this week.

Errol Flynn, the young actor-adventurer and charming Olivia de Havilland are cast as 'Blood' and 'Miss Bishop.'

Flynn, tall, handsome, debonair, has never been a pirate. He has been a soldier of fortune, a master of trading vessels in the South Seas, a hunter of head-hunters, a master of his own craft and one of the few real adventurers of this age. Above all he is a real actor The mannerisms of a swash-buckling buccaneer, his recklessness, his dare-devility and the subtlety of his characterization show why this comparatively unknown actor was given so important a part as the title role of Captain Blood after scores of Hollywood's heading film favourites had been tested for the part.

Miss de Havilland has beauty, grace and charm and is thoroughly adapted to the role of a noble-woman who first buys the slave and then loves him.

There is Lionel Atwill, famous stage star, in the role of wealthy West-Indian plantation owner. There is Basil Rathbone portraying a cruel and treacherous French pirate slain in a duel by Captain Blood. There is the always lovable Guy Kibbee, also portraying a pirate. And what a pirate he is! Remarkably fine performances are also given by Ross Alexander, Robert Barrat, Frank McGlynn, David Torrence and Colin Kenny in the role of friends of Blood.

The story opens with a rebellion of the Duke of Monmouth against King James, touches on the wholesale hangings and enslavement of rebels at the order of the cruelest of English Chief Justices, Lord Jeffreys, then sweeps to the slave plantations of the West Indies, to pirate ships cruising the seas and scuttling richly laden vessels, to fierce sea battles and the sackling of Port Royal.

"Captain Blood" is the kind of story that can only be pictured in board, heroic strokes, and First National has done just that. Don't miss this opportunity to see the most thrilling adventure film of all times.

## PAUL MUNI'S GREATEST ROLE IN "THE STORY OF LOUIS PASTEUR"

### Coming To The Opera House

Coming to the Opera House next Saturday is what is claimed to be Paul Muni's greatest characterization in the "Story of Louis Pasteur", a cosmopolitan—First

(Continued on Page 10.)

## GRETA GARBO— 12 YEARS AGO

### At The Capitol

The world now calls her 'immortal' but what was she like twelve long years ago? did Hollywood make her or was this gawky Swedish gretchen ever destined to move the world with her wonderful talent?

The answer lies in Joyless Street, the picture that will be screened at the Capitol from Saturday August 1st.

Garbo made this picture twelve years ago and it is directed by the German genius Pabst. It created a sensation in Europe at the time and was banned in no less than three countries. International governments frowned on this daring exposition of the true state of post-war conditions...hunger—cruelty and immorality might well exist but there was no need to bring all these unsavouries to the screen with such startling realism.

It was before she learnt to say "I want to be a lawn" and before she had met the Gilberts and the Gables but the Garbo that you see here, if without that poise and dignified repose is still Garbo and more beautiful than she is now.

Her every gesture...the look in those saddened eyes and that fleeting smile which alas comes only once in a while but then the very heavens rejoice...all tell the tale of a woman who was born great and destined from the first to be the favourite of millions.

Joyless Street is the experience of an age...you sit enraptured and gaze at something you will never see again and there is so much to compare...endlessly compare. It would be heresy to describe Garbo ns the best actress on the screen... it would be more truer to call her the only one!

Together with the above film, there will be another The City of Beautiful Nonsense with the brilliant character actor Emlyn Williams.

"Captain Blood" revived at the Royal Opera House.

Remember, the only way it can be done is the NAVROZI WAY, known to sages who lived in this Mystic Land centuries ago. For ages together these Mystics of our past Glory, had demonstrated to the whole world that they possessed greater knowledge and a superior control over all obstacles in life. This they had done with the help of a simple but powerful force which is now called "Navarozi"—made simpler still by transmitting it into your life in an attractive locket.

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# Towards Brighter Bombay

## Who Creates The Slums?

## WHAT OUR READERS SAY

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I was very much amused to read in your issue of the 28th July a contribution by Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai, Chairman, Standing Committee, Bombay Municipal Corporation under the cachet "Bombay Slums". It is a matter of great felicitation that the subject of the Bombay slums has been seriously taken in hand by the Municipal Corporation. The observations of Mr. Mohanlal Desai on this subject do not add anything new to what has been said before except that they import an undeserved attack on the Bombay landlords. Mr. Desai appears to think that the landlords are mainly responsible for the Bombay slums. They are also similarly held responsible for defective construction of buildings which leave insufficient room for light and air. Ever since the days of the Bombay Rent Act the landlords have always been on the brain of certain people, who appear to think that any stick is good enough to beat them with. That the Bombay Municipal Rules and Regulations about the construction of buildings are defective, is, in the opinion of Mr. Desai, also the fault of the Bombay landlords. One fails to understand why the Municipality maintains costly Departments such as the Streets and Building Department and the Health Department, and people of the type of Mr. Desai are sent to the Corporation to watch the interests of the poor people.

The Bombay Improvement Trust created certain model localities and people were naturally led to expect that the Municipal Building rules would be amended so as to bring them into line with those of the Improvement Trust so that new localities at any rate would be built upon after the approved fashion. But as usual the Municipal Corporation (Mr. Desai included) were sleeping for so long a time and now we find the curious spectacle of a responsible officer of the Corporation trying to shift their blame on the shoulders of innocent people. The landlord like any other investor is not a born philanthropist. He has to take care that the money which he spends gives him a good return. So long as the landlords are keeping within the four corners of the Municipal rules, if the construction of building is defective, the fault clearly lies at the door of the Bombay Municipality and nobody else.

The slums are the result mainly of two causes. Culpable negligence of the Municipal authorities in carrying out their duties to the poor residents of Bombay, and a certain pernicious mentality which, unfortunately, characterises the proletarian. Cleanliness is more or less a personal habit and where it does not exist even a decent residential locality sooner or later may be reduced to the slum condition. If the Municipality is serious about removing the slums in Bombay not only the Health Department must be more vigilant and industrious in attending to slum areas but they must take steps to enforce certain discipline among the citizens of these localities. They must be taught clean and sanitary ways even by the adoption of drastic measures for some time. So long as the poorer class adheres to their slovenly, insanitary and dirty ways, even assuming that the Municipal authorities exert their best to place the slums in a healthy condition, there is not the least doubt that the slum land of Bombay will continue to exist in some shape or other.

The most curious part of this learned discourse of the "Chairman of the Standing Committee" is an unseemly attack on the landlords. It is the sign of the time that all the sins of commission and omission not only of the Municipality but also of other people are laid at the door of the landlords. If the hooligans of Bombay take into their heads to launch on a temporary career of incendiarism and breaking of each other's heads, the loss occasioned by their pranks is to be made good by the landlords in the shape of the Riot Tax. If the Bombay Municipality is found napping and does not amend its rules so as to bring them in conformity with the approved methods of construction, then the landlords are to be held responsible for the consequences. If the tenants are so devoid of ordinary habits of cleanliness that they must create dirt and filth round about themselves, it is the landlords that must bear the blame. At any rate people who occupy responsible posts like the Chairmanship of the Standing Committee ought to be above the temptation of playing to the gallery and blaming innocent parties for the sins for which mostly they and their Corporation are mainly responsible. Although most people differ from Pandit Jawaharlal in his advocacy of Socialism, still one cannot but have respect for his straightforward ways. But people of the type of Mr. Desai who launch on senseless attacks against a particular class of capitalists for no other fault except that they have chosen to invest money in constructing houses, must be promptly held up for ridicule for promulgating ideas, which although apparently of a Socialistic tenor unmistakably savour of an unreasoning prejudice against a particular class. It is one thing to advocate Socialism outright in all spheres of human life and activity, but to single out a particular class for unfair treatment and to abuse them in season and out of season must be strongly deprecated.

The fashion of falling foul on landlords is of recent growth and can be easily traced to the motive of capturing easy votes from the residents of Bombay, the vast majority of whom must of necessity be tenants at all times. For people who have nothing whatever to lose, having no property of their own it is easy to advocate the spoliation of landlords for the benefit of the tenants. This is only robbing Peter to pay Paul. Their own pockets are not affected in any way. On the contrary, being tenants they stand to gain something by launching an anti-landlord campaign. I have come across many rabid attacks on landlords of this kind, but did not think it worthwhile to take any notice of them, but I was surprised and grieved to find a gentleman who happens to occupy the responsible position of the Chairman of the Standing Committee losing his sense of fair-play to such an extent as to hold the landlords mainly responsible for the existence of the slum land of Bombay. It is on that account that I have to send you these lines as a protest against such irresponsible vapourings which may find favour in certain quarters but from fair-minded persons, whether landlords or tenants, they will meet with nothing but strong disapproval. They create unnecessary hatred and distrust between two important classes of the citizens of this City. The unfortunate Rent Acts of Bombay have already done sufficient mischief in this respect and sanity requires that further attempts should not be made to unnecessarily aggravate the situation.

The suggestion of Mr. Mohanlal that the landlords should be given a certain percentage on their investments along with the sinking fund and outgoings appears a plausible one on the surface. What Mr. Mohanlal means, however, is this—in cases where a landlord gets 6 or 7 per cent on his immovable property his profits should forcibly be curtailed, but if on another of his property he makes little or nothing, he should be left to bear his loss.

(Continued in Col. 5)

## POINTS FROM LETTERS

### *A Railwayman's Grievance*

NIZAMUDDIN ALIBHOY protests against the system prevailing among certain officials of the railways, of forcing the licensed coolies to do "all sorts of drudgery in their houses, taking their services as 'begar'."

### *Wanted Better Lighting*

A SUFFERER draws the attention of the municipal authorities to the improper lighting in the Zaoba's and Dhusvadi lanes, off Thakurdwar. "Cases of pickpocketing, hustling of women-folk and crushing of little children are not a rare occurrence" in those lanes due to want of proper lighting.

## *SCENE IN KARACHI HOSPITAL*

### *Sequel To Demand For Exemption From "Post-Mortem"*

KARACHI, July 31.

The Civil Hospital of Karachi was the scene of great sensation this morning when over 100 Mukrani Muslims, males and females, in militant mood, forced their entry inside the hospital gate and demanded the exemption from 'post mortem' of a kinsman of theirs as it was against Islam.

In view of the delicate situation, the hospital authorities telephoned to the City Station Police and in no time a lorry with 30 armed policemen, sergeants and the D. S. P. came to the scene and drove the Mukranis out of the compound.

The above incident was the result of a serious accident which occurred this morning on the Embankment Road when a lorry knocked down the deceased, aged 28, and a Hindu woman. Both were admitted in hospital where the Muslim succumbed to his injuries.

The lorry driver has been arrested.—United Press.

### *'Pindi Socialists Condemn Repression*

RAWALPINDI, (By Mail).

At a meeting of the 'Pindi Congress Socialist Party held here on the evening of July 28 with Mr. Ghanshyam Dass in the chair, a resolution condemning the present policy of the Punjab Government in launching prosecutions against prominent Socialists of the Punjab and sympathising with all those who have been arrested or interned, was unanimously adopted.

By the second resolution it was resolved to accord a public reception to Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru on behalf of the party.—United Press.

### *Paul Muni's Greatest Role In The Story*

(Continued from Page 9.)

National picture presented by Warner Bros.

In a tense, smashing drama, replete with action and romance, Paul Muni has painted the turbulent life of Louis Pasteur, that amazing French Scientist whose battle for hunting against ignorance and prejudice is one of the most astounding chapters in modern history, in an amazingly colourful picture.

Paul Muni gives much more than a fine characterization. There is no Muni. He has entirely effaced himself, and makes Pasteur live and breathe on the screen. He is Pasteur himself working, battling for humanity.

Supporting Muni, Miss Josephine Hutchinson gives a performance of remarkable artistry which will place her among the leading feminine players of the screen. Among the others notable in the big cast are Antia Louise as Pasteur's daughter and Donal Woods, both providing the romance.

The Agrarian Committee appointed by the U.P. Provincial Congress Committee has almost completed its work. The report, it is expected, will be ready by the middle of next month when it will be submitted to the Provincial Congress Council for its consideration.

(continued from Col. 4.)

Can a proposal be more egregiously inequitable?

I think it was hardly necessary for Mr. Mohanlal to suddenly fly off a tangent in discussing the problem of Bombay slums and pour the vials of his wrath on the poor landlords, the majority of whom have very little to do with the Bombay slums.—Yours, etc.,

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VICKS VAPORUB

# Will Corporation Vote For Speed Limit On Motors?

## Auto Accidents, Proposed New Cinema And Chowpatty Nuisance On Agenda Of August Meeting

**The Bombay Corporation will consider at its first August meeting whether a speed-limit should be imposed on motor vehicles with a view to minimise accidents in the City.**

**If the proposal is accepted the Commissioner will be asked to move the Government Traffic Committee to frame the necessary regulations.**

**Another important item for consideration will be a request to the Collector of Bombay not to lease the plot of land at the junction of Dhobi Talao and 1st Marine Street for the construction of a cinema as such a theatre "is likely to be ruinous to the trade of other older theatres in the City."**

The ordinary monthly meeting of the Municipal Corporation for August will meet on Thursday, August 6, when among other things the following items also will be discussed:—

Mr. M. R. Masani will move that the attention of the Schools Committee be invited to the desirability of making arrangements for the training of mentally deficient children in the Municipal Schools, and it be requested to state what action it proposes to take in the matter.

**Chowpatty Nuisance.**

Mr. K.H. Goregaoker draws the attention of the Municipal Commissioner to the very frequent criticisms appearing in the public Press about the insanitary condition of the Chowpatty Beach and Foreshore due to the hawker nuisance prevailing thereat and wants report at an early date what action he proposes to take to remove the same and also whether the licences given to these hawkers should not be entirely cancelled so as to permit of the area being used peacefully for recreation purposes by the very large number of people who resort to it in the evening.

Dr. G.R.A. Shaikh wants a report on the advisability of recommending the B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., (1) to put up on every tram-car destination boards in Gujerati, Marathi and Urdu characters in addition to the Board in English letters displayed at present, and also to indicate thereon in these languages the 'via' road, if any, required to be shown; and (2) to put up a board with the figure of a lady with necessary direction arrow marks just above the seats reserved for ladies in the tram cars for the guidance of the illiterate passengers as is done by the railway administrations.

**Speed-Limit Wanted.**

Sir J. B. Boman Behram will move that, in view of the numerous motor car accidents recently reported in the newspapers, the Commissioner be requested to move the Government Traffic Committee to consider the desirability of re-imposing speed-limit restrictions on motor cars and other vehicles in the City and to move the authorities concerned to frame regulations in that behalf so as to minimise the accidents and danger to the citizens.

Dr. P. G. Solanki, will move: seconded by Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan

That the Corporation are of opinion that the intention of the Collector of Bombay to offer on 999 years' premium lease the Government plot of land admeasuring 3120 square yards at the junction of Dhobi Talao and 1st Marine Street for the construction of a cinema theatre is not in the best interests of the cinema trade of this City; that it is likely to be ruinous to the trade of other older theatres in the City; and therefore request the Collector of Bombay to utilize the plot for some other public purpose, preferably that of a playground or a public garden.

**Adjournment Procedure**

Mr. Neyer Nissim wants the present procedure regarding adjournment changed and will therefore move that the Corporation are of opinion that in future meetings of the Corporation should be adjourned for the day only on the death of a sitting Councillor or an ex-President or an ex-Mayor or a distinguished citizen who had been connected with the Corporation and that in the case of other distinguished persons who have rendered outstanding service to the City or the country, the duration of the adjournment should be limited to 15 minutes, and that Corporation Resolution No. 801, dated the 28th February 1935, be modified accordingly.

## SLOT MACHINE HELD TO BE GAMING INSTRUMENT

Is gaming with slot machines a kind of wagering or betting?

After discussing this point with reference to several High Court ruling and in view of the language used in section 3 of the Gambling Act, Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, in convicting an accused, observed that gaming with slot machines came under the purview of "gaming" within the meaning of the Act.

The accused urged for a lenient sentence, as it was a test case.

The prosecution case is that the accused Pahilwan Fakirbux was found with three slot machines on July 28, 1936, on Lamington Road. It was found that he was gaming with those machines.

Inspector Bird, who made inquiries in the case, deposed that these slot machines did not require any skill. It was a matter of pure chance that the crane in one machine picked up any article, or that a fall in another, hit by a contrivance fell on any one of the articles in the machine.

The slot machines, he further deposed, were kept in a public place near a school and "Bhatyar Khana".

The accused pleaded "guilty" to the charge.

In giving judgment, to-day, the Magistrate observed that it was not contested by the accused that those machines required neither purely human skill nor both skill and chance.

The onus was entirely on the accused to show, the Magistrate held, that those slot machines came within the general exception of the Gambling Act, in that the games played with them were games of mere skill within the meaning of the section 13 of the Act.

After discussing the point that gaming with slot machines was neither "wagering" nor "betting" but purely "gaming" in a wider sense, the Magistrate sentenced the accused to pay a fine of Rs. 30 or in default to undergo one week's rigorous imprisonment.

The slot machines were confiscated and the accused paid the fine.

---

As a sequel to a fearful fracas in a village near Kasur, between two factions of 'Jats,' in which about a dozen persons were injured, thirty-two men belonging to both the parties have been arrested by the police on charges of rioting and inflicting grievous injuries.

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## B. E. S. & T. WORKERS' GRIEVANCES

### Union Formulates Demands

The Secretary of the Tramway men's Union writes:—

As previously announced by an elaborate handbill, in which the various grievances of the Bombay tramwaymen were enumerated, was held on the open space behind the Dadar Court on Friday evening.

Atmaram Moreshwar, the Vice-President of the Union, was in the chair. Sjts Khedgikar, Vamanrao Kulkarni and Bhogale, V. H. Joshi, Malap, were amongst the speakers.

More than 50 per cent of the workshop employees attended the meeting. The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

(1) This meeting condemns the new repressive policy of the new officers of the B.E.S.T. Company and makes the following demands:

(a) Cancellation of the notice put up for workers' information between 1st and 7th June 1936 informing them that the General Manager Mr. Trollip, has informed the Officers of the Company not to recommend any application for loans exceeding two months wages from the Workers' Welfare Fund and made before completion of one year from the repayment of previous loan.

(b) Cancellation of the notice and its execution, that if any worker comes late in a month on two or more occasions, his increase will be stopped in addition to deduction of wages for time cut on days of late-coming

(c) Stopping of the practice of Foreman to fine workers for time spent for sharpening instruments and to make arrangements to give better and more numerous instruments than at present.

(d) Cancellation of the practice of superseding senior workers.

Cancellation of the notice threatening dire punishment if things drop down from height and supply of a boy or junior worker to help workers doing jobs at abnormal height.

(2) This meeting demands that the deadlock in the transfer of assistant grade workers to the superior grade workmanship, created by the Company in almost all departments for a number of years be at once removed and superior grades be at once granted to all such assistant workers, who will be found efficient after efficiency test (trial) in practice of that work on which he happens to be put to work the longest in the last five years service and to all such workers without efficiency test who had been given work of superior grade and kept on the same for two or more months continuously or intermittently with retrospective effect on wages.

(3) With a view to keep all the above questions constantly before the Company and its officers, this meeting resolves to carry on constant agitation through all possible means through the Union, until they are satisfactorily solved, and authorises the worker members of the Managing Committee to obtain an interview with the officers".

Sjt. Khedgikar, while supporting the first resolution pointed out that the workers Welfare Funds were generally built up from fines, etc., inflicted upon the workers and law had stopped the Companies from touching a pie out of such funds, as otherwise their powers to fine would be considered as crimes. The workers, therefore, had a right to use these funds and the right if chocked up must be won over by agitation and fight through organisation.

Sjt. Kulkarni while moving the resolution No. 3. gave a number of instances from the mill-workers' struggles as to how by organisation alone their demands could be secured.

Sjt. Bhogale laid great stress on continuous organisation, and taking part by the workers themselves in the union movement.

**Under the auspices of the Dadar Bhagini Samaj, a meeting of the ladies of Bombay North, was held on Thursday evening, under the presidency of Sir Govindrao Pradhan (centre), to support Dr. Deshmukh's "Hindu Women's Right to Property Bill" Mr. B. G. Kher (right) was the principal speaker.**

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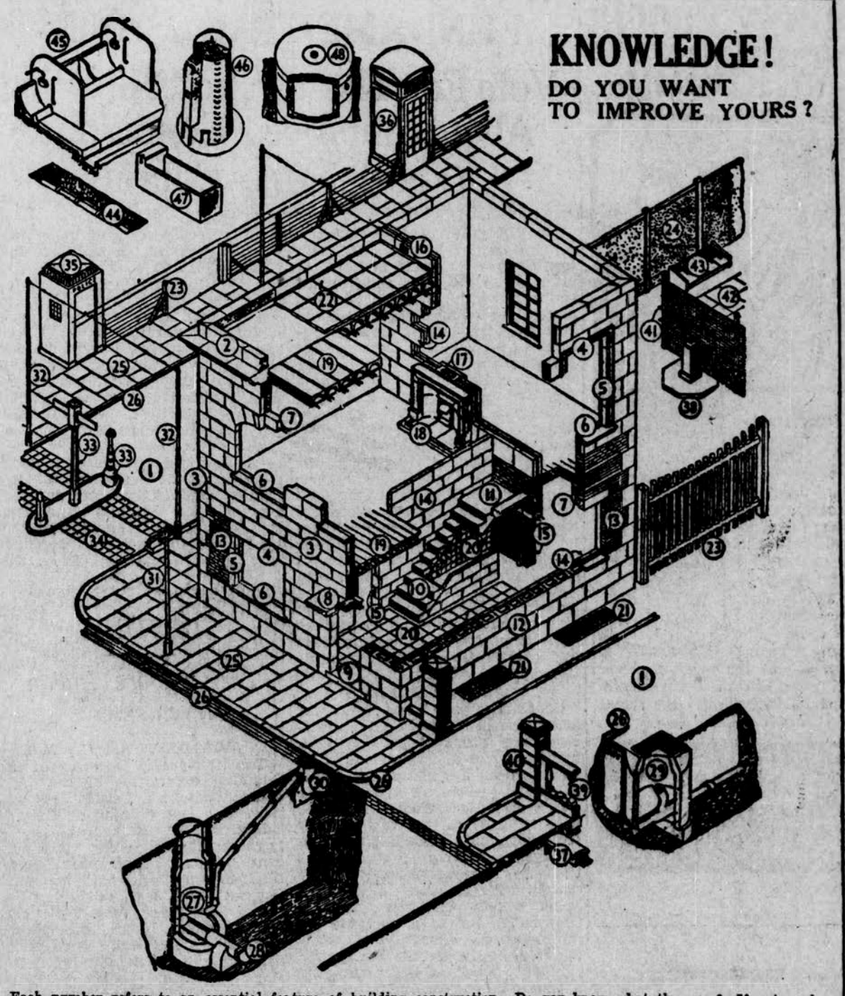

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## PEASANTS' DAY ON SEPT. 1

### Make It Festive Occasion, Says Prof. Ranga

SIMLA, July 28.

The first All-India Peasants' Day will be observed on September 1, with a view to demonstrate the organised strength of Kisans in India.

A note by the Secretary of the All-India Kisan Committee to all provincial workers in this connecton, says:—

"September 1 is fast approaching. On that day, the first All-India Peasants' Day, we, the Servants of the peasants have to demonstrate the organised strength and determined efforts of our peasants to achieve their minimum demands and to get nearer the realisation of their final objective.

We have hardly five weeks before us to carry on our membership campaign, to strengthen our organisation, to tone up our workers and to push forward with our village contact programme. Unless, we devote all our time and engage ourselves among the myriad masses, we cannot bring back to the surface the inherent yet dormant fighting strength of our peasants. All this is, imperative at this juncture since we have asked the first "peasants' and workers' President of the Congress," to enable us to select our own candidates for final adoption by the Congress for the new provincial legislatures to stand up there to promote our class interests and principles and fight our battle against any ministry, which may come into existence.

RATIONALE OF DEMAND

It is glad news for us all that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has agreed to the rationale of our demand that our representatives ought to be adopted by the Congress as its candidates for the legislatures. But unless we develop our organisational strength, increase our fighting vigour, we cannot strengthen his hands with the Congress Working Committee and also those of us who are carrying on negotiations with the Congress. September 1, like May Day must be made a memorable day. Coming as it does specially when we demand greater rights and recognition within the Congress, this first All-India Kisan Day must be celebrated on a grand scale."

RANGA'S HOPES.

In conclusion Prof. Ranga sincerely hopes that all peasants will make this day their festive occasion to demand their rights.—United Press.

## OFFICE BEARERS OF TAXI DRIVERS' UNION

At the last annual General Meeting of the Bombay Taxi Drivers' Union held at the C. J. Hall on Tuesday, the following new office bearers were unanimously elected:—

President. Mr. Liakat Husain.
Vice-Presidents. Seth Ninoo and Mr. J. G. Sequeira.
Hon. Gen. Secretary. Mr. S. H. Jhabvala.
Secretary. Mr. Sohanlal Thuma.
Treasure. Seth Abdullabhai and Mr. Mahomed Yusoofkhan.
Committee Members: Messrs. K. A. George; Manekshaw B. Cooper; Madansingh; Bhagwansingh; Lalsingh; Abdulla Adam; Mahomed Hasham; V. C. Mendon; V. Ramchara Rao; Ali Akberkhtn N. N. Kamat; F. L. Cordoza (Robert).

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# WOMEN MUST STAND BY FUNDAMENTAL ISSUES

## Vote For Those Who Will Bring About Improved Conditions, Exhorts Mrs. Cousins

VIZAGAPATAM (By Mail)

"This coming February will be a testing time for India in her big attempts to gain her ends constitutionally with certain increased powers of Provincial autonomy" declared Mrs. M. E. Cousins addressing a public meeting at Vizagapatam, she said that while the awakening of women in India was part of the world movement which ran through the women of different countries between 1900 and 1914 forcing them to agitate for recognition of themselves as citizens and voters in their countries, yet in India it expressed itself in forms quite unique in the history of the womens movement. Though 93 per cent. of the woman of India were illiterate they had a culture an intelligence a wealth of knowledge obtained by oral tradition that made them able to understand problems of patriotism, progress, personalities and organisation rapidly intuitionally and capably.

NEW CHAPTER.

Continuing she said: It was after women had been enfranchised on terms of equality with men and had also won the right to sit in the Legislatures that this All-India Women's Conference was organised. Women felt the urge to unity in this vast country felt that union would give them strength to carry out reforms that they wanted urgently. They started with creating a Women's Memorandum on the changes they called for as a necessity for improving the education of their children and especially their girls. Now they stood at the opening of a new chapter in Indian history. About five million women will have the right to vote in next February. Over 50 women will be in Legislatures of various kinds as compared with a maximum of ten during the past ten years. They and their men members must try to turn into law the many resolutions they had framed to bring about improvements in our conditions.

She said: The woes of the starving in body, the hunger for knowledge, the reformation of the fallen, the creation of a sane and equitable economic system, the release of society from a double moral standard, from the brutality, crime and waste of war will be in the hands of women as well as men. We voters men and women will have to elect men and women who have these things at heart.

FUNDAMENTAL ISSUES.

Concluding she said: We women must be prepared to take a stand on fundamental issues. Are we for surface patchwork reforms or is our objective primarily self-government. Without the latter all our work for reforms will be thwarted, frustrated, delayed and denationalised, so naturally we may expect that Congress will call to the hearts of every patriotic women though in this conference we do not support members of one party or other. We leave them to their circumstances and their powers or sacrifice.

India called to women only recently to show the faith that was in them and the world wondered at the marvellous results.—A. P.

## *A. I. Women's Conference Supports Social Reform Bills*

VIZAGAPATAM, (By Mail).

The Honorary Organising Secretary of the All India Women's Conference Standing Committee which met here yesterday sent the following telegram to the Home Member of the Government of India:

"Standing Committee of the All-India Women's Conference desire to record their whole-hearted support to B. Das's bill to amend the Sarda Act, M. C. Rajah's bill, Afiz Abdullah's bill and also the principles underlying Drs. Deshmukh's and Bhagvandas's bills."

In a letter addressed to the Government of India, the Committee says: "The Standing Committee of the All India Women's Conference is of opinion that it is the duty of all the members of the Central Legislature to give their unstinted support to Mr. Das's bill to amend the Child Marriage Restraint Act. As it is the women and children that who suffer more than others from the evils of early marriage, the Committee feel that it is the opinion of women that should carry greatest weight on the question concerned. Further the Committee wish to record its support to Afiz Abdullah's bill on Shariat question, principle underlying the Hindu woman's right to property bill, introduced by Dr. Deshmukh and the removal of disabilities of Hindu women in the matter of succession and absolute enjoyment of property and hope that the bill will be so modified and redrafted as to make it effective for the propose in view and to Dr. Bhagvandas's Hindu Marriage Validity bill in so far as it will break the barriers of caste provided it is improved by making the validity of marriage condition upon its being monogamous, and Rao Bahadur M. C. Rajah's bill for removal of social disabilities among certain classes of Hindus.

The Standing Committee regrets that the majority of local Goverments do not consult the opinion of the Committee on matters of social reform and hope that the Central Government will take steps to remedy this omission on their part.—A. P.

## *SHAPING YOUTHS' DESTINY*

### *Task Before Indian Womanhood*

VIZAGAPATAM (By Mail)

The half-yearly meeting of the Standing Committee of the All-India Women's Conference was held here last evening at the residence of Mr. Ramabrahman, a local merchant. Among those present were Mrs. Mukherjee, Chairwoman of the Standing Committee of the All India Women's Conference, Mrs. Rajkumari Amrit Kaur (Punjab), Ranee Lakshmibai Rajwadi, Vice-President of A.I.W.C., Gwalior, Mrs. Hansa Mehta (Bombay), Mrs. Ammu Swaminadhan (Madras), Mrs. Asana (Ahmedabad), Mrs. N. M. Raiji (Bombay), Miss S. Das (Cuttack), Mrs. M. E. Cousins President of the Constituent Committee.

Under the auspices of the Andhra Constituency of the A.I.W.C. a public meeting with Mrs. Mukerjee in the chair open exclusively for ladies was held last evening in the Victoria Diamond Jubilee Town Hall. About 300 ladies were present.

SHAPING YOUTHS' DESTINY

Mrs. A. V. Bhanojirao, Chairwoman of the Reception Committee, in according a hearty welcome to the Standing Committee members and visitors said that in the hour of the country's need their sisters had not been found wanting, but by their courage and willingness to suffer, they demonstrated to the world their hitherto unsuspected potentialities for the national cause. Politics was not their special field. In her opinion political advancement must be preceded or at least progress along side with moral, spiritual and cultural reform. Their excursions into the political arena must be left to critical times only. At other times their energies must be entirely directed towards the building up of a healthy and virile nation. There were certain problems which were peculiar to women. They were most important and responsible instruments in the shaping of the destinies of the youth of the nation. This task demanded intelligent and well informed mothers.

SARDA ACT FARCE

Continuing she said: We want cultured and courageous women to break through our age-long social tyranny. It is pathetic to see that the greatest sinners that perpetuated the social evils are not the uneducated people. The way in which the operations of the Sarda Act is being circumvented in our country is a disgrace to all the educated populace of India. How many child marriages are annually performed all over India and what ingenious devices are shamelessly resorted to escape the penalties of breaking the provisions of the Sarda Act is by itself a great setback to our advancement in the country.

RURAL UPLIFT.

Mrs. Rajakumari Amrut Kaur in addressing the gathering said that one way of unifying this great land was by common language and exhorted all to learn Hindi and to form a branch of the A.I.W.C. in Vizagapatam. Proceeding she said: It is a recognised fact that women in every country are taking upon themselves the responsibility of occupying the right place. No prosperity and no advancement in the country in any direction is possible without the co-operation of the ladies. She stressed the need for village reconstruction, the use of Khadi and Swadeshi articles.

Ranee Lakshmibai Rajwade in a long speech appealed to women to cultivate the spirit of self-reliance and sacrifice for the good of the country. If anything was to be rebuilt it must be built from the foundations. Hence there was absolute need for village reconstruction. She exhorted the ladies present to divert their charities towards nation building activities.—A. P.

## *Villagers Drive Away Dacoits*

RAWALPINDI, (By Mail.)

A report of a daring encounter between a gang of dacoits and a party of villagers of Naryab, situated in Kohat District culminating in the murder of villagers has been received here from Kohat. It is stated that one evening an announcement was made by beat of drums in the village that a gang of dacoits of "Zuma Musht" clan was coming towards the village and were about to take away a number of cattle grazing at a distance of about a mile and a half. Quite a large number of villagers armed with rifles and axes rushed towards the spot, where the dacoits had already mustered.

Severe fighting in which fire arms were used by both sides then ensued but the dacoits are reported to have taken to their heels after causing death of one or two villagers.—United Press.

## WOMEN'S REFORMS BILLS

### Madras Ladies Thank Selfless Labour Of Movers

MADRAS (By Mail.)

To express their opinion on the various bills, before the Indian Legislative Assembly connected with the rights of women, a large number of ladies met last evening under the auspices of the Women's Indian Association at 'Everest, Mylapore. Mrs. Ramaswami Siva, presided over the meeting.

Dr. (Mrs.) Muthulakshmi Reddy addressing the gathering gave some advice to the women.

She said:—

"The authors of the present Bills in the Assembly are all men who have taken the initiative in the women's reforms and are facing many difficulties and opposition from the ignorant and orthodox section of the community. Therefore, we should not only thank them for their selfless labour on our behalf, but we should also try our best to secure for their measures, the necessary public support so that the Government may consider them on their own merits and pass the much needed legislation.

"CANNOT WASTE TIME."

"You are all aware that the elections for the new Councils and the Assembly are before us and we must realise that even now we should so organise ourselves as to make our influence and power felt in the choice of the representatives to the legislatures. It is high time that we should get ourselves acquainted with the programme of the various political parties in the country and cast our votes in favour of those candidates who will serve our cause and that of our country without fear or favour. We cannot afford to waste even a single minute of our life in unprofitable ways, as India needs hundreds and thousands of social and welfare workers missionary minded to solve her problems."

SUPPORTING RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

The meeting adopted resolutions supporting Mr. B. Das's Bill to amend the provisions of the Sarda Act, Dr. Deshmukh's Bill regarding property rights of Hindu women and Mr. M. C. Rajah's Bill for the removal of civil and social disabilities of Harijans.—United Press.

## *BENGAL'S REFORMED CABINET*

### *Press Forecast Of Important Changes*

CALCUTTA, July 30.

The "Amrita Bazar Patrika" forecasts important changes in the present Executive of Bengal Government with the inauguration of the new Constitution.

It is stated, Sir Robert Reid, Home Member, becomes Governor of Assam while Sir John Woodhead, Finance Member, has been earmarked for the Viceregal Cabinet, where he is expected to succeed Sir Frank Noyce.—United Press.

# Assembly Platform For Political Awakening

## *REACTIONARIES MUST BE KEPT OUT OF LEGISLATURES, SAYS CONGRESS PRESIDENT*

SHIKARPUR, July 30.

In his talks with the Shikarpur Congress workers, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is reported to have made an important pronouncement, regarding the Congress Parliamentary policy in the provinces where the Congress may generally be in a minority, as for example in Sind.

WRECKING TACTICS.

The Congress President declared that in such a province the wrecking programme cannot be successful. Wrecking tactics may serve some useful purpose on some rare occasions, but generally speaking such a programme will not succeed. They can and must use the Assembly platform for general political awakening.

The Congress will support beneficent measures proposed by the Government and oppose all reactionary ones.

TO PREVENT MISCHIEF.

In reply to a query by the Head of the Kotri Panchayat that since the Congress is convinced that no abiding good can be got out of the new Constitution, why do Congressmen go to the Assembly, the Pandit replied that the Congress was deputing its devotees only to keep out reactionaries and to prevent the mischief being done by them.—United Press.

## DIAMOND JUBILEE OF GAEKWAR

### American Delegation Presents Address During London Celebration

(From A Correspondent).

LONDON, (By Mail).

The Diamond Jubilee of His Highness, the Maharajah Gaekwar of Baroda was celebrated in London in the golden room of the Hotel Dorchester on Friday evening, July 10. A delegation of American ladies and gentlemen led by Charles F. Weller and Mr. Kedernath Das Gupta, general executives of the World Fellowship of Faiths, presented an address of tribute signed by 5,000 American leaders, including the Rev. S. Parks Cadman, the late George Wickersham, Bishop Francis J. McConnell, Mrs. Andrew J. Carnegie, Dr. J. T. Sunderland, Rev. Dr. John Haynes Holmes and many others.

The American delegation was composed of Charles Weller, Kedarnath Das Gupta, Eloise Moeller, Effie Lewis, Mrs. Margaret Hultz, Isabelle Friedman, Mrs. Clarence Gasque, Miss Elsie Easton, Madame Barry Orlova, Mrs. Editha Simonds, and Brahma Chari, who also attended the World Congress of Faiths, which held its sessions at University College, London, from July 3 to 18.

Many prominent Indian residents of London were present, and a number of distinguished English ladies and gentlemen were also guests.

Lord Lamington, Sir Abdul Qadir, Sir Francis Younghusband, and Mrs. Alice Bailey gave high tributes to His Highness, progressive rule. Sir Francis Younghusband, in praising His Highness for becoming the International President of the World Fellowship of Faiths stated, "I do want to take this opportunity of acknowledging the very great debt that I personally owe to Mr. Charles Weller and Mr. Kedarnath Das Gupta for initiating the idea of a World Fellowship."

His Highness, in acknowledging the presentation of the Jubilee tribute said, "I can hardly command any words, with which to thank you adequately for the manner in which you have referred to me and to my work. As several of the eloquent speakers have said, I have been actuated in my endeavours to do my duty to my people, and wherever possible to go beyond them by the cause of humanity. If anything has been achieved in that direction I am indeed grateful that I have been actuated by the grace of God to do such labours.

It is impossible for me to reply adequately to all the kind things that have been said, but I can only say that as our chairman has said, the differences between us are many, eternally there is one God who directs all our endeavours and all our aspirations, so that I think we can claim to be brothers and sisters.

If I have achieved anything I am most grateful that so many of you have given expression to your satisfaction. The state of Baroda is small, but the fact that so many of you have taken an interest in my work, will give encouragement to those who are pledged to a similar position, and it is a service to encourage those who are entrusted with such work. The affairs of state may be small but they are arduous, and your appreciation will be a great encouragement. In these few words may I thank you again most heartily for the kind manner in which you have addressed me, and for the kind sentiments to which you have given expression."

The very pleasant occasion was concluded by the singing of an Indian anthem by the American delegation.

## *DOABA DEHATI CONFERENCE R. C. CHIEF INTERNED*

HOSHIARPUR, July 28.

A report has been received that Sardar Harjeep Singh, Chairman, Reception Committee, Doaba Dehati Political Conference to be held shortly at Mohalpore, has been interned in his village for one year under the Punjab Criminal Law Amendment Act.—United Press.


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# ARAB CASE IN PALESTINE

(Continued from page 6).

Delegation, on behalf of their people, insist that these clear provisions which allude to the Arabs of Palestine who formed, then, more than 93 per cent. of the population, are diametrically opposed to the Balfour Declaration which reads as follows: 'His Majesty's Government view with favour the establishment in Palestine of a National Home for the Jewish people, and will use their best endeavour to facilitate the achievement of this object, it being clearly understood that nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine or the rights and political status enjoyed by Jews in any other country'. Mr. Husseini asserts that whereas this Balfour Declaration is incompatible with the provisions of Article 22 of the Covenant of the League of Nations (the article which was an interpretation of the principle of self-determination) it should be annulled by virtue of article 19 of the Covenant which partly reads: 'In case any member of the League shall, before becoming a member of the League, have undertaken any obligations inconsistent with the terms of the Covenant, it shall be the duty of such member to take immediate steps to procure its release from such obligations." The mandate, therefore, over Palestine was given to Great Britain with these conflicting obligations.

### Departure From Accepted Doctrine

Discussing the question of Jewish immigration to Palestine, Mr. Husseini reminded me of the declaration of the British Government made in 1922 which stated that, 'this immigration cannot be so great in volume as to exceed whatever may be the economic capacity of the country at the time to absorb new arrivals'. In that year the total number of Jewish immigrants was 6,341. This number was increased progressively until in 1925 it became 33,000 under the assumption that the increase was not 'in excess of the economic capacity of the country . . .' However, this assumption was completely frustrated by the economic crisis of 1926, and, Sir John Campbell, who was sent by the Zionist Organisation to report on the economic capacities of Palestine, showed that the crisis of 1927 was due 'to the fact that immigrants had come into Palestine in excess of the economic absorbing power of the country.' As a matter of fact, the Palestine Government declared in 1928 that 'Palestine still suffered . . . . from the repurcussion of the uneconomic immigration of 1925 . . . .' The Parliamentary Commission of Inquiry of 1929 in its report, referring to the period between 1922 and 1929, during which period the average number of Jewish immigrants was 8,000 per year, says: 'There is incontestable evidence that in the matter of immigration there has been a serious departure . . . from the doctrine accepted . . . . in 1922, that immigration should be regulated by the economic capacity of the country to absorb new arrivals.' In its recommendations the commission says: 'Immigration should be reviewed with the object of preventing a repetition of the excessive immigration of 1925 and 1926.' And Sir John Hope Simpson and Mr. French, who were sent during 1930 and 1931 to report on land and immigration, generally corroborated the statements of the Parliamentary Commission.

### Uncontrolled Jewish Immigration

But, in spite of this the Palestine Government admitted in 1933, about 31,000 Jewish immigrants, in 1934, 42,000 and in 1935, 62,000, not to mention the illicit immigrants who number, according to the declaration of the High Commissioner at Nablus in September 1935, not much less than the legal immigrants. This immigration instead of bringing economic progress into the country, as assured by the Government has brought unquestionable harm to the country. This immigration is also in direct contravention to Article 6 of the Palestine Mandate, which provides that the 'Administration of Palestine, while ensuring that the rights and position of other sections of the population are not prejudiced, shall facilitate Jewish immigration under suitable conditions.' In 1920, the Arabs constituted 93 per cent. of the population, to-day they have come down to 70 per cent. If Jewish immigration continues at this rate the Arabs will soon become a minority, and as such will become dominated by a Jewish majority, an eventuality which is looked on with great apprehension by the Arabs.

### Three Forces

Mr. Husseini is of the opinion that there are three forces in continual operation to undermine and dissolve the Arab rural class in Palestine, which is principally an agricultural country, namely, (1) shortage of land to cover the requirements of the fixed lot-viable amongst the Arabs, (2) the 'certain natural increase in the present rural population', which requires a continual creation of new lots-viable, (3) continual increase in the shortage of land in the possession of Arabs by Jewish new acquisitions of land. In order to stop the advent of a collapse of the Arab rural class the Government was urged by different experts to (1) stop land transfer from Arabs to Jews, and (2) to introduce drastic measures in favour of intensive cultivation by expenditure of at least two million pounds. The Government, however, adopted neither of these measures.

### The General Strike

Owing to the continued failure of the British Government to look into their grievances and its continued policy of ignoring the recommendations submitted by its commissions and experts, and seeing that the tide of Jewish immigration was yearly increasing instead of abating, the Arab population of Palestine called a general strike three months ago. The strike was intended to be peaceful and free from violence. The purposes was to draw the attention of the Government to the just grievances and demands. These demands were that the whole Palestine question be reviewed fundamentally, and permanently settled in the light of the fact that the Arabs are the overwhelming majority in Palestine, and that in any permanent solution their future shall be safeguarded.

Mr. Jamal Husseini and his three colleagues believe that they have had a successful campaign of propaganda in England during the last four weeks. They arrived in this country on June 17 and are expected to return home after the adjournment of Parliament at the end of the month. The delegation feels that wherever the British public—not merely politicians and parliamentarians—get to know great injustices under which the Arabs labour in Palestine, they are very sympathetic and they try to do what they can. Everybody, it seems to the delegation, is now looking on the reaction of the Arab cause that has been produced in the Muslim world.

### Reaction On Indian Muslims

Mr. Husseini thinks that the Indian Muslims at this juncture can do great things to help the Arabs of Palestine in their present struggle. The Arabs have a uphill fight since, as Mr. Husseini said, in the British Cabinet itself, they have a very strong antagonist in the person of the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Ormsby-Gore. He is directly concerned with the Palestine question. However, he is a well-known Zionist protagonist. Similarly, Mr. Husseini asserted that the Prime Minister has shown on different occasions his Zionist inclinations and there are many others in the British Cabinet who have Zionist connections. Therefore, Mr. Husseini is convinced that unless pressure is brought to bear upon the British Government in London and by the Muslims in India, the Government with its present personnel will not listen to the damands of the Palestine Arabs.

### Now Or Never

"The situation in Palestine is becoming worse every day" added Mr. Husseini. "Measures adopted by the Government are becoming severe for the Arabs. Nonetheless there is a strong and unflinching determination amongst the people of Palestine. Their slogan is "Now or Never." Either we die as men or live as men."

"The people of Palestine in a Congress meeting held at the beginning of May," continued he, "have unanimously adopted your Indian method of civil disobedience and since then no taxes have been paid to the Government. Lawyers are also not working in courts and Patidars, Patels and others, who collect taxes for the Government, have resigned their posts. We expect that at any time we may hear of all Arab officials in Government service walking out into the streets in co-operation with their fellow-citizens".

Mr. Husseini emphasised that if the Government concedes the two immediate demands of the Arabs (1) stoppage of Jewish immigration and declaration of the intention of the Government to make fundamental changes in the system of Government in Palestine in relation to Arabs then the Supreme Arab Committee will go to the country and will stop the present strike. If these demands are not conceded then we fear that the Bedulan tribes will cross the borders to help their Arab campatriots in Palestine. At that stage we will not be able to cry for halt as the situation will no longer be under our control. What is wanted in Palestine is a display of the spirit of fair play.

### India's Duty

"India, which contains the biggest Muslim bloc, can do a great deal for us. We expect also support from our non-Muslim Indians who are put more or less in similar conditions in India. The people must feel one with us. The Palestine Arabs feel that the support of India will help a great deal in giving them moral and material support. Muslims of India have helped the Muslims of Palestine on many other occasions but there was no occasion when the Arabs needed more help than this time. It is commonsense that the Arabs in Palestine are not strong, enough to stand up against the world Jewry and unless We hold the Arabs and Muslim world together — morally and materially the land, which is sacred to the Muslim and the Christians, will be in danger of becoming a Jewish State.

### Greetings To Indian Leaders

Mr. Husseini desired me to convey his greetings to the Indian leaders. He still recalls the days which he spent in 1924 in India. "Please remember me to Mrs. Naidu, who was so good to me," he added, "Oh yes, I remember Pundit Motilal Nehru, I met him in Juhu at Mahatma Gandhi's place. I also remember Pundit Malaviya, that Hindu leader. Of course, I have a host of friends in India in Mahatma Gandhi himself, then Moulana Shaukat Ali, Moulana Abdul Kalam Azad. I am sure I went to talk with Mahatma Gandhi at Juhu in the company of Yakub Hassan and Mahatma Gandhi discussed the case of Palestine Arabs in his Juhu Ashram as if he was in Palestine for several years, knowing all sides of the problems. Those who think that Mahatma Gandhi is not well-informed of world events are mistaken. Then I remember a mass meeting addressed by Mahatma Gandhi on the Chowpatty sands. I noticed real fraternity between Hindus and Muslims in those days. I hope it still continues as we must all be united."

### British M.P.s' Help

In London an all-Party committee has been appointed by the members of Parliament under the chairmanship of Earl Winterton which has undertaken to espouse the cause of Palestine Arabs in Parliament. The National League, a non-official organisation, under the guidance of Miss Margaret Farquhursan, is also helping the Arab delegation in its work in London. The League has the wholehearted support of men like Lord Lamington, Col. Bury and Lt. Col. B. H. Waters-Taylor. Last week the League arranged a meeting at the Hyde Park Hotel under the chairmanship of Lt. Col. B. H. Walter Taylor to give opportunity to put their case before the British public. At the end of the delegation case the meeting was convinced of its 'bona-fides' and two resolutions were passed. They run thus: "That this meeting strongly urges complete stoppage of Jewish immigration together with the urgent departure of the Royal Commission for Palestine as the best means of allaying the present grave troubles, and bringing about the fundamental changes in Policy required to do justice to the Arabs. (2) Whereas the findings of six British Commissions of enquiry have been ignored, and a British Cabinet decision reversed and the present situation in Palestine being largely due to a sense of betrayal. this meeting appeals to the leaders of the Christian Church for intervention to bring to an end the present tragic situation in the Holy land."

Those who supported these resolutions included Lord Lamigton, Col. Bury, the Minister of Saudi Arabia, the Minister of Iraq, Mr. Yusuf Ali from Lahore and Col. Walter Taylor. Mr. Yusuf Ali declared that the "people of India, including Hindus, are united in supporting the Arab cause. In India June 19 was observed as Palestine Day throughout the country. The Day was observed with great enthusiasm. Whatever else happens in India, the people of India will stand united with the Arabs of Palestine. As a fellow-member of the British Empire. I feel deeply what is being done in Palestine against the Arabs."

### Warning To Ahmedabad Jain Sangha

The General Secretary All-India Jain Swetamber Conference has sent the following telegram to Nagarsheth Kasturbhai Manibhai of Ahmedabad.

In view of the possibility of a grave situation and split being created in various Jain Sanghs by any hasty of rash decision by the Ahmedabad Sangha alone in connection with Parmanand's Presidential address, we suggest that Ahmedabad Sangha should refrain from any such action in the matter. Request you to read before the Sangha Meeting our correspondence prior to any discussion or decision.

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5. If more essays than one are selected, the prize amount will be divided according to their merit.
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NEXT FRIDAY


# Plea For Licensing System In India's Coastal Traffic

## *MAHARASHTRA CHAMBER SUPPORTS BILL BEFORE CENTRAL LEGISLATURE*

BOMBAY, July 31.

The Secretary, Maharashtra Chamber of Commerce, has written the following letter to the Secretary to the Government of India, Commerce Department, Simla, on the "Bill to Control the Coastal Traffic of India":—

The Committee have to state that the Coasting trade of India is open to all Comers under the Indian Coasting Trade Act V of 1890. The witnesses who appeared before the Indian Mercantile Marine Committee were unanimous in their demand that this Act should be repealed with a view to the exclusion of foreigners from India's Coasting trade. The Indian Mercantile Marine Committee recommended introduction of a licensing system in this behalf. But when Government of India refused to take any action on the recommendations of the Indian Mercantile Marine Committee regarding reservation of Coastal Trade to Indian bottoms, a non-official Bill was introduced in the Legislative Assembly and having passed through the first reading it was referred to a Select Committee.

Subsequently, a Shipping Conference was convened by Lord Irwin, the then Viceroy, in 1930, January, in order to arrive at an amicable settlement between the various shipping interests concerned. But when it was seen that nothing could be achieved this way, Government of India issued a Communique on 6th January 1930 and in this they stated that "the responsibility will rest with the Government of India of deciding what action should now be taken" in respect of the development of Indian Mercantile Marine.

A VITAL QUESTION.

Apart from making available the good Offices of their Department of Commerce for arriving at certain private agreements between British and Indian Shipping Companies, Government of India have, as far as the Committee of this Chamber are aware, done nothing to implement their oft-repeated undertaking of assisting the growth and expansion of Indian shipping, Coastal and Overseas. The Committee have before now, on more occasions than one, drawn the attention of Government of India to this question of vital importance to the nation's economic development. It has also been pointed out how the Commercial safeguards embodied in the Government of India Act 1935 (Chapter III Part V) make it impossible to develop national shipping. The Committee presume that a realisation of the obdurate attitude of Government of India on this question as well as the utter helplessness of the position of Indian Shipping under the new constitution has prompted recourse to other efforts for removing the impediments in the way of the development of Indian Mercantile Marine.

SOUNDER BASIS NEEDED.

While the Committee are always prepared to favourably consider any measure or measures which aim at the development of an Indian Mercantile Marine, they can not concede that the principle of the Coastal Traffic Reservation Bill is any thing but fundamentally sound. This Chamber along with other Indian Commercial bodies has always supported the Coastal Traffic Reservation Bill and the Committee consider it necessary to repeat here that they still hold the same view and that the Indian Commercial Community can not reconcile itself to the restrictions imposed in the new constitution on the powers of the Indian Legislature to safeguard and promote Indian Industries.

PLEA FOR LICENSING SYSTEM.

The Committee have to emphasise that Indian Shipping like any other national industry must exist in its own inherent right and not on sufferance of its non-Indian rivals. The Committee can not accept the plea that the Coastal Traffic Reservation Bill was discriminatory in character and it is well-known that even the Law Officers of the Crown, who were twice consulted, hold that it was not "ultra vires" of the Indian Legislature. Government of Bombay did not raise any objecton to the principle of the measure while expressing their opinion. The Committee of this Chamber take the view that no permanent and satisfactory solution of the problem of Indian Shipping can be arrived at unless the predominance of Indian Shipping in the country's coastal waters is ensured by some form of reservation or licensing such as was suggested by the Indian Mercantile Marine Committee and discussed at the Shipping Conference of 1930, at which Lord Irwin urged 'economic employment' of Coastal Shipping along with the expansion of Indian Shipping.

IMPOSE PENALTY.

Regarding Sir A. H. Ghaznavi's Bill, the Committee like to point out that 'ratewars' have been a favourite means by which powerful British Shipping interests have been able to successfully exterminate incipient Indian Shipping enterprise whenever it tried to establish itself in Indian Coastal waters. The Committee, therefore, welcome this measure to prevent unfair competition. The one thing they would like to specifically point out in this behalf is that any action taken under the Bill should prevent not only unfair competition of non-Indian Shipping in the Coastal Trade, but it should also create conditions for the economic employment of tonnage therein. Government of India must, therefore, have the necessary power to define and license the tonnage employed in the Coastal Traffic. It need hardly be pointed out that such a course must naturally involve the imposition of a penalty in the form of loss of licence of the recalcitrant party if the purpose is to be properly served.

The Committee therefore like to suggest that this penalty should be substituted in place of the one stated in clause 3 of the Bill. The Committee would also suggest the inclusion of Burma and Ceylon in Sub-Clause (2) of clause 1 of the Bill, in that the trade of India with Burma and Ceylon has always been an integral part of India's Coastal Trade.

STOP RATE WAR.

The Committee think that some machinery must be devised to determine complaints regarding unfair competition and normal freight rates and they have further to state that with any such machinery Indian Shipping interests must be closely associated.

Although the Committee think that the Bill by itself can not make either for the economic employment of speed and healthy development of Indian Shipping, they like to accord their support to the Bill as one calculated to do away with an impediment in the way of the growth of Indian Shipping.

## *Applications For Mercy To Condemned Prisoners*

MADRAS (By Mail).

The Government of Madras have issued the following press communique:—

It is published for the information of the public that petitions for mercy to His Excellency the Governor-in-Council and H.E. the Governor-General-in-Council by vakils, relatives or friends on behalf of prisoners sentenced to death should be submitted to the Home Secretary to the Government of Madras. Similarly, intimation of an intention to apply to the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council for special leave to appeal to the Privy Council on behalf of such prisoners should be made to the Home Secretary to the Government of Madras. When such a petition for mercy or such intimation is given by the prisoner himself it shall be to the Superintendent of the jail in which he is confined.—United Press.


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| COIMBATORE | | | VIZAGAPATAM |


# AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Sub-Inspector Jayawant of the Vigilance Branch (C.I.D.) raided a place in Borbhat lane. On certain information he sent a bogus-punter to the place prior to the raid.

One Thakubai was arrested. It was alleged that part of the marked money sent through the bogus-punter was recovered from Thakubai.

Thakubai, who was produced in the Girgaum Court was bailed out till August 7.

---

Lilawatibai, child of Hirjirao Vishram, residing at Kamatipura, was ailing for some time past. The child was given a small pill of opium as medicine, after which it became worse.

It was removed to the J. J. Hospital early morning yesterday and from there it was taken to the K. E. M. Hospital, where it expired by 7-35 p.m.

---

The body of an unknown Hindu male was found floating in the steam water tank at the back of Digvijay mills at Lalbaug, at 2 p.m., on July 30.

It was in an advanced state of decomposition, the features being swollen and unrecognisable.

The cause of the death is unknown.

At the inquest held to-day, the Coroner's Jury recorded a verdict of death due to drowning.

---

Khoda Joita was arrested by the Lamington Road Police yesterday under strange circumstances.

It was alleged the accused was seen removing a quantity of wooden planks, railings and scrap-iron which did not belong to him, yesterday noon, from the compound of a bungalow on the Tardeo Road, with the aid of a coolie and a cartman. The property was to be removed somewhere to Byculla.

But the operations were stopped by the owners, it was alleged, when accused was sorting out worth removing articles and he was arrested. The accused made a statement and as a consequence an iron bed-stead was recovered from a dealer in scrap iron and was identified by the owners as their property.

Since another absconding accused concerned in the matter was to be arrested, the Police applied for a remand of the accused till August 7 at the Girgaum Court, which was granted.

---

Thakubai Tukaram, a Hindu woman residing in Bhorbhat lane, Girgaum, was arrested on Thursday by the Vigilance Branch of the Bombay Police on a charge of living on the earnings of prostitution.

The woman was placed at the Girgaum Court to-day and ordered to be released on bail of Rs. 150.

Sub-Inspector Jayawant of the Vigilance Branch stated that Mr. P. G. Naik, a worker of the Bombay Vigilance Association received information that the suspect was procuring girls for immoral purposes. He paid a visit to the place on July 7th and the accused, it is alleged told him that she had some girls from respectable families and would bring any of them if the necessary charges and ghary hire was paid to her. Mr. Naik promised to come again and reported the matter to the police.

A bogus customer was sent to the place on Thursday evening. Mr. Naik who accompanied him introduced him to the suspect, who, it is aleged, showed them two girls and demanded Rs. 10 as the charges for each girl. The bogus customer paid the amount (marked coins). At a given signal the room was raided. The marked coins were seized by the police and the woman was arrested.

The persistent demand for the sum of Rs. 20 by the mother-in-law of Umboreulla Hefazatulla, who spent that amount when she was confined in a hospital, was stated to have rendered desperate the son-in-law, who stabbed her ten times, yesterday.

The mother-in-law is now detained in the J. J. Hospital for serious injuries, while the son-in-law, arrested yesterday by the Dongri Police, was placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon to-day, on a charge of attempting to commit murder.

The Police Officer, in applying for a remand into custody of the accused, stated that the mother-in-law of the accused left a sum of Rs. 20 for the upkeep of her husband and her daughter, the wife of the accused, before she went to the hospital for confinement purposes.

But in the meanwhile the accused was stated to have spent all the money himself.

And when the mother-in-law was discharged from the hospital and returned home, she learnt that her son-in-law (the accused) had spent the money on himself in contravention of her will.

The mother-in-law then began asking Hefazatulla for the money and he replied that he would return the amount, when he secured a job.

But yesterday both the mother-in-law and the daughter were closetted in a room, while the husband of the former was away.

The complainant's husband had gone to a hospital to take some food to his son who was in the hospital.

**Angry Discussion**

The accused entered the room and the mother-in-law again asked for the money. The accused's wife also intervened and both entered into angry arguments.

The accused then all of a sudden was stated to have whipped out a knife and stabbed his mother-in-law ten times and bolted away in the direction of Chinch Bunder Road.

The Police were informed and the accused was apprehended.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be remanded for 14 days, pending further Police inquiries.

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BOMBAY, Friday.

Traffic was held up at Poibawdi (Parel) this morning at 10 a.m. when the overhead tram wires snapped due to the pole of a tram car fouling them.

The wires were hanging on the road and traffic had to be controlled by the police while repairs were being effected.

Large crowds gathered on the road to watch the efforts of the police and the men on the B. E. S. T. emergency wagons.

Tram cars proceeding to Dadar were held up for a long time, and people proceeding to the Fort were inconvenienced.

## FUNERAL OF MR. NORMAN

BOMBAY, Friday.

The funeral of the late Mr. A. G. A. Norman, Assistant Editor of the "Illustrated Weekly of India" took place this morning at the Sewri Cemetry after a simple burial service.

A large number of floral tributes were received and many friends and colleagues paid their last respects to the departed journalist.

## *VICEROY AT BENARES*

BENARES, July 31.

The Viceroy and Marchioness of Linlithgow accompanied by their three daughters arrived at Benares this morning and were received at the Cantonment Railway station by the Maharajah of Benares.

From the Cantonment station Their Excellencies drove to Nandesar House where they will stay for two days as guests of the Maharaja. On arrival at Nandesar House the Maharaja presented the Maharajkumar to His Excellency and paid an informal visit to the Viceroy. At noon Their Excellencies paid their return visit to Ramnagar, the capital of the Benares State, where State Sardars were presented.

Their Excellencies lunched with the Maharajah.—A. P.

## NO SEVERE SENTENCE FOR SPEEDING ON UNCROWDED ROADS

### High Court Refuses To Enhance Sentence On Driver

A reference made by the District Magistrate of Bandra Suburban District, recommending enhancement of sentence in a fatal motor accident case, was rejected by the High Court.

The accused, Francis Salvador, was sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment by the City Magistrate of Bandra, who convicted him of rash and negligent driving in a manner which caused the death of three persons.

On November 11 last, the accused was driving a car along the Ghodebunder Road from Malad to Bandra, carrying seven passengers, who were returning from a marriage party.

On the way the accused put on speed to overtake a car, which was in front, and while turning to the left, dashed his car against a tree. All the passengers in the car were injured, and three of them died subsequently in the hospital.

In recommending enhancement of the sentence the District Magistrate observed that as serious motor accidents were so frequent on the Ghodebunder Road offenders must be severely punished.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodev rejected the reference.

Their Lordships observed that in putting on speed the accused had no intention of endangering the lives of the passengers If the accident had occurred on a crowded road the accused would have deserved a more severe punishment. The fact that three lives were lost while driving on an open road was not a reason for awarding a severe sentence to the accused.

Their Lordships thought that the sentence passed by the trying Magistrate was sufficient to meet the ends of justice.

## DEATH ANNIVERSARY OF LATE DR. K. N. BAHADURJI

### 38th Annual Function Comes Off On Thursday

The 38th death anniversary of late Dr. Kaikhashru N. Bahadurji will be observed on August 6 (Thursday), at the Allbless Bag, when Jashan ceremony will be performed in the evening, and later the Navjot ceremony of four poor Parsi children will be performed, in pious memory of the late lamented doctor. Speeches appropriate to the occasion will be made.

Sardar Dastur Noshirwan Dastur Kaikobad, Head Priest of Deccan and Mewar will preside over the functions.

A dinner will be held late in the evening. Those desirous of participating in the dinner can get their tickets from Mr. Framroze A. Dubash, the organiser of the functions, at Chapsey Terrace, Altamount Road, Cumballa Hill, Bombay 6, ('Phone No. 44008 or 21531).

It is hoped Zoroastrians will not fail to lend support to the labour of love of Mr. Framroze Dubash which he is doing in continuation of the work undertaken by his late brother Mr. Hormasji A. Dubash (florist).

## E. D. SASSOON RED DYE WORKS

### Co-operative Credit Society Shows Profit

The tenth annual report of the E. D. Sassoon Turkey Red Dye Works Co-operative Credit Society, Ltd., shows a fall in membership from the previous year as only 24 new members were enrolled during the year under report. 32 members resigned owing to their services having been dispensed with by the firm.

At the beginning of the year the total paid up share capital was Rs. 9,744 and Rs. 962 were contributed by the members during the year. A sum of Rs. 985 was surrendered by the members, who resigned from the society, thus having a balance of Rs. 9,721, at the end of the year.

The total number of long term loans granted to the members on personal sureties was 165 with an aggregate amount of Rs. 18,855 for liquidating old debts, house repairs, medical treatment, development of lands, purchase of cattle and land, matrimonial affairs etc., etc. A sum of Rs. 2,685 was advanced as an emergency loan to the society's members for their timely help.

During the period under report 4 cases of debt redemption, were amicably settled by the Managing Committee.

The repayment of long loans amounted to Rs. 17,518. The year have resulted in a net profit of Rs 1,025-1-7 including the balance brought forward from the last year's account.


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the new chocolate laxative recommended by Doctors and nurses and testified to by Scores of unsolicited letters. Castophene is obtainable of all Chemists or from P.O. Box 88, Karachi and 2187, Bombay 2.

## GIVE HIM A HOIST!

Parents are sometimes perplexed at their children lacking bodily vigour. "Why are other children better at school and games?"

Bodily vigour is dependent on nutrition. Virol is a body building food that provides the needed vitality and gives that persuasive impulse to the growing tissues of the body and the brain that makes the backward child normal and the normal child a winner.

Recent independent tests have proved beyond doubt that the Virol fed child is superior physically and mentally to any other.

GIVE YOUR CHILD A

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Do your duty to Yourself!
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Wanted Organisers on pay and Commission—Guarantee essential.

Apply Post Box 324, BOMBAY.

# DEFECTS OF PRESENT EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM

## Curriculum Is Lop-Sided, Says Students' Thesis For Conference

The following is the second instalment of the Thesis on education to be put before the ensuing Bombay Students Conference to be held to-day.

The first istalment appeared in the "Chronicle" dated Wednesday 29th July.

LITERARY BIAS.

Unfortunately, our educational system depends on a curriculum which is lop-sided. A far greater bias in favour of literary education exists than is in the interests of the country. Specialised scientific studies, rare in themselves, hardly combine theory with practice. Abstract science, is not taught in relation with applied science so as to connect up studies with active life around. Thus the educated finds himself a mis-fit in the day to day life outside the school and the college, which is increasingly becoming industrialised with a premium on scientific efficiency.

LACK OF VOCATIONAL TRAINING.

Institutions imparting vocational training or doing research in industrial sciences are too few in number and variety, compared to the vastness of the country, its population and its needs. Even the few institutes for vocational training have not full facilities for practical training or any integrated relationship with the existing productive units in the country. The School of Technology in the City is a belated and half-hearted attempt, and Bombay, the premier industrial city of India, cannot yet boast of a well-equipped institute for advanced industrial research.

OTHER EVILS OF THE SYLLABUS

The syllabus of studies in the various stages of education is designed to render the whole system not merely literary but also abstract, unreal and perverted. The past culture and history of the land are distorted, and set before the students as a ridiculous jumble of superstitious, myths and obscenity, petty jealousies, horrible patricides and internecine wars. Assimilation of modern ideas, whether philosophical, economic, political or sociological, are sought to be suppressed by a persistent exclusion of them from the courses of studies. The books prescribed for studies very often do not illustrate facts with reference to the life and conditions prevailing in the country.

INVIDIOUS TEXT-BOOK POLICY

The emasculating character of the text-books is not the only reprehensible feature of the text-book policy of educational authorities. Foreign publishers are given monopoly rigts and monopoly profits in the publication and sale of text-books. Exorbitant prices for the prescribed books, and consequent enhancement of the cost of education, are the results. Unlike every progressive university of the West, our Bombay University has not yet seen its way to have a publishing-house of its own.

BUGBEAR OF EXAMINATIONS

In the modern complex world examinations may be necessary to test the intellectual proficiency of students, but then they cannot be ends in themselves. They should exist for students and not students for them. In India the spectre of examination haunts the student, sapping his confidence, and rendering him a depository of dead in coherent and unassimilated facts. The various aesthetic, scientific and other creative talents of students are wasted because of the demands made by an inelastic system of examination, which lays a premium on learning a few set facts by rote.

APPOINTMENT OF EXAMINERS

The mode of appointing examiners for the various examinations in our University, is hardly calculated to lessen the defects of the system. The university governing bodies are to-day the bargaining grounds of provincial, communal and bureaucratic cliques, and any appointment to howsoever responsible a post or task it may be, is made a matter of mutual accommodation and reciprocal concession between these rival groups. Teaching experience, special qualifications and intelligence of an applicant are seldom the primary considerations in the appointment of examiners.

A word more about the time for holding examinations in our University. The month of April, although the hottest and the most uncomfortable, has been selected for students to answer their examination papers. The only considerations which impel the University to select this disagreeable month, are that European Professors want to enjoy their summer holidays in their home countries, and that it suits the convenience of a handful of students who wish to proceed to British Universities for further studies. In the interest of the vast majority of students it is but fair that our University immediately alters the time of holding examinations to the winter season.

FEES.

The fees charged at the University examinations not only constitute a heavy burden upon the parents, but are utterly unjustifiable, if one considers the return. The Bombay University makes an annual profit of three and a half lakhs of rupees out of the fees alone. No other University in the world runs the examinations on such a business footing for amassing profits.

PROHIBITIVE COST

The cost of education in India is highly prohibitive. The tuition fees, examination fees, costs of text-books and the cost of living together work up to a total of roughly Rs. 650 a year in the colleges. In the secondary and high school classes while there is a large variation between school and school in the amounts of fees charged, the fact remains indisputable that the average expenses of education are beyond the means of 85 per cent of Indians, whose per capita income is hardly Rs. 35 per annum.

IRRATIONAL PUNISHMENTS

Researches in child psychology have demonstrated beyond doubt that punishment corporeal or otherwise does not act as a corrective force but only aggravates those defects which it seeks to cure. In India, the rule of the rod is still the order of the day. Punishments incompatible with a sense of human dignity and positively injurious to the physique of the student, are inflicted without any regard to their harmful consequences. Teachers, having no sympathetic understanding of the psychology of a "Problem-child," lose their self-control and mete out irrational punishments. It is therefore necessary that punishments of a harmful kind should be immediately abolished.

NEGLECT OF HEALTH

Mens sana in corpore sand (a sound mind in a sound body) is an age-old maxim. The health of the student is the prime basis of a sound educational system and it should be one of the foremost concerns of educational institutions. Our educational institutions have upon them the full imprint of the poverty of the land. The prevailing greed for profit of schools and colleges invariably results in very meagre funds being allocated for the improvement of the health of the pupil. The majority of private schools have not the resources to attempt any free supply of milk or such other necessary nutrition to students. They invariably lack proper seating accommodation, and are not infrequently situated in very unhealthy localities.

Physical culture is to-day given its due importance in all progressive institutions of the West. But in India, training in the bodily habits that make for perfect health is not considered a necessary part of education by educational institutions. A tired brain in a feeble corpus seems to be their ideal. An occasional hour of spiritless drill in schools and colleges is all that masquerades under the name of physical culture in these institutions. Even the U. T. C. in colleges is merely a feeble attempt to give University students vague and out-of-date ideas of military education.

A true conception of Sports can only be based on an organic view of life. Mental and physical processes are correlated aspects of the same process of life. The aim of sports should not therefore be conceived as a mere physical well-being detached from moral and mental well-being. Sports in India are organised with a view to side-track the attention of students from the burning problems of the nation. Herein lies the emasculating character of officially controlled sports, and the necessity of student initiative in organising them along healthy lines.

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the taste appeals to me
No soapy, foamy taste, just the clean, refreshed feeling of Listerine Antiseptic. Yet how effective Listerine Tooth Paste is in cleaning the teeth.
...AND IT MAKES THE BREATH SWEETER
LISTERINE TOOTH PASTE

# FOREST POLICY

## Non-Officials Draft Minute Of Dissent To Govt. Inquiry Report

(From A Correspondent.)

It is reported that the Bombay Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee appointed by Government has now finished its work but that its report is sharply divided in opinion as between officials and non-officials.

The Committee was appointed nearly 18 months ago and was composed of Mr. Mackie the Revenue Commissioner as chairman, two representatives of the Forest Department, and three non-official members of the Legislative Council, namely Rao Bahadur Vandekar, Mr. Gangolli and Mr. Karbhari.

The Committee was much restricted in character. It was not allowed to examine witnesses orally nor was touring provided for, and even the terms of reference were not clearly stated. It was merely asked to give its judgment and submit its proposals on written evidence and even this was not properly obtained by the chairman except from officials.

The non-official members put up with all these difficulties for they were inevitable under the circumstances.

**Consultation With Mr. Warty**

Finding that all the three official members of the Committee had submitted a joint report which virtually declared for the "status quo" and which for that reason was not quite acceptable from the peoples' point of view, the non-official members met in Bombay, held consultations together and with the advice and assistance of Mr. S. G. Warty, the chief authority on Forest Questions in this Presidency, drafted a lengthy joint minute of dissent, discussing fully the most disastrous effects of the present forest policy of Government on agriculture and cultivation.

It is understood that they have recommended that grazing in forest areas should be made entirely free as charges for it are "de facto" included in the land revenue assessment, and also because of the intolerable hardships to which the agriculturist is subjected under the tyranny of the forest officials. Free fodder was also essential for the success of the Viceroy's scheme.

**Previous Disagreement**

It will be remembered that in the case of the previous Forest Grievances Enquiry Committee which reported in 1926, there was also a sharp cleavage of opinion between the officials on one side and the non-officials on the other, but the Government then accepted the recommendations of the official report only, though the non-official report was the majority report.

The present committee had to be appointed because of the unsatisfactory nature of the action then taken. It is to be seen what action the present forest minister will take on the report.

## *Reply-Paid Post-Cards Bring Business*

SIMLA, July 29.

Reply paid post-cards introduced by the Indian Post and Telegraphs Department recently for the assistance of business firms are proving most successful.

Reports are reaching the Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs about the use of this facility by different firms in various parts of India. In one remarkable case a firm sent out 10,000 of these reply-paid post-cards each card advertising a particular article—and received over 1,000 of the post-cards back with orders.

In other words, this was a return of 10 per cent, whereas 2 or 3 per cent of orders to advertising material is generally regarded as a sound return.—United Press.

MOTHERS NEED THIS STRENGTHENING Tonic
Doctors know that run-down women find new health and vigour in Waterbury's Compound. This strengthening, nourishing tonic contains iron, copper and manganese to enrich the blood. It has liver and malt extracts and other nourishing ingredients that build robust health. In just two or three weeks Waterbury's Compound banishes fatigue and lack of strength . . . brings back glowing vitality. No disagreeable taste or odour . . . pleasant to take regularly . . . sure to make you feel better. Buy a bottle today.
Sold in blue and red wrappers—the red as a general and bronchial tonic.
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N-8

Sprinkle
FLIT POWDER
FLIT POWDER has all the killing power of famous FLIT and quickly destroys all crawling insects. It is sure death to cockroaches, ants, bugs, fleas on dogs, and many other insects. You will like FLIT POWDER—it is so convenient to use. Just sprinkle it in cracks and crevices where insects hide and breed. When insects touch FLIT POWDER—they die!
Crawling, insects touch it and DIE!
FLIT POWDER
Kills
FLEAS ON DOGS
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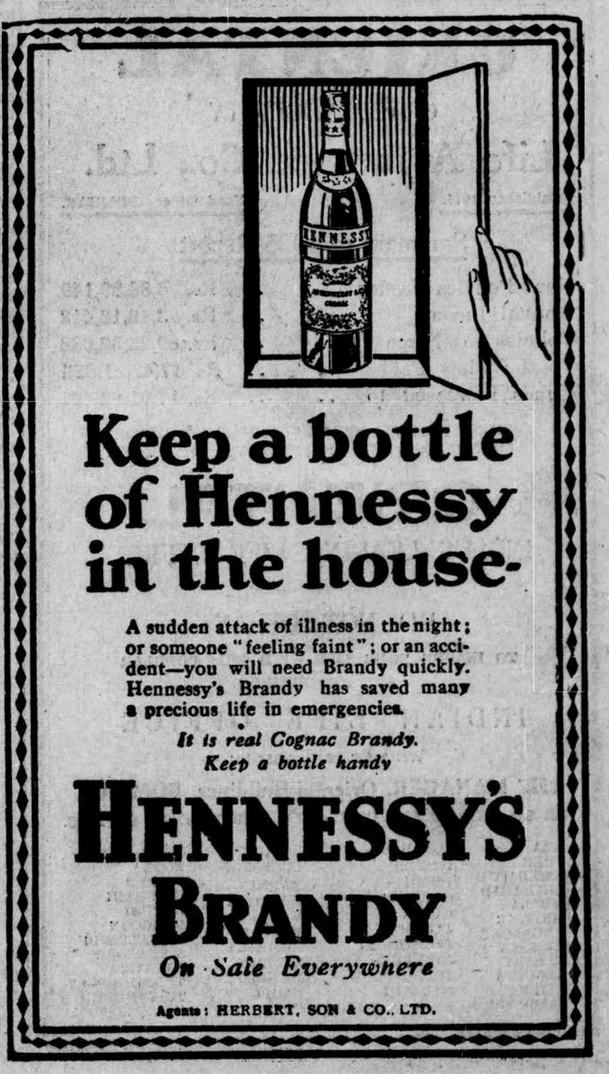
Keep a bottle of Hennessy in the house-
A sudden attack of illness in the night; or someone "feeling faint"; or an accident—you will need Brandy quickly. Hennessy's Brandy has saved many a precious life in emergencies.
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## CRAWLED UPSTAIRS LIKE A CRAB

### Owing To Rheumatism In Her Knees

**KRUSCHEN MADE HER FEEL 20 YEARS YOUNGER**

It was not a very dignified way of going upstairs, but she had rheumatism in her knees, and it was the best she could do, at the time. Since then, she has been taking Kruschen Salts, and now she feels 20 years younger. Read her letter:—

"I had very painful gout in my big toe and could only get upstairs like a crab owing to rheumatism in my knees. It is over three years ago since I commenced taking Kruschen Salts. I must say on damp days I still have a little gout, but my knees are quite better. I am over 60 years of age, have a complexion like a girl's, and feel very fit. I am fully repaid for taking a half teaspoonful of Salts each morning in a cup of hot water. I never take any other kind of medicine and feel and look not more than 40."—(Mrs.) A.W.

The pains and stiffness of rheumatism are caused by deposits of needle-pointed uric acid crystals in the muscles and joints. The six salts in Kruschen stimulate your liver and kidneys to healthy, regular action: ass'st them to get rid of the excess uric acid which is the cause of all your suffering.

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## BIRTH CONTROL

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# WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
Bombay, July 31.

### MONEY.

Money continues easy, inter-bank call funds being difficult to place even at 1/4 to 1/2 per cent. This week's three months' Treasury Bills for Rs. 2 crores were allotted at a record low level of Rs. 0-7-11 per cent as against Re. 0-8-8 last week. Total applications amounted to nearly Rs. 5 crores. Maturities of Rs. 2 crores were offset by renewals. However, about Rs. 20 lakhs were put on the market by Government through the purchase of £150,000 sterling. Government have repaid Rs. 1 crore, borrowed against Ways and Means Advances, to the Reserve Bank of India, thus reducing the outstanding under this head to Rs. 4 crores. Fixed deposit rates are unchanged at 1 per cent and 1 1/4 per cent for three and six months respectively.

### RESERVE BANK.

The Reserve Bank of India statement for the week ended July 24, 1936 shows an increase of Rs. 68.12 lakhs in the total notes issued against an equal rise in Rupee Coin. Notes in circulation have declined by Rs. 2.2 crores to Rs. 161.66 crores while those held in the Banking Department have risen by Rs. 2.89 crores to Rs. 39.22 crores. Sterling securities as well as Rupee securities are unchanged at Rs. 67.32 crores and Rs. 23.40 crores respectively. Government Deposits, which include £29,000 held in London on account of the High Commissioner converted at 1s. 6d. to the rupee, are up by Rs. 43.23 lakhs to Rs. 7.03 crores, and Banks' Deposits by Rs. 146.63 lakhs to Rs. 34.58 crores. Balances held abroad have increased by Rs. 21.02 lakhs. Loans and Advances to the Government are reduced by Rs. 1 crore to Rs. 4 crores. Investments and Other Assets show a recession of Rs. 3.42 lakhs and Rs. 12.09 lakhs respectively. The bank rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

### IMPERIAL BANK.

The Imperial Bank of India statement as on July 24, 1936 shows an increase of Rs. 39.23 lakhs in the total cash balance of the bank, which now stands at Rs. 21.34 crores. Total value of securities have declined by Rs. 24.13 lakhs to Rs. 43.57 crores. Loans, Cash credits and Overdrafts and Bills discounted are down by Rs. 19.59 lakhs, Rs. 28.16 lakhs and Rs. 13.53 lakhs respectively. Deposits on all accounts are down by Rs. 45.01 lakhs. It is understood that the Imperial Bank of India advance rate is unchanged at 3 per cent.

### GILTEDGED MARKET.

Conditions in the Gilt-edged market were on the whole quiet, but the undertone continues steady. 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper opened at Rs. 100-2 but on the disquieting international political news on Tuesday receded to as low as Rs. 99-9. The decline in price was, however, temporary, and on general buying the 3 1/2 per cent Paper advanced to Rs. 100-1 and closed at Rs. 100. Fluctuations in other scrips were confined to a narrow range. 2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 new loan moved between Rs. 100-14 and Rs. 100-12; 3 per cent 1951-54 loan between Rs. 103-15 and Rs. 103-14; 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan between Rs. 107-15 and Rs. 107-12 and 5 per cent 1939-44 loan between Rs. 108-10 and Rs. 108-8.

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SIMPLY BUY
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4 per cent 1943 bonds closed at Rs. 111-1; 5 per cent 1940-43 loan at Rs. 111 and 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan at Rs. 107-9. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan declined from Rs. 115-5 to Rs. 115. 5 per cent 1945-55 (tax free) loan was steady around Rs. 121 and 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan at Rs. 119-12.

### EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was steady during the week, sellers of ready T.T. quoting 1s. 6 3/32d. and buyers 1s. 6 1/8d. Fresh business done for the export of gold was small and there was little showing of merchandise export bills. Tenders to Government amounted to £150,000, which were accepted in full at 1s. 6 1/8d.

Foreign exchanges in the London market displayed narrow movements. London/New York cross-rate after moving between dol 5.02 1/8 and dol 5.01 9/16, closed at dol 5.01 13/16. Paris/London rate opened at frs. 75.91 and remained almost unchanged till Wednesday last. It advanced to frs. 76.01 later, closing at frs. 75.94. The belga and the guilder closed at 29.73 1/2 and 7.38 respectively. The Italian lira is quoted at 63.65.

### GOLD.

The price of gold in the local market fluctuated within a narrow range in sympathy with the cross rates. Ready after moving between Rs. 34-5 and Rs. 34-4-9, closed at Rs. 34/5. The turnover was small as dealers adopted a "wait and see" policy. The daily arrivals average about 10,000 tolas, while stocks on hand aggregate about 1 1/4 lakhs of tolas. The offtake averages about 2,000 tolas a day. The price of gold in London after improving from 138s. 8 1/2d to 138s 11d declined and closed at 138s 9 1/2d. Last week's shipments per s.s. 'Corfu' to London and 'Pres. Adams' to New York were valued at Rs. 88.25 lakhs and Rs. 5.87 lakhs respectively. The price of sovereigns was steady at Rs. 22-1. The highest and lowest rates in the local market were Rs. 34-5 and Rs. 34-4-9 for ready, Rs. 34-5-3 and Rs. 34-5 for August 4, settlement and Rs. 34-5-6 and Rs. 34-5-3 for September 3, settlement. The week's total imports amounted to Rs. 2,43,450 in bar and coin.

### SILVER

Silver was steady during the early part of the week under review, the quotation for ready ranging between Rs. 49 and Rs. 48-12. In mid-week, however, owing to selling pressure the rate dwindled to Rs. 48-5. At lower levels better demand for spot was in evidence, which caused an advance in the rate to Rs. 48/10 at the close. Stocks on hand are estimated at about 11,000 bars, while the offtake averages about 100 bars a day. Yesterday's shipment arrival per s.s. 'Comorin' is valued at £56,600. Silver en route to Bombay is valued at £282,000. The total imports amounted to about 400 bars from London and Australia and Rs. 79,551 in coin. The highest and lowest rates in London were 19 11/16d and 19 7/16d for spot and 19 11/16d and 19 1/2d for two months forward; and those in our market were Rs. 49 and Rs. 48-5 for ready and August 7, settlement and Rs. 49-1 and Rs. 48-6 for September 5, settlement. The Shanghai dollar was quiet but steady at 1/2 13/32.

### SHARES

The Stock Exchange witnessed irregular variations in prices but the sentiment was on the whole steady. The market opened steady and the fluctuations were confined to a narrow range. In mid-week, however, profit-taking resulted in a temporary setback, but the ground was recovered the following day and prices attained the opening levels. Tata Defds opened at Rs. 731-4 and after advancing to Rs. 746-4 declined to Rs. 733-12, but closed at Rs. 745. Ordys after moving narrowly between Rs. 187-8 and Rs. 183-12, closed at Rs. 187-8. In Textiles, Bombay Dyeings gained about 15 points early in the week, but lost about 10 points at the end. Kohinoors after advancing from Rs. 223-12 to Rs. 226-14 declined to Rs. 223-2. Central Indias were marked up from Rs. 248-2 to Rs. 258-12, but eased off to Rs. 250-10. Centurys closed at Rs. 151-14; Simplex at Rs. 66-4 and Swadeshis at Rs. 174-6. Gokaks gained about 12 points early in the week, but weakened to Rs. 206-4. In Hydro electrics, Andhra Valleys steadied to Rs. 1672-8, while Tata Powers tended to ease from Rs. 1662-8 to Rs. 1656-4. Tata Hydros closed at Rs. 182-3 and Bombay Trams at Rs. 160. Cement shares were better than last week, Indians gained about 15 points; Okhas about 4 points and Katni ordys about 4 points. Bundis closed at Rs. 37-4 and Uniteds at Rs. 143-8. Bank and Railway shares were steady. Imperial fully paids at Rs. 1585 xd; Contributories at Rs. 393-2 xd; and Indias at Rs. 134-8 xd. Reserves were wanted at Rs. 139. Ahd Prantij and Tapti Valleys were unchanged at Rs. 922-8 and Rs. 780 respectively. In miscellaneous section, Bombay Burmas show good resistance. Old shares after declining from Rs. 520 to Rs. 513-12 shot up to Rs. 523-12, closing at Rs. 513-2. Part-paid shares moved between Rs. 172-8 and Rs. 170. Belapurs were a shade easier at Rs. 208-2. Scindia Steams and Bombay Steams fluctuated between Rs. 19 and Rs. 18-14 and Rs. 305 and Rs. 300 respectively. New India Assce. Company shares were quieter at Rs. 45-8 but Orientals were a shade better at Rs. 5,620. Bombay Telephones were on demand at Rs. 117 and shares of the Industrial Investment Trust changed hands at Rs. 52-8.

## WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, July 30.

| | Dol. |
|---|---|
| Amer. Power and Light Com. | 13 |
| Amer. Power and Light 5 p.c. P.A. | 66 |
| Amer. Forn. Power Com. | 7 |
| American Tel. and Tel. | 171 1/2 |
| Western Union Telg | 89 |
| New York Central | 41 |
| Baltimore and Ohio R. R. | 22 |
| Erie R. R. | 15 |
| Pennsylvania R. R. | 37 |
| Union Pacific R. R. | 138 |
| Great North Pfd. | 41 |
| United States Steel | 66 |
| Amr. Tobacco B. | 101 |
| Amr. Car and Foundry | 40 |
| Westva Chlorine | 28 |
| Southern Rly 5 p.c. Pfd. | 40 3/4 |
| Anaconda Copper Mining | 39 |
| General Motor | 71 |
| Kelvinator | 21 |
| Sperry Corp. | 23 |
| American Radiator | 22 |
| Socony | 14 1/2 |
| Chase Bank | 47 1/2 |
| National City Bank | 42 1/2 |
| Int. Nickel of Canada | 51 1/4 |
| American Smelting | 89 |
| Montgomery Ward | 47 |
| Youngtown Sheet | 72 |
| Chrysler | 122 |
| Southern Pacific | 41 |

Reaction apparently completed. Recommend following shares:—Southern Rly. 5 p.c. Pfd. Southern Pacific and New York Central. Brokers loans down 32 million dollars. Sperry Corp has declared 1 dol dividend.

Total Business 1 3/4 million.

## Improving Tendency In Jutes

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and and Co., have issued the following report:—

Jute:—Throughout the week under review the Jute shares have displayed an improving tendency and business in highly denominated shares was effected at hardening rates. The expectation of the market that Kamarhatty Kankhatty Kanknarrah dividends for the current period are not less than Rs. 12/8 and Rs. 10 respectively have proved correct and the optimists are making purchases at these levels the rate of return on investment being satisfactory in view of cheap and abundant monetary conditions. Otherwise it is difficult to account for the improvement in the price of Jute shares as gloomy in the future of the industry is in no way obliterated there being no possibility of an early settlement of the dispute in the trade. It is true the current months are seasonal for manufactured goods but the pace of overproduction outweighs any better demand from the consuming centres. For the present we advise cautious optimism and investors should make purchases on all reactions. The shares of Jardine Skinners Jute Mills are good to buy even at the current prices as the manufacturing profits are sufficiently remunerative to maintain the dividends in the coming period. The redeeming feature at present in the trade is the low price of raw jute and the steadiness in the pri of hessians. The speculative counter Howrah in sympathy with steady tone in cognate market and in view of the nervousness among bear operators exhibited a buoyant tendency and the price was pushed up by twelve annas 48/14 and 49/12 being the low and high levels. The close was in the region of Rs. 49/8. Kamarhatty business was confined to small lots 486 to 490 being the varying prices. Kanknarrah were good at 410. Anglo-India came to business round 396. Kinnison changed hands at 552. Bally and Baranagore were priced at 184 and 128 respectively. Budge Budge and Belvedere were done at 268 and 340 respectively. Auckland hovered round 173, Dalhousie 295 Standard 265. Delta advancing to 324 receded to 316. Orient and Cheviot were ruling 165 and 174 respectively. Champdany changed hands at 159. Gourepore were ruling 605, Fort Gloster 465 and Fort William 260. Kelvin were marked at 460, India Jute at 255, Ganges at 243. Among shares of small denominations Birla were an outstanding feature as the price jumped up to Rs. 15/4 from Rs. 14/4, the close being easy at Rs. 15. National moved in the vicinity of 21/6 Clive found support at 23, Adamji registered at 11/8, Agarpara at 19/8, Hukumchand at 9/13, Northbrook 39, Reliance 68/8, Megna 22, Nuddea 39, Presidency Rs 4, Waverley 1/14.

Dividend:—Kamarhatty 12/8, Kanknarrah 10, New Central 7/8, Belvedere 10.

Cotton:—There was very little interest displayed in this section Kesoram were quoted at 3/4, Cawnpore Textiles Rs. 2.

Coal:—This section kept fairly steady and prices of popular counters were more or less maintained Burrakur were firm at 13/8, Equitable at 30/8, New Beerbhoom at 13/2, Amalgamated at 23/12. Bengal Coal changed hands at 372. New Manbhoom were an improving market at 61/4. Seebpore Coal were an improving market at Rs. 12. P. Raneegunj were marked at Rs. 28. Katras-Jherriah at 18/4 Harriladih at 14/4, Bokaro-Ramgarh were freely dealt in round Rs. 17/12, Deoli done at Rs. 6/4, Nazira Rs. 6, Rewa changed hands at Rs. 17.

Miscellaneous:—There was a good inquiry for Electric Light and Power Companies Muttra were done at 11/8, Jubbulpore at 14/8, Benares 16/4, Cuttack improved to Rs. 10/12. Upper Ganges crossed at 12/8. Bengal Telephone ord. were steady at Rs. 20/10, Pref at Rs. 14/8. In Engineering group Brittania Building and Iron appreciated to Rs. 4/14. Indian Galvanising advanced to Rs. 11/2, Indian Iron and Steel reoding to Rs. 9/2, moved up to Rs. 9/15. The Bengal Iron remained unaltered at 5/9. Indian Steel and Wire and Wire Products ord. were in request at Rs. 102 and Deferred at Rs. 26. Investment in these scrips will be of an immense advantage and we strongly recommend purchase even at hardening rates. Burn and Co., ord. were reported at 240. In Paper Mills, Bengal Paper ord. were quoted at Rs. 112, Mysore Paper at Rs. 3/8 Premium. Bengal Timber were steady at 219. Indian Wood Products displayed a weak tendency the rate dropping down to Rs 26. In sugar section Cawnpore were a shade easier at Rs. 37/12, Carew were offered at Rs. 23/8. Murray Brewery (New) changed hands at 14/4, Buland 13/10, Rhotas 18/12, Champaran Old 20/4, New 18/8, ord. were steady at Rs. 3/14. Burma Corporation found Buyers at Rs. 6/14. Indian cables were marked at Rs. 9/4. Indian Copper Corporation freely changed hands at Rs. 2/8. Reserve Bank were easier at Rs. 136/4.

N-96

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|---|---|---|---|
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| Paid-up Capital | „ 5,62,50,000 | Reserve Liability of Shareholders | „ 5,62,50,000 |

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# LARGE DIFFERENCE IN CROP IDEAS CAUSING UNCERTAINTY

## Disposition To Await Bureau Report: Weather Fair

BOMBAY July 31

With Wall Street news generally interpreted as constructive, the Stock Exchange edged forward, though buyers were cautious and despite late realising, the session closed firm.

Prices on the cotton market rallied partially on lower private crop estimates, although a large difference in crop ideas is causing widespread uncertainty and a disposition to await the Bureau Report which is due on August 8th the market gained 20 cents per bale.

Chicago maize gained four cents per bushel with the absence of rains and private crop deterioration reports causing sharp advances to the daily permissible limits, the market closing strong; while Eastern absorption contributed to the firmness of wheat which gained over one cent per bushel.

Cotton futures opened with October being quoted at 12.05 unchanged. Prices kept on steady level on better Liverpool cables and scattered buying. Later market gained further strength on trade and foreign buying, October touching 12.14 plus .9 being the highest for the day.

But market is still under the influence of bearish crop estimates. Later on a weak tone was developed on renewed liquidation and some hedge selling against purchases of pool spot cotton. During the latter part of the session and especially within the last hour market witnessed numerous fluctuations However, the undertone is firm. Before the close prices again improved on scattered buying.

Finally October closed at 12.09+4. Suot finished at 12.84+4.

The New Orleans future market ruled steady October and December finished at a rise of 4 points. The Spot closed at 12.66+4.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Though expected to open at a loss of 4 points, the Liverpool cotton for October opened at 6.53—1, offerings were very light and there appeared some Bombay and local buying as a result of which market improved slightly. Later market again became easy on straddle selling and general liquidation due to bearish crop estimates.

Finally October finished at 6.52—2 the Spot closed at 7.18—10.

The East Indian showed no departure from the previous level.

The Egyptian group ruled irregular Sakel July gaining 11 points while upper October lost 1 point.

The Alexandria market also showed an irregular trend. Final closing were 3 points lower.

PRIVATE CABLES.

| Private Cables:— | |
|---|---|
| N. Y. Oct. Hihgest | 12.14+9 |
| N. Y. Oct. Lowest | 11.99—6 |
| Liverpool Oct. Highest | 6.58+4 |
| Liverpool Oct. Lowest | 6.52—2 |

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:

New York.—Market has declined owing to considerable liquidation due to more favourable weather. However statistical position strong and much strengthened Advise buying scale down Cotton goods market—yarn market—quiet but firm.

New York.—Market affected unfavourably by hedge selling against purchases of remaining 20,000 bales of Pool spot cotton. Rallied on shorts covering. Think purchases for moderate turn around present levels should prove profitable.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Company have received the following:

Unfortunately few of our friends seem to have paid attention to Schwabach's Cotton Crop Report as of June 30th. Issued on July 1st some 7 days before the Bureau Report Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co. estimated final acreage at:

30,681,000 acres (Schwabach)
30,621,000 acres (Bureau)
Difference only 60,000 acres

In the same Report Schwabach estimated the yield of about a crop of 11,217,000 bales. To-day's estimate by Schwabach has increased to 11,830,000 bales. If this is correct or anywhere near correct, the market seems due for a sharp rise as present prices are discounting a crop of about three quarters of a million bales larger. We advise to accumulate cotton.

NEW YORK COTTON.

| New York, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| October | 12.69 |
| December | 12.07 |
| January | 12.05 |
| March | 12.06 |
| May | 12.05 |
| Middling Spot | 12.84 |

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

| New York, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| October | 12.05 |
| December | 12.02 |
| January | 12.02 |
| Middling spot | 12.66 |
| New York 10-55 a.m.— | |
| October | 12.08 |
| Noon Call.— | |
| October | 12.10 |
| December | 12.06 |

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

| New York, July 30. | bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U.S. Ports | 4,000 |
| Day's Exports to Great Britain | 2,000 |
| Day's Exports to the Continent | 9,000 |

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

| Liverpool, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| July | 6.89 |
| August | 6.70 |
| September | 6.59 |
| October | 6.52 |
| November | 6.42 |
| December | 6.40 |
| January | 6.40 |
| February | 6.39 |
| March | 6.39 |
| April | 6.38 |
| May | 6.38 |
| Middling spot | 7.18 |
| 10-12 a.m. quotations.— | |
| October | 6.57 |
| January | 6.44 |

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

| Liverpool, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| July | 10.88 |
| October | 10.79 |
| November | 10.45 |
| January | 9.95 |
| March | 9.76 |
| May | 9.57 |
| July | 9.41 |
| Middling spot | 11.25 |

INDIAN COTTON.

| Liverpool, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| Broach.— | |
| Fully Good (Good staple) | 5.59 |
| Fine (Good staple) | 5.74 |
| Superfine (Good staple) | 5.89 |
| Oomra.— | |
| Fine (No. 1 staple) | 5.67 |
| Superfine (No 1 staple) | 5.82 |
| Choice (No 1 staple) | 5.97 |
| Bengal— | |
| Good | 4.55 |
| Fully good | 4.65 |
| Fine | 4.77 |

PRODUCE.

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| Wheat, Rozario Santa Fe parcels | Nominal |
| Wheat, Barletta Russo parcels | Nominal |
| Wheat, South Australian parcels Sept/Oct. sellers | 36/3 |

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25 C and F— | |
| Calcutta July/Aug. per cwt. nominal | 6/7 1/2 |
| Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25 C and F— | |
| Bombay July/Aug. per cwt. nominal | 6/4 1/2 |
| Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard, No. 25 C and F.— | |
| Karachi, July/Aug. per cwt. nominal | 6/4 1/2 |

NEW YORK COFFEE.

| New York, July 30 | |
|---|---|
| Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) | 6 7/8 |

SEEDS.

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| Linseed, La Plata Hull C. I. F. ton July sellers | £11-17-6 |
| Linseed, Calcutta London C. I. F. ton July/Aug. sellers | £14-0-0 |
| Linseed, Bombay London C. I. F. ton July/Aug. sellers | £14-15-0 |
| Rapeseed, Toria (Hull/Cont.) C. I. F. ton July/Aug. sellers | £13-7-6 |
| Castorseed, Bombay (Hull/Cont) C. I. F. ton July/Aug sellers | £13-2-6 |

LONDON RUBBER.

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb. sellers | 7 3/4 |

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent | £74 |
| Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later | £87 1/4 |
| Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later | £99 3/4 |
| Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | £116 1/2 |
| Consols 2 1/2 per cent | £85 1/8 |
| Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 | £108 |
| War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 | £106 3/4 |
| Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/69 | £117 3/4 |
| Victory Bonds 4 per cent | £116 3/8 |
| Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China | £14 5/8 |
| Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London reg.) | £99 |
| National Bank of India | £45 1/2 |
| P and O Banking Corporation | £9 7/8 |

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| Bank Bills 3 months market rate | 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent. |
| Bank Bills 6 months market rate | 11/16 per cent to 3/4 per cent. |
| Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate | 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent. |
| Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate | 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent. |

## American Cotton Figures

| F P Bales | 1935-36 | 1934-35 |
|---|---|---|
| Receipts to date 30-7-36 | 7159000 | 4465000 |
| Receipts yesterday 30-7-36 | 4000 | 14000 |
| Exports to date 30-7-36 | 6232000 | 4967000 |
| Stock at Ports 24-7-36 | 1278000 | 1061000 |
| Stock at Interior Towns 24-7-36 | 1253000 | 1133000 |
| Stock at Liverpool 24-7-36 | 740000 | 607000 |
| Visible Supply 24-7-36 | 3355000 | 3185000 |
| Quantity in sight 24-7-36 | 12445000 | 8180000 |
| Quantity out of sight 24-7-36 | 13196000 | 10813000 |

# BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 31.

Commission Houses buying was a feature on the Bombay cotton market which after a quiet opening steadied to some extent. Want of rains in Broach dictricts checks any fresh selling which create better feeling.

American cotton is still Governed by the bearish influence of crop estimates. Further weakness is caused by the continuance of favourable weather which generally checks bullish activity Hedge selling against pool cotton purchases also caused a temporary bearish sentiment but before the close market managed to close firm on general support. Operators are keenly awaiting the Bureau Report.

Broach cotton for A/M. opened at Rs. 216/12 No fresh selling was coming in the market which created a steady tone. As the session progressed Broach began to look up on Commission Houses liberal purchases. Broach new looked up to Rs. 218. Around this level again the activity diminished and later remained rather stationary.

Liverpool opened 4 points up although it was expected to open unchanged here market remained steady at Rs. 217/8. Afterwards prominent Indore merchant sold nearly 42000 bales, so market declined and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Broach J/Aug | 227 4 0 |
| Broach May | 215 4 0 |
| Oomra Dec/Jan | 196 8 0 |
| Bengal Dec/Jan | 158 8 0 |

## Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, July 31

| | Extra Sprfine | Sup | Fine | FG | Good |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M G— | | | | | |
| Bengal U P | ... 199 | 195 | 190 | 186 | |
| Punjab | ... 199 | 195 | 190 | 186 | |
| Oomra No. 3 | 212 | 209 | 206 | 202 | ... |
| C P No. 1 | 222 | 219 | 216 | 212 | ... |
| C P No. 2 | 218 | 215 | 212 | 208 | ... |
| Broach No. 2 | ... 237 | 233 | 230 | 226 | |
| Punjab Ame | ... 245 | 241 | 236 | 234 | |
| Surat | ... 270 | 266 | 263 | 259 | |
| Rajpipla | ... 267 | 263 | 260 | 256 | |
| Navsari | ... 276 | 272 | 269 | 265 | |

## Ready Cotton Quotation

| Bombay, July 31 | |
|---|---|
| Bengal Superfine | 182/185 |
| Bengal Fine | 178/180 |
| Bengal F G | 175/177 |
| C P 1 Fine | 210/212 |
| C P 2 Fine | 206/208 |
| Arvi Fine | 206/208 |
| Ellichpur Fine | 206/208 |
| Berar Fine | 204/206 |
| Khamgaon Fine | 204/206 |
| Mulkapur Fine | 200/202 |
| Khandesh Fine | 196/200 |
| Jalna/Sailu | 198/203 |
| Burwah Sanavad | 204/206 |
| Mathia | 188/193 |
| Broach Fine | 225/230 |
| Dhollera | 220/225 |
| Punjab/American | 225/230 |
| Sindh-American | 225/230 |
| Cambodia | 260/265 |
| Compta | 215/220 |
| Westerns | 213/218 |
| Miraj | 210/213 |
| Jagadia Ankleshwar | 258/360 |
| Surat | 260/262 |
| Navsari | 268/270 |
| Kampala | 342/347 |
| Manza New | 338/342 |

## Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, July 31

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

| In full-pressed bales | Yesterday. | This year. Since 1st Sept |
|---|---|---|
| Khandesh | 304 | 307,584 |
| Central India | 184 | 288,710 |
| Barsi and Nagar | ... | 175,531 |
| Hyderabad Gaorani | ... | 41,468 |
| Berar | 5 | 343,012 |
| Central Provinces | ... | 99,020 |
| Total Oomras | 493 | 1,255,325 |
| Dholera | 5,038 | 316,678 |
| N W Provinces | ... | 63,825 |
| Rajputana | 112 | 114,313 |
| Sind-Punjab | 1,684 | 463,396 |
| Broach | 519 | 406,419 |
| Coompta and Dharwar | 1,371 | 101,844 |
| Westerns Northerns | 774 | 73,550 |
| Cocoanada | ... | 151 |
| Tinnevelly and Cambodia | 100 | 19,388 |
| Persian | ... | 9 |
| American | ... | 27,023 |
| Egyptian and African | 1,510 | 249,153 |
| Comilla, Burma and other sorts | 10 | 472 |
| Total | 11,611 | 3,092,136 |

## Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 23rd July

| In full-pressed bales | Yesterday. | This year. |
|---|---|---|
| Europe | 1,747 | 495,621 |
| Japan and China | 2,970 | 1,965,238 |
| Coast Ports | ... | 37,311 |
| Up-country by Rail | ... | 209,542 |
| Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan | ... | 7,748 |
| Total | 4,717 | 2,115,460 |

INDIAN CENTRAL COTTON COMMITTEE

Bombay, July 31

Statement of Indian Cotton consumed in mills in India.

(Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act. 1923, by mills in British India and on Voluntary Returns by Mills in Indian States).

(In bales of 400 lb. net).

CONSUMPTION

British India during June 1936 186,583; during June 1935 161,940; since 1st September 1935 1,872,394; during corresponding period last year 1,820,904

Indian States during June 1936 37,462; during June 1935 32,413; since 1st September 1935 373,144; during corresponding period last year 357,130

Total—India during June 1936 224,045; during June 1935 194,353; since 1st September 1935 2,245,538; during corresponding period last year 2,178,034

N.B.—Due to corrections which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive figures shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive figures published in the preceding month.

# MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, July 31.

| | |
|---|---|
| B C RATES— | |
| T T D D | 1/6 1/32 |
| LONDON— | |
| Banks selling T T D D July. December | 1/6 3/32 |
| Banks buying T T | 1/6 5/32 |
| Banks buying D D | 1/6 5/16 |
| Banks buying 3 Mos. | 1/6 7/32 |
| NEW YORK— | |
| B C Rate T T | 267 |
| Banks selling T T | 265 |
| Banks buying T T | 262 3/4 |
| PARIS— | |
| Banks selling T T | 570 |
| Banks buying T T | 580 |
| JAPAN— | |
| Banks selling T T | 77 1/2 |
| Banks buying T T | 77 1/4 |
| AMSTERDAM— | |
| Banks selling D D | 55 3/8 |
| JAVA— | |
| Banks selling D D | 55 3/8 |
| HONGKONG— | |
| Banks selling D D | 83 3/8 |
| SHANGHAI— | |
| Banks selling D D | 80 3/8 |
| SINGAPORE— | |
| Banks selling D D | 156 3/8 |
| BERLIN— | |
| Banks selling D D | 92 3/4 |
| CROSS RATE— | |
| New York/London 30th instant | 5.01 3/4 |
| Japan/London 31st instant | 1/2 1/32 |
| Java/London 31st instant | 7.34 1/4 |
| Hongkong/London 31st instant | 1/3 1/16 |
| Shanghai/London 31st instant | 1/2 13/32 |
| London/Paris 30th instant | 75.94 |
| London/Belgium 30th instant | 29.73 1/2 |
| London/Switzerland 30th instant | 15.35 3/4 |
| London/Berlin 30th instant | 12.45 1/2 |
| London/Stockholm 30th instant | 19.39 1/2 |
| London/New York 30th instant | 5.01 13/16 |
| London/Amsterdam 30th instant | 7.38 |
| Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet near Steady forward. | |
| Gold 29th instant | £6-18-10 |
| Gold 30th instant | £6-18-9 1/2 |
| Silver London Ready 29th instant | 19 7/16 |
| 30th instant | 19 7/16 |
| Silver London Forward 29th instant | 19 1/2 |
| 30th instant | 19 1/2 |
| Silver New York Ready. 29th instant | 45 |
| 30th instant | 45 |
| London Discounts 3 Mos 29th instant | 9/16 p.c. |
| 30th instant | 9/16 p.c. |
| London Discount 6 Mos 29th instant | 3/4 p.c. |
| 30th instant | 3/4 p.c. |
| Reserve Bank Rate | 3 p.a. |
| Bank of England Rate | 2 p.c. |
| Money:— | |
| Call | 1/2 p.c. |
| 3 Mos. | 3/4 p.c. |
| 6 Mos. | 1 p.c. |
| Tone:—Easy. | |

# GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, July 31.

Yesterday the London silver market for both spot and forward close at unchanged rates. India and China sold while speculators were reported buyers spot was steady but forward dull. New York silver closed at the previous level. Montreal futures closed at unchanged to five points lower.

Our market for Shravan opened at Rs. 48/9/6. No business of importance was noticed but fresh sellers were few and on scattered buying it improved a little later.

London gold yesterday was quoted at a loss of 1/2d to £6-18-9 1/2. London Paris Exchange finished at 75.94. While Dollar-Sterling Exchange closed at 5.01 13/16 at London and at New York at 5.01 2/32 our market for Shravan opened at Rs. 34/5 some inter bazar transaction of minor nature were reported being done around that level.

Rate at 2 p.m.—

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Silver ready | 48 9 6 |
| Silver Shravan | 48 9 6 |
| Silver Bhadrapad | 48 10 6 |
| Gold ready | 34 5 0 |
| Gold Shravan | 34 5 0 |
| Gold Bhadrapad | 34 5 3 |

LONDON SILVER.

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| Spot | 19 7/16 |
| Forward | 19 1/2 |

LONDON GOLD.

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| Gold Bars Fine per oz. | £6-18-9 1/2 |

## Bombay Metals

Bombay, July 31

| London market— | |
|---|---|
| Standard copper cash (buyers) | £37 15 0 |
| Standard copper 3 months | £38 0 0 |
| Electrolytic copper | £42 0 0 |
| New York— | |
| Blue Eagle | 9 1/2 cents. |
| Non-Blue Eagle | 9 1/8 cents. |
| Bombay market quotations— | |
| Yellow mteal sheets | Rs. 32 10 0 |
| Copper sheets | Rs. 40 4 0 |
| Tone: Steady. | |

## Produce Receipts

Bombay, July 31

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat | 53,763 | cwts. |
| Linseed | 10,322 | cwts. |
| Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds | 176 | cwts. |
| Gingellyseed | 489 | cwts. |
| Groundnuts | 6,732 | cwts. |
| Castorseed | 1,302 | cwts. |
| Rice | 25,702 | cwts. |
| Myrabollams | 3,026 | cwts. |
| Cottonseed | 2,388 | cwts. |
| Mowraseed | 66 | cwts. |
| Gram | 907 | cwts. |
| Joowar | 102 | cwts |
| Bajree | 1,884 | cwts. |
| Indian sugar | 3,990 | cwts. |
| Coal | 1,688 | tons. |

# GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, July 31.

| | |
|---|---|
| 2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 New Loan | 100/12 |
| 3 per cent 1951/54 | 103/15 |
| 3 per cent 1941 | 104/6 |
| 3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash | 99/14 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 | 107/11 |
| 4 per cent 1943 | 111/2 |
| 4 per cent 1960/70 | 115/1 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 | 119/10 |
| 5 per cent 1939/44 | 108/8 |
| 5 per cent 1940/43 | 111/1 |
| 5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 | 107/10 |
| TAX FREE | |
| 5 per cent 1945/55 Loan | 121 |
| 4 per cent 1954/63 Mysore | 111/6 |
| 5 per cent 1955 Mysore | 123/8 |
| 5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore | 107/12 |
| CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE) | |
| 4 per cent B P T 1947 | 111 |
| 4 per cent M Deb 1974 | 110 |
| 5 per cent M Deb 1959 | 119 |
| 6 per cent M Deb 1954 | 131/4 |
| 6 per cent B P T 1955 | 131-4 |
| 6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 | 103/8 |

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government Paper ruled steady with a limited turnover.

## Indian Sterling Loans

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| 3 per cent | 87 1/4 |
| 3 1/2 per cent | 99 3/4 |
| 3 1/2 per cent 1954/59 | 106 |
| 4 per cent 1948/53 | 110 3/4 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 | 116 1/2 |
| 4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 | 118 1/2 |
| 5 per cent 1942/47 | 115 |
| 3 per cent 1949/52 | 101 5/8 |
| 2 1/2 per cent British Consols | 85 1/8 |
| 3 1/2 per cent Conversion | 108 |
| 3 1/2 per cent War Loan | 106 3/4 |

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

| London, July 30 | This week £ |
|---|---|
| Total Bullion | 240,900,000 |
| Public Deposit | 42,300,000 |
| (a) Other Deposits | 114,600,000 |
| Government Securities | 96,400,000 |
| (b) Other Securities | 26,200,000 |
| Notes and Coin | 52,400,000 |
| Notes in Circulation | 448,600,000 |
| Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities | 33.38 p.c. |
| (a) Other Deposits include Bankers | 75,200,000 |
| (b) Other Securities include Discount and Advances | 7,100,000 |

EXCHANGES.

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| T. T. London on:— | |
| New York (Closing rate) | 5.01 13/16 |
| Paris | 75.94 |
| Berlin | 12.45 1/2 |
| Madrid | 36.81 |
| Amsterdam | 7.38 |
| Brussels | 29.73 1/2 |
| Milan | 63.65 |
| Berne | 15.35 3/4 |
| Prague | 121.25 |

LINSEED OIL.

| London, July 30. | |
|---|---|
| Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. August sellers | 26/7 1/2 |
| Linseed Oil, naked London per cwt. Sept/Dec. sellers | 26/7 1/2 |

## Raw Cotton Situation

Bombay, July 30

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following report:—

During the earlier part of the week under review the tone of the American markets was very steady until two days ago when the American Cotton Co-operative Association surprised everyone with an estimate of 12,854,000 bales for the coming crop. As most of the interest in the market recently appears to have been of a speculative nature, this unexpectedly large figure caused something of a sensation and both the New York and Liverpool markets have been flooded with selling orders. The above Association ought to be in a position to have first hand information regarding the progress of the crop, but it is difficult to reconcile the crop reports received so far and the small acreage estimate of the American Government with such a large crop. A possible solution is that much of the acreage in the Eastern Belt. where conditions have been poor, were omitted from the acreage estimate of 8th July. We hesitate to accept this large crop figure as accurate. Further private estimates will be forthcoming between now and 8th August when the first official estimate is due for publication, and we shall be surprised if the latter and most of the former are not considerably below the figure just announced by the Co-operative Association. A crop of 12,854,000 bales on an acreage of 30,621,000 acres would mean a yield of over 200 lbs. per acre which seems unlikely considering the crop reports so far received combined with the reports that in many sections of the Belt this year's crop is later than normal. We look like having erratic and excited markets during the next week or two but we cannot recommend sales on one bearish private crop estimate.

Price movements in the Bombay market have also been erratic, due to heavy operations by a prominent speculator, who is believed to have large interests open in monthly options. Our market, being low in parity with American cotton, has naturally not moved so much as New York and Liverpool. Very little new business has been credited to the Bull clique who are so largely interested in the July August Broach contract. They continue to take delivery of all cotton tendered and passed in arbitration and no further sales of actual cotton are reported to have been made on this account. The tendering basis of all styles in the contract other than Broach has been reduced by Rs. 2 per candy. The quantity so far tendered has exceeded all previous records for the Bombay market. Fresh export business has been poor and only a few sales at miserable rates have been reported in the local cloth market. Turnover in the ready market has been moderate. Monsoon reports from many of the cotton growing districts are not satisfactory and further rainfall in many districts is now urgently required.

# BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

## Narrow Fluctuations With Moderate Turnover

Bombay, July 31.

The local Share Bazar opened steady to-day and looked up on increased demand. Short covering specially hardened the prices. But later on heavy realising brought about a reaction.

At this level the market was steady due to professional support.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares opened at Rs. 748-12 and advanced to Rs. 757-8 but later on declined and closed steady at the opening rate of Rs. 748-12.

There was absence of any activity in Textile and Cement sections.

Hydro Electric concerns ruled steady.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

| Bombay, July 31 | |
|---|---|
| Century | 152 151 152 151 |
| Bom. Dyeing | 698 696 697 692 695 |
| Kohinoor | 222 223 221 |
| Central India | 251 250 |
| New Great | 136 127 |
| Simplex | 66 65 |
| Swadeshi | 175 |
| Bundi | 37/4 37/3 |
| I. Cement | 522 520 518/12 |
| Punjab | 26/4 26/3 |
| Shahabad | 497 |
| Andhra | 1672 1670 1665 |
| Tata Hydro | 181 181/9 |
| Tata Power | 1656 1651 1655 1647 |
| Tram. Ord. | 160 159/11 |
| T. Steel Dfd. | 748 752 749 756 751 752 747 748/12 |
| T. Steel Ord. | 188/4 189 188/8 189/4 188 |
| Tata Steel 2nd Pref. | 165 |
| Bellapur | 206 206 208 206 |
| B. Steam | 300 298/12 |
| B. Burma | 512 520 513 510 |

TEXTILE MILLS.

| BOMBAY, July 31. | |
|---|---|
| 100 Ahm. Advance | 292 8 |
| 500 Bombay Cotton | N10 0 |
| 250 Bombay Dyeing | 695 0 |
| 250 Bradbury | 100 0 |
| 100 Century | 151 4 |
| 100 Central India | 250 10 |
| 100 Colaba | 125 0 |
| 100 Coorla | 90 0 |
| 250 David | 60 0 |
| 250 Dawn | 287 8 |
| 1 E. D. Sassoon | 0-2-6 |
| 100 Finlay | 113 12 |
| 100 Gokak | 201 14 |
| 1000 Hindustan | 1,720 0 |
| 100 Indore | 50 10 |
| 100 Khatau | 63 12 |
| 100 Kohinoor | 221 14 |
| 250 Laxmi | 580 0 |
| 100 Madhavji | 7 0 |
| 250 Madras United | 35 0 |
| 1000 Morarji | 700 0 |
| 250 Model | 40 0 |
| 50 Mysore | 81 4 |
| 200 New Great | 127 8 |
| 100 Oosmanshahi | 53 8 |
| 100 Pheonix | 262 8 |
| 25 Sassoon Silk | 36 0 |
| 1000 Sholapur | 1,840 0 |
| 50 Simplex | 68 2 |
| 100 Swadeshi | 175 0 |
| 100 Swan | 86 4 |
| 25 Tata | 9 0 |
| 500 Vishnu | 1205 0 |
| 1000 Western | 800 0 |
| BANKS. | |
| 50-100 Baroda | 117 0 |
| 25-50 Central | 36 2 |
| 500 Imperial | 1585 0 |
| 125-500 Imp. Country | 393 2 |
| 50-100 India | 135 0 |
| 100 Reserve Bank | 139 0 |
| 5 Union | 5 11 6 |
| CEMENTS. | |
| 10 Bundi | 37 3 |
| 70 Gwallor | 133 12 |
| 160 Indian | 518 12 |
| 40 Katni Def. | 2425 0 |
| 100 Katni Ordinary | 390 0 |
| 75 Okna | 290 0 |
| 10 Punjab | 26 3 |
| 100 Shahabad | 497 8 |
| 70 United | 143 12 |
| INSURANCE. | |
| 15-100 Jupiter | 13 11 |
| 15-75 New India | 45 8 |
| 200 Oriental | 5,620 0 |
| 15-50 Vulcan | 8 0 |
| ELECTRIC. | |
| 100 Ahmedabad Old | 186 4 |
| 1000 Andhra Valley | 1665 0 |
| 10 Ajmer | 13 12 |
| 50 Bombay Tram | 159 11 |
| 100 Bombay Suburban | 215 0 |
| 10 Broach | 13 2 |
| 100 Karachi | 240 0 |
| 100 Poona | 240 0 |
| 100 Surat | 195 0 |
| 100 Tata Hydro | 181 9 |
| 1000 Tata Power | 1647 8 |
| RAILWAYS | |
| 500 Ahmedabad Prantij | 926 4 |
| 100 C. Province | 100 0 |
| 100 Dhond Baramati | 106 0 |
| 100 Gujarat | XD99 8 |
| 100 Mandra Bhon | 101 8 |
| 100 Pachora Jamner | 96 4 |
| 100 Sara Sirajgunje | 101 0 |
| 500 Tapty Valley | 780 0 |
| MININGS. | |
| 10 Shivrajpur | 38 0 |
| 30 Tata Steel Def. | 748 12 |
| 75 Tata Steel Ord. | 188 0 |
| MISCELLANEOUS | |
| 100 Alcock | 225 0 |
| 50 Belapur Sugar | 206 14 |
| 250 Bombay Steam | 298 12 |
| 125 Bombay Burma | 510 10 |
| 50 Bombay Burma Con. | 168 12 |
| 8sh. Br. B. Petrol | 5-3-6 |
| 50 Bombay Telephone | 116 0 |
| 100 Indian Bleaching | 121 4 |
| 100 Indian Radio Defd. | 535 0 |
| 100 Indian Radio Ord. | 527 8 |
| 1000 Port Canning | 575 0 |
| 15 Scindia | 18 4 |
| 30 Premier Construction | 83 8 |
| 25 Tata Oil | 18 0 |
| PREFERENCE | |
| 7 p.c. Andhra Valley | 1525 0 |
| 6 p.c. Bombay Steam | 310 0 |
| 7 p. c. Bombay Trams | 88 8 |
| 5 p.c. Central India | 530 0 |
| 7 p.c. Katni 1st | 132 8 |
| 7 p.c. Katni 2nd | 145 0 |
| 7½ p.c. Punjab Cement | 13 8 |
| 7 p.c. Tata Hydro | 161 4 |
| 7 1/2 p.c. Tata Power | 1610 0 |
| 6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st | 192 8 |
| 7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd | 165 0 |
| 5-1/2 p.c. Tata Mill | 9 8 |
| 7 p.c. Vishnu | 662 8 |

# SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

P. and O. S. N. Coy's s.s. Comorin, 8744 Reg. tons Capt. C. W. Cartwright arrived on Thursday from London via Tangier, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Malta, Port Said, and Aden with passengers and general cargo.

F. F. Campbell and Coy's s.s. City of Shanghai of 3748 Reg. tons Capt. F. Mckay arrived from Montreal via Philadelphia, New York, Alexandria, Port Said, Aden and Karachi with general cargo.

N. Y. Kaisha's Jajan Line s.s. Tango Maru of 4238 Reg. tons Capt. K. Tsukwa arrived from Nagoya via Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Sakito, Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

The following steamers entered for loading on 31-7-36.

S.S. Burdwan (M. M. and Co.) for Europe and American Ports via Aden.

DEPARTURE

B. I. S. N. Coy's s.s. Gairsoppa of 3227 Reg. tons Capt. C. H. Fea sailed for Calcutta via Calicut and Malabar Coast Ports with local cargo.

Lionel Edward's s.s. Simla of 3811 Reg. tons Capt. J. Rothe sailed for Colombo, Madras, Calcutta and Rangoon with same bottom cargo.

B. I. S. N. Coy's s.s. Vita of 1955 Reg tons Capt. E. H. Brady sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

P. and O. S. N. Coy's s.s. Comorin of 8744 Reg. tons Capt. C. W. Cartwright sailed for Sydney via Colombo with passengers, local and same bottom cargo.

O. S. Kaisha's s.s. Ohio Maru of 4254 Reg. tons Capt. S. Miki sailed for Karachi with same bottom cargo.

P. and O. S. N. Coy's s.s. Allpore of 3241 Reg. tons Capt. L. Parfitt sailed for Kobe via Colombo and China Japan Ports with local and same bottom cargo.

## Linseed & Wheat

Bombay, July 31.

London seeds market on Thursday ruled irregular Calcutta showing a rise of 6/3d. while others closed unchanged. In the Buenos Aires, prices finished with a rise of 4 to 10 points for Sept. and Oct. positions.

Locally September Linseed opened at Rs. 8/7/6. As the session progressed demand expanded and prices soon went up to Rs. 8/8/3. Undertone was fairly good. But the May position was rather less active which maintained its opening level.

Liverpool wheat yesterday finished with a rise of 5/8d. for July and Oct. positions while Chicago wheat showed a firm tendency on better outside cables. Final closing were about one cent per bushel higher.

Locally, Sept. wheat opened at Rs. 4/13/3. Undertone is fairly good. But fresh support was nominal and hence prices could not register any advance.

Rates at 2 p.m.:—

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Linseed September | 8 9 9 |
| Linseed May | 7 14 3 |
| Wheat September | 4 15 9 |
| Wheat January | 5 3 9 |
| Wheat May | 5 0 0 |


# COMMERCIAL ASTROLOGY

"BEATING ANY FORWARD MARKET" is no longer the dream of a TRADER. J. SHAH of Universal Cotton Forecast has made that dream come true. To-day Mr. SHAH is looked upon as the leading COMMERCIAL ASTROLOGER. His reports on any Forward Market have received flattering comments from all sides.

By virtue of these accurate reports for Cotton, Silver, Gold, Groundnuts, Linseed, Castorseed, Shares with interesting daily fluctuations, he is retaining this reputation throughout the Bombay Presidency. (Rs. 25 per month for any one commodity). His minute analysis for Cotton or Silver is of great value to the trader. (Rs. 50 per month each.) Your correspondence is invited. Remit and address,

J. SHAH,
UNIVERSAL COTTON FORECAST.
B-354, Kalbadevi, BOMBAY.
Telephone: 25377.
Telegrams: 'Kaumudi.

# Latest Commercial News

## NEW YORK COTTON 1 POINT UP

## Silver Slightly Higher But Wheat Very Firm

BOMBAY, July 31

**On Friday gold currencies ruled weak.**

IMPROVED SENTIMENT IN NEW YORK COTTON

New York cotton displayed improved sentiment on unfavourable weather reports. Prices improved on trade and foreign buying.

SILVER HIGHER AND JUTE FIRM

London gold was unchanged. Silver was slightly higher. Wheat was firm. Jute was unchanged.

SECURITIES STEADY

The London Stock Exchange was active. Giltedged securities kept quiet but steady.

### COTTON

### LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 1936

New York, July 31

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 12.09 |
| To-day's opening | 12.14 |
| Difference | +.05 |
| To-day's closing | 12.10 |
| Difference | +.01 |

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 1936

Liverpool, July 31

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 6.52 |
| To-day's opening | 6.56 |
| Difference | +.04 |
| To-day's closing | 6.56 |
| Difference | +.04 |

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 216

### N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, July 31

Cotton displayed improved sentiment to-day on scattered outside and local buying influenced by unfavourable weather reports. However the uncertainty over crop ideas owing to conflicting estimates tended to check speculative enterprise with the result that the movement was slow with traders awaiting further developments.

Trading in October commenced at 12.14 i.e. 5 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on steadier Liverpool cables and trade and local buying together with foreign purchases under the influence of which October rose to 12.20.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.10 with a rise of 1 point for October delivery.

### NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 31

**The following were the opening ranges:—**

October (12.05/12.05) 12.14/12.13
December (12.00/12.00) 12.10/12.09
January (12.01/12.01) 12.09/12.09

### LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, July 31

**The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—**

American October (6.55) 6.52
American December — 6.41
Egyptian October (10.81) 10.79
Egyptian November — 10.63

### BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, July 31

**Broach cotton for April-May delivery moved between Rs. 216-4 and Rs. 217-12 at night. The rate at 10-30 p.m. was Rs. 217-12 with New York futures about 12 points up.**

### LONDON MARKETS

London, July 31

**The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.**

**METALS.**

**Tin (£185 buyers £186 sellers. Steady) £184 3/4 buyers £185 sellers. Steady.**

**Lead (£16 1/4 buyers. No sellers) £15 11/16 buyers £15 13/16 sellers. Very steady.**

**Electrolytic Copper (£41 1/2 to £42) £41 3/4 to £42 1/4**

**Glasgow Iron (£79) £79**

**JUTE.**

**New Crop July August (£17 paid and value) £17 sellers**

**Dunlop June (£19 1/2) £19 1/2 sellers**

**Lightning June (£18) £18 sellers.**

**TEA.**

**Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/4) 0-11 1/4**
**Indian Pekoe higher (1-8 1/4) 1-8 1/4**
**Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/2**
**Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-7) 1-7**

**RUBBER**

**Spot (7 11/16) 7 3/4 paid and buyers**
**Forward (7 3/4) 7 3/4 paid and buyers**

**LINSEED.**

**Castorseed Bombay July August (£13 1/8) £13 3/16 sellers**
**Linseed Calcutta July (£14 sellers) £14 sellers**
**Linseed La Plata July August (£11 7/8 sellers) £12 sellers**
**Groundnuts Coromandal July (£15 9/16 sellers) £15 1/8 sellers**

### EXCHANGES

### LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, July 31

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 5.01 21/32 |
| To-day's opening | 5.01 9/16 |
| To-day's rate (at the time of New York cotton closing) | 5.01 7/8 |

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, July 31

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 5.01 13/16 |
| To-day's opening | 5.01 5/8 |
| To-day's closing | 5.01 5/8 |
| Difference | —.00 3/16 |

FRANC RATE

London, July 31

| | |
|---|---|
| Previous closing | 75.94 |
| To-day's opening | 75.96 |
| To-day's closing | 76.15 |
| Difference | +.21 |

### LONDON EXCHANGES

London, July 31

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 5.01 5/8 with slight variations thereafter.

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 5.01 5/8

Franc opened at 75.96 and then weakened to 75.98 with a somewhat easier tendency due to lack of support.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 76.15

**SILVER CABLES**

Bombay, July 31

**The following cable information was received from London to-night:—**

**"India and speculators bought and sold. China sold. Market quietly steady."**

**LONDON SILVER**

London, July 31

| | Last price | To-day's price |
|---|---|---|
| Spot | 19 7/16d. | 19 1/2d. |
| Forward | 19 1/2d. | 19 9/16d. |

**The market was quietly steady**

**LONDON GOLD**

London, July 31

Gold per fine ounce (£6-18-9 1/2) £6-18-9 1/2

**DISCOUNTS**

London, July 31

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent.
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 3/4 per cent) 11/16 to 3/4 per cent.

**CROSS RATES**

London, July 31

3-30 p.m.

| | |
|---|---|
| London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) | 1-6 1/8 |
| Paris on Bombay (5.74) | 5.74 |
| New York on Bombay (37.91) | 37.90 |
| Berlin on Bombay (0.94 1/8) | 0.94 1/8 |
| London on Milan (63.62) | 63.62 |
| London on Shanghai (1-2 3/8) | 1-2 13/32 |
| London on Kobe (1-2 1/32) | 1-2 1/32 |

### BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, July 31

11-30 p.m.

| | Rs. a. p. |
|---|---|
| Silver ready | 48 9 0 |
| Silver 1st settlement | 48 9 6 |
| Silver 2nd settlement | 48 10 6 |
| Gold ready | 34 5 0 |
| Gold 1st settlement | 34 5 0 |
| Gold 2nd settlement | 34 5 3 |
| Sovereigns | 22 1 3 |

### LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, July 31

Liverpool wheat opened firm with October at 86 and December 85. Trading was very active on continued speculative buying and covering influenced by encouraging outside cables.

### CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, July 31

Chicago wheat opened steady with September at 1.13. Prices continued to improve on scattered commission house buying and covering influenced by better outside cables.

### INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, July 31

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 3/4 as against previous close at the same rate.

### LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 31

3-30 p.m.

Interest centred in home industrials generally otherwise markets generally were quiet with only small business under holiday influences. Rails were easier recent rise inducing profit taking.

**BRITISH FUNDS**

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/8) £85 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£108) £108
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£109 1/2) £109 1/2
5 per cent Indian Loan (£117 7/8) £117 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 3/4) £106 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£116 3/8) £116 3/8

**INDUSTRIALS**

British Celanese 2nd Preference (19-0) 19-3
Marks and Spencer Splits Share (£4 1/2) £4 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 7 7/8) dol 7 7/8
Musical Industries (22-6) 22-6
Princhin Johnson (47-3) 46-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical (39-7 1/2) 39-7 1/2
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (9-7 1/2) 9-7 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (140-1 1/2) 140-1 1/2
Realisation 1930 (£91 1/4) £91 3/4
Dunlop Rubber (34-4 1/2) 36-0
Unilever Ordinary (35-9) 35-3
Ford Motors (31-6) 31-6
Cables and Wireless (£6 1/4) £6 1/4
British American Tobacco (117-6) 118-12
Carreas A (£8 7/8) £8 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (161-3) 160-7 1/2
P and O S N Company Defd (23-4 1/2) 23-4 1/2
Distillers (102-6) 102-9
Bredford Dyers (7-6) 7-1 1/2
British Celanese (10-3) 10-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (53-6) 53-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (49-3) 50-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (7-4 1/2) 7-4 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (31-6) 32-0
Inter Nickels (£50 5/8) £50 5/8
Bengal Iron and Steel (8-3) 8-3
Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

### INDIAN LOANS

London, July 31

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£102) £102
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£116 1/2) £116 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£118 1/2) £118 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1946/58 (£110 1/2) £110 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£110 1/4) £110 1/4
5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-82 (£108) £108

**AUSTRALIAN LOANS.**

5 per cent Australian Loan (£115) £115

**TEA SHARES.**

Assam Company (19-0) 18-9
Doraro Tea (44-0) 43-6
Empire of India Ceylon (27-6) 27-6

**RUBBER SHARES.**

Anglo Dutch Rubber (27-6) 27-6
Gula Kelampong (28-1 1/2) 28-1 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (31-4 1/2) 31-4 1/2

**JUTE SHARES.**

Barnagore (£9) £10 1/4

**MINING SHARES**

Nandy (60-7 1/2) 60-7 1/2
Burma Corporation (10-4 1/2) 10-4 1/2
Rio Tintos (£12 3/4) £13 1/4
East Rand Proprietors (66-9) 66-9
Rand Imam (£9) £9

**MINE SHARES**

Crown Mines (£15 1/8) £15 1/8
Gedulo New (£10 1/2) £10 1/2
New Modders (42-6) 42-6
Sub Nigel (£12 1/8) £12 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£9) £9

**OIL SHARES**

Venezuela Persian (40-0) 39-4 1/2
Anglo Iranian (85-7 1/2) 85-0
Burma Oil (95-7 1/2) 95-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (25-10 1/2) 25-3
Shell Transport (100-7 1/2) 101-3
Royal Dutch (£37 1/8) £37 1/8

**HOME RAIL SHARES**

Great Western (£51 1/2) £50 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£26 7/8) £26 1/2
L N E R Defd (£5 3/8) £5 3/8
Southern Dutch (£22 1/2) £22 1/2
London Paris 5 per cent (£134 1/2) £134 1/2
London Transport 'C' Stock (£105 5/8) £105

### NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, July 31

**The following were the opening rates:—**

General Motor (dol 70 3/8) dol 70 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 38 7/8) dol 39 3/8
U S Steel Common (dol 65 1/2) dol 66 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 131 1/2) dol 132

**BROWN BOLD LINSEED**

**May 1937 delivery.**

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association)

Bombay, July 31

| | |
|---|---|
| Rates at 9-0 a.m. | 7 13 6 |
| Rates at 12-0 noon | 7 13 6 |
| Rates at 3-0 p.m. | 7 13 6 |
| Rates at 5-0 p.m. | 7 13 3 |
| Rates at 6-0 p.m. | 7 13 6 |
| Rates at 8-0 p.m. | 7 13 9 |
| Rates at 10-0 p.m. | 7 14 3 |

### WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, July 31

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat September | 5 0 0 |
| Wheat May 1937 | 5 0 9 |
| Linseed September | 8 9 3 |
| Linseed May 1937 | 7 13 3 |

Wheat was firm. Linseed was steady

## ACTIVITY ALIVE IN STOCK EXCHANGE

### Gold Currencies Weaken

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, July 31

**On the Stock Exchange several features kept activity alive in various directions. Industrials were helped by news of ten million sterling credit to Russia and especially Iron and Steel as well as Electrical Equipments while Breweries reflected recent batch of good dividend.**

**Applicants of New Sydney loan were allotted only 28 per cent and the issue was quoted one per cent premium.**

**Commodities were quiet apart from wheat which was strong on absence of bearish factors coupled with continued reports of crop deterioration.**

**Exchanges were featureless until the close when gold currencies weakened on continental demand for dollars and sterling.**

### China Has 110 Colleges With 41,768 Students

According to an announcement made by the Ministry of Education, at Nanking the other day, during the academic year 1934-35, China had 110 Colleges and universities with an aggregate enrolment of 41,768. The faculty members of these institutions number 10,574, while the total number of graduates that year was 622.

### Almora's Congress Candidates For Legislatures

ALMORA, (By Mail).

The Almora Congress Committee has finally approved the names of Pt. Badri Dutt Pandey and Pt. Har Govind Pant as Congress candidates for the Upper House and the Lower Chamber respectively from Kumaon and Almora Districts.—United Press.

## ORGANISE AND AGITATE

### Call To Suburban Students

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Thursday.

"Over emphasis on the importance of the English language is a regrettable and harmful feature of our national life. Macaulay set that ball rolling, and during the period of the hundred years from Macaulay to Hamill, we have played to that disastrous tune of the foreign language. And we should try to free ourselves from that galling yoke". This was the strain in which Mr. I. K. Yagnik protested against the evil influence of the foreign language in our educational system, at a students' meeting, organised by Students' Executive Meeting. The meeting was held in Mr. Bhagat's Bungalow on the Ghodbunder Road, Vile Parle, yesterday night, when Messrs Gordhanbhai Mehta, Gandhi and Rangnekar explained to the students assembled the object of the forthcoming Students' Conference. They thought that the time had come for the students to organise and agitate to ventilate their grievances and get them redressed.

Mr. Chandravadan Mehta asked them to unite and organise and make themselves felt in whatever field they act.

### CONGRESS AND MASS CONTACT

### Vile Parle Votes For Individual Direct Membership

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Friday.

It is for the first time after the satyagraha days that the meeting of the Maharashtra Provincial Congress Executive is meeting in the Suburban District at Vile Parle. The meeting is coming off on 24th August when prominent Maharastrian leaders will be discussing imminent questions regarding the election campaign and probably the selection of candidates also.

The Suburban District Congress Executive, I understand, is going to fully utilise the opportunity and arrange a series of lectures and a Gramya Bhojan wherein only the village products will be used.

The Executive may discuss the question of a Conference also at their next meeting.

ADDITIONAL CO-OPTED MEMBERS.

The local Congress Committee, has co-opted the following additional members: Smt. Devyani Desai, Smt. Indumati Naik, Messrs H. R. Mehta, D. Thaker and V. Shroff.

The Committee also decided the method of representation to be adopted to ensure mass contact, namely individual direct membership.

## GREAT EUROPEAN PROGRESSIVE WRITER

### Bombay Tributes To Memory Of Maxim Gorki

A striking tribute to the memory of Maxim Gorki, the famous Russian writer, was paid by Mr. Indulal Yagnik, presiding over a public meeting held under the auspices of the Tarun Gujarati Sahitya Sabha and the Progressive Writers' Association at the Forbes Sabha Hall, on Friday, to observe the Gorki Day.

Mr. Yagnik said that Romain Rolland, Henry Barbouse, and Maxim Gorki were three successful, progressive writers in modern Europe. But the life of Gorki was remarkable. Henry Barbouse was not a proletariat writer before the War. The War converted him and, thereafter, he wrote vigorously in the cause of 'Peace and Progress'. Romain Rolland had always remained a pacifist. But Gorki, from the very beginning, was a proletariat writer. He had been employed in various capacities. He had suffered all the tortures of life. He began from the bottom and had known the underworld because he came from it. He did not look on the men and women of the underworld with mere pity and sympathy. His was not the spirit of resignation. His was the spirit of rebellion. Tolstoy, on the other hand, had depicted the sorrowful outlook and there was in his works the spirit of resignation to some extent. Gorki, on the other hand, showed and preached the spirit of rebellion and revolt.

The speaker paid a glowing tribute to his life-work. He had not looked down upon life from the fifth floor but had himself to climb up from the very bottom.

Messrs. Umashankar Joshi, Ravishankar Mehta, Jhaverichand Meghani, and Chandravadan Mehta also addressed the gathering.

## PROFIT-TAKING IN JUTE SHARES

### Coals Unchanged And Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, July 31

Jutes opened firm but eased off slightly on profit taking. Coals were unchanged with limited trading. Teas were dull. Miscellaneous disclosed no special feature. Government securities were easier. Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities: Two and three fourth per cent new loan 1948/52 100/12; three and a half per cent Government paper 99/10; three per cent loan 1951/54 104/2 small lot; four per cent loan 1943 111/4/6; four and half per cent loan 1955/60 119/5; five per cent loan 1945/55 120/12 small lots; five and three fourth per cent Punjab Bonds 1937 104/5

Banks: Central 36/12 small lots; Imperial Bank conty 394; Reserve Bank 135

Coals: Amalgamated 24; Raneegunge 28/2

Jutes: Adamjee ordy 13/2; Anglo India 418/8; Auckland 193 small lot; Alexandria 190 small lot; Barnagore 141; Bally 198; Birla 15/8; Belvedere 365 small lot; Champdany 171; Clive 16; Dalhousie 316; Fort William 282/8 small lots; Hukumchand 10/8 small lot; Hukumchand pref 108/8; Howrah 53/8; Hooghly 52/8 small lot; India 295/8; Kamarhatty 528; Kanknarrah 432/8 small lot; Kinnison 573 small lot; National 23/6 small lot; Northbrook pref 131; Orient 181; Standard 288/8 small lots.

Miscellaneous: India Copper Corporation 2/9; Bareilly Electric 14/8; Bengal Telephone ordy 21/2; Bengal Telephone pref 14/10; Cuttack Electric 10/6; Jubbulpore Electric 14/10; Muzaffarpore Electric 15; Shahjahanpore 8/8; Indian Iron and Steel 10/3 small lot; Hindustan Insurance 85; British India Corporation pref 156; Orient Paper 1/14 premium; Orient Paper pref 2 premium; Midnapore Zemindary 73/8.

Debentures: Four and one fourth per cent 1936/41/46 Titaghur Paper Mills 103/8.—A. P.

### PRAJAMANDAL DISPUTE

### Another Conference With Officials

(From Our Correspondent).

SAYAJIGANJ, July 31.

Another Conference was held to-day between Prajamandal workers and officials.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION CASES.

The Sessions Judge, Sahebzada, delivering judgment in the municipal election case regarding ward number 7, he cancelled the election of Ramnarayan Vaidya, on the plea of his being an Hon. Magistrate and ordered a fresh election.

In another case, regarding Ward number 13, Nanubhai's election was set aside and Desaibhai, another candidate, was declared as elected.

### VICEROY'S CABINET SECRETARYSHIP

SIMLA, July 31.

The United Press understands that consequent on the appointment of Sir Eric Mieville as Principal Private Secretary to the Duke of York, the appointment of the Cabinet Secretaryship to the Governor General's Executive Council may be abolished.

The Private Secretary of the Viceroy may once again combine both offices in the person of Mr. Laithwaite at present.

The services of Captain Dring, Officiating Secretary of the Executive Council have been replaced with the Foreign and Political Department.—United Press.

### RUSSEL'S BUSY DAY AT MADRAS

MADRAS, July 31.

Sir Guthrie Russel, Chief Commissioner of Railways and Mr. P. R. Rau, Financial Commissioner, Railways, arrived in Madras this morning from Calcutta.

They had a busy programme to-day when they discussed with the authorities of the M. and S. M. and S. I. Railways programmes of works of the respective railways. Later, they met the presidents and members of the Madras and Southern India Chambers of Commerce when questions regarding freights rates were discussed.—A. P.

## MONSOON ACTIVE ON WEST COAST

POONA, July 31.

The monsoon remains fairly active along the West Coast of the Peninsula and has strengthened in Lower Burma.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, East United Provinces, the Konkan and Malabar, and local in Assam, Bengal, Bihar, East Central India, East and North Punjab, Mysore and Madras Deccan.

A few falls have occurred in Upper Burma, West United Provinces, Central Provinces the Bombay Deccan, South Hyderabad, Southeast Madras and the North Madras Coast.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Rangoon 4 inches, Victoria Point, Mergui, Amherst, Bassein, Gwa, Akyab, Sambalpur, Cherrapunji, Dharampur, Marmagoa, Mangalore, and Mahableshwar 2 inches each.

**FORECAST:—Rainfall will continue to be widespread in the Konkan, Lower Burma, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, East United Provinces; extend and increase in West United Provinces and East and North Punjab, and occur locally in the South of the Peninsula.—A. P.**

## WHAT MRS. GULBAI WROTE TO COLAH

### Letter Put In As Exhibit In Petits Case

More diary entries and letters received from Mrs. Gulbai Petit and written by Mr. Merwanji Colah to her were read over and put in as exhibits at the resumed hearing of the "Petits Case" before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, on Friday.

Mrs. Gulbai Petit and Pherozshah Petit are charged at the instance of the Bank of India, with fraudulent transfer of Shares of the Chateau Petit, to evade responsibility of any liability.

When Mr. Colah, the Solicitor, was cross-examined by Mr. Jungalwalla, Counsel for the first accused, about the original Letter written by witness to Mrs. Gulbai on July 25, 1930 referring to the part repayment of the loan to the Bank, he replied that he did not possess the original.

Mr. Banaji: You must produce the original.

Mr. Jungalwalla: I have not got it. Mr. Colah must be having it.

Court: If Mr. Colah says he has not got it, the original must be missing.

Then the copy of the letter, produced by the defence counsel, was put in as an exhibit.

MRS. GULBAI'S LETTER.

The defence Counsel, then, put in the letter of Mrs. Gulbai to Mr. Colah, dated 23rd September 1930, in which she asked the witness to call on Mr. Gray, the Manager of the Bank and the late Mr. F. E. Dinshah about the offer she made of repayment of Rs. 50,000, whether the commission of the Manekji Petit Mills were received by her or not.

Mr. Banaji, counsel for the Bank, objected to the letter being put in as an exhibit, on the ground that the letter was in the nature of an admission and so under the Law of Evidence the prosecution would be denied the benefit of cross-examining the writer of the letter. The only effective test of ascertaining the veracity of the facts in the letter is by means of cross-examination and that benefit would be denied to the prosecution, the counsel added.

He further argued that the letter did not reveal the existence of any state of mind as far as the writer of the letter was concerned and letter was not an admission of the state of mind, relevant to the facts at issue. Further the letter was not accompanied by any corroborative evidence.

The Magistrate overruled the objection.

The letter was put in as an exhibit. When asked, what reply he gave, witness stated that he did not reply.

In reply to a further query, witness stated that he had a diary entry which stated in effect that he had accepted a cheque of Rs. 50,000 from Manekji Petit and Sons and the cheque was dated March 19, 1930.

Further hearing of the case was postponed to August 29.

Mr. Jungalwalla appeared for the first accused and Mr. Lam defended the second, while Mr. Banaji, instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya, conducted the prosecution on behalf of the Bank.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 31-7-1936

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —.058 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 80.8 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 77.2 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 86.4 degrees 1.4 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 75.6 degrees 0.5 (below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 85 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. W

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 13 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 199 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 39 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m.( the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 10

Rainfall in 24 hours 0.45 inches

Total rainfall during the month 8.09 inches

Total rainfall during the year 41.12 inches

Weather remarks: Showers and equally.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 31-7-36

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.8 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.85 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.64 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

## TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

On Thursday the Bandra Municipal Board as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Archbishop of Bombay adjourned a special general meeting. Dr. P. A. Dias, the President moved a resolution of condolence from the chair and paid an eloquent tribute to the educational work of the Archbishop. He explained the connection of the Archbishop with the Municipal and recalled the words of Mr. Natarajan who had said several years ago that were it not for the Catholic Schools in Bandra, compulsory primary education would have been an intolerable burden on the municipal finances. He then moved the following resolution

"The Municipality places on record its deep regret at the death of His Grace Dr. J. R. Lima, the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Bombay, and the consequent loss to the Catholic community in particular of a very active and zealous Pastor and to the city and suburbs in general of an erudite scholar and educationist who laboured incessantly for the spread of education, especially in the outlying and inaccessible suburbs of Bombay. The House adjourned without transacting any business the resolution being passed all standing."

TO-DAY'S DEBATE AT BANDRA.

"The pursuit of sport is prejudicial to the best interests of higher education" is the subject of to-day's debate at the Bandra Gymkhana Pavilion at 6-30 p.m. This debate I understand is organised under the auspices of the St. Andrew's ex-Students' Association and is against the Bandra Gymkhana and ought to be a very interesting one.

This debate is open to the general public and Mr. Wilfred Pereira, Solicitor, has promised to preside.

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# The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, AUGUST 1, 1936

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# Congress Flag Comes Before Red Flag

## Prajamandal Dispute Settlement

### Dr. Sumant Demands Written Statement From Dewan To Avoid Further Trouble

BOMBAY, Friday.

**"I very much wish, it were possible to me to say that the conflict or misunderstanding between the Prajamandal and the Government of Baroda had been settled," observed, Dr. Sumant Mehta, who arrived in Bombay this morning, from Baroda, to preside over the Students' Conference, in an interview to the "Bombay Chronicle".**

**"We have very nearly agreed on the terms of settlement", he added.**

**WANTED WRITTEN AGREEMENT**

**"After all verbal settlements are unsatisfactory to both sides because they are capable of creating a thousand misinterpretations Besides, the situation is very awkward this way. I believe I am right in saying that it is the personal intervention of the Dewan Saheb, which is responsible for bringing about a settlement. I do not know, how far he was responsible in initiating the policy of repression. I do not care to go into past history. A false step has been taken, and we have to find a way out. Now that the Dewan Saheb is expected to leave for Geneva within a fortnight, there will be a new Dewan, and therefore, I insist on a written settlement.**

"I am bound to place the whole matter before the people of the Baroda State on one side and the reading public outside the State which has taken such keen interest in our affairs. I think I should not miss this opportunity of thanking all the papers of Bombay, Ahmedabad and other towns and even those outside our Presidency, which have helped our cause materially by their very sympathetic attitude.

"I think the Government of Baroda is wise enough to accept the fact that the Prajamandal is an institution which has laboured for 20 years for the welfare of the people of Baroda. Indirectly, it has improved the administration of the State. The Government, I know, accepts this fact. We have made it clear that we are working on peaceful and constitutional lines. The Government, I understand is not willing now to put any obstructions in the type of work that we have been doing.

'I do not mind, if all orders of a prohibitory nature are not withdrawn. A strong Government would withdraw them, without hesitation. But I do not mind if the Government consents not to execute them, as it intends to do. The Government had fears that if the workers of the Prajamandal went to all villages lecturing and making inquiries whether a 35 per cent., reduction on Land Tax, was absolutely necessary, the people would get excited and eventually refuse to pay the tax. Officialdom thought that this might lead to agrarian riots.

GOVERNMENT SATISFIED

We have satisfied the Government that we are not preparing for a campaign of no-tax. The Government has no objection at all On the contrary, it thinks it legitimate that a body like the Prajamandal should carry out an inquiry like the one that we propose to make. But it was pointed out to us that we could call all witnesses to the Taluka towns, take statements and collect evidence. To this we are prepared to agree, if we come to terms on other matters. Surely, this would not prevent our workers from going to any of the three thousand and odd villages of the State, to meet the people, collect them together, talk to them and get information.

ECONOMIC INQUIRY

This Economic Enquiry is the only matter on which there were differences of opinion, according to what the Government tells us now. Well, if we agree on this, it is definitely understood that the Prajamandal will carry on all its activities as it did before this incident occurred. About this arrangement we want no vagueness and no reservations. That is why my secretaries submitted two drafts to the Dewan Saheb for his approval. But he is reported to have said that written statements were not necessary. I believe that an agreed communique is indispensable.

"Of course, if the incident closes rapidly there will be no necessity for any propaganda on either side now."

## STRICTURES ON SUB-INSPECTOR

### Police Procedure Severely Criticised In Case Of Fatal Assault

BAREILLY, July, 30.

Mr. Dharam Veera, Additional District Magistrate committed to the sessions Sub-Inspector Maqbul Hussain under Section 304 I. P. C. (culpable homicide not amounting to murder).

The Magistrate observed that "unfortunately in this case the accused was allowed to remain in charge of Sirauli police station till after the magisterial enquiry in the case. The influence that a Station Officer usually wields in his circle is only too well known to need any comment and a Station Officer who was facing a prosecution under Section 304 I.P.C. was capable of doing anything.

The result was that the accused had every opportunity of spoiling the prilliminary enquiry. He managed to win over four persons to his side and introduced a number of contradictions in the statement of other prosecution witnesses".

The prosecution case briefly was that on July 12 last one Banney Khan was called to Sirauli police station in connection with a case. During the course of enquiry the accused got annoyed with Banney Khan and gave him a beating with a small stick and when Banney Khan fell down on the ground he was alleged to have been kicked by the accused and died shortly after.

A magisterial enquiry was held later by Mr. M. H. Rizvi, S. D. O., Aonla and the enquiry was held in the presence of the accused who remained in charge of the Sirauli police station at that time. The accused was later suspended and relieved of this charge on June 17 last and a case under Section 304 I. P. C.. was registered against him.—United Press.

## *Assam Muslim League Parliamentary Board*

SYLHET, July 31.

A Correspondent wires:—

The first meeting of the Assam Muslim League Parliamentary Board was held on Thursday at Sylhet under the presidency of Khan Bahadur Nasiruddin Ahmed, retired Additional Chief Presidency Magistrate, Calcutta. Rules for the Board were framed and it was decided to apply to the Muslim League Central Parliamentary Board for affiliation. The last date for receiving applications from intending candidates was fixed as 15th September.

The party manifesto setting forth a comprehensive programme was adopted.—A. P.

## Jawaharlal Clarifies Issue

### DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO FLAGS

### Communal Leaders Misleading Masses

**RAWALPINDI, July 31.**

**Addressing a mammoth public meeting yesterday Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru took objection to the importance given by the organisers of the meeting to the Red Flag in relation to the Congress National Flag. He said that while he respected the Red Flag which stood for the workers of the world, he as President of the National Congress would not brook the hoisting of any other flag on such occasions more prominently than the national flag.**

**Pandit Jawaharlal devoted the larger part of his speech to an attack on communal leaders who he said were misleading the masses.—A.P.**

## *Rousing Reception At Rawalpindi*

RAWALPINDI, July 30.

In spite of the scorching sun thousands of people greeted Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru at the Railway Station and cries of "Jawaharlal Zindabad" rent the sky. Several times Punditji had to push through the crowd to make his way.

Besides prominent citizens of Rawalpindi, a contingent of Frontier delegates headed by Hakim Abdul Islam, a prominent Red Shirt and Socialist leader of the Frontier Province, was also present at the station.

The city wears a gala appearance. Innumerable arches, gates and buntings have been erected in all main bazaars of the city in connection with the reception of the Congress President.

Punditji was presented with about a dozen addresses by various commercial and religious institutions of the town, including the Bar Association and Students' League. He will lay the foundation stone of Tilak Hall.

A piquant situation was averted at the railway station before the arrival of the train carrying the Congress President, when the Station Superintendent objected to the carrying of the national flag inside the Station platform, but the timely intervention of Diwan Chamanlal saved the situation from getting worse.—United Press.

The death has occurred of General Sir Alfred Keogh.

## BRIGHTER CHANCES FOR CONGRESS

### President's Visit To Sind Enhances Election Prospects

KARACHI, July 30.

The hurricane election campaign launched by the Sind Congressmen in the province through the Congress President, and the proposed visit of Dr. Khan Sahib, Babu Rajendra Prasad and Mr. Bhulabhai Desai are having their effect on the minds of the people. The chances of Congress candidates have been rendered brighter by the Congress President, and it is generally expected that the visit of other leaders will make it more secure.

In the meanwhile, the Mahasabhites are busy with their own programme. Hindu leaders have decided to invite Bhai Parmanand and Dr. B. S. Moonje and others to tour the province for purposes of election campaign.—United Press.

## "IMPLEMENT WARDHA RESOLUTIONS"

### Congress Parliamentary Committee's Circular

PATNA, July 30.

It is understood that the All-India Congress Parliamentary Committee has circularised all provinces regarding the various aspects of the forthcoming election campaign and has asked the Provincial Congress Committees to make a careful survey of all seats and constituencies which the Congress could contest. The provinces have been asked to submit a detailed report as to the steps taken for organising the elections as also the steps taken to implement the Wardha resolutions and plans devised to deal with scheduled castes and Muslim Constituencies.

It is understood that Babu Rajendra Prasad is leaving for Bombay about 12th August in connection with the Parliamentary Committee meeting.—A. P.

## *CONGRESS SOCIALIST PROPAGANDA IN U. P.*

LUCKNOW, July 31.

Seth Damodar Swarup who was entrusted to organise the Congress Socialist Party in the districts of the United Provinces, is now in Lucknow.

Interviewed by the "United Press" as to the progress of the work he had undertaken, Swarup said that there was good response to the call of Socialists.

Parties have been established, he said, in many districts where there were none and reorganised in those where they were crippled.

He will shortly issue a statement giving the full particulars in detail of the work carried in this connection.—United Press.

## *"First August"—*

### "Red Letter Day In Our History" Says Jawaharlal

### Congress Election Campaign Started In U. P. On "Tilak Day"

LUCKNOW, July 31.

The U. P. Provincial Congress Committee has received the following messages in connection with the election campaign which will be inaugurated on August 1. Among others, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Mr. Sri Prakasa, Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Dr. Satyapal, and Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, have sent messages:—

OBJECT REMAINS SAME

President Jawaharlal writes:—"The U. P. Provincial Congress Committee has fixed the 1st of August for starting their campaign to spread the message of the Congress afresh in this province and to remind our people of the new phase of our struggle for freedom.

"For our object remains ever the same—the Independence of India—and till we attain it we shall continue our struggle for it. To attain that object we want an efficient and powerful instrument and organization. The Congress can be such an organisation and can carry us forward to our goal.

"Therefore all who hold the freedom of India dear and wish to end the exploitation and misery of her people must rally to the Congress and stand under the National Flag which has become for us the flag of Indian freedom.

"Reactionaries and others are trying to close their ranks in order to oppose the Congress. By doing, whether they will it or not, they support the Government and obstruct our march to freedom. To all such we shall offer the firmest of opposition and I am convinced that as in the past we shall win through.

TO WIN DESPITE ALL ODDS

"The coming elections already cast their long shadow over the country. The Congress had decided to contest them, not in order to work the new Act, but to continue our freedom's struggle. We shall go forward to these elections, with all our united strength and with the will to win despite all odds. That we shall win I have no doubt. But we have an array of vested interests against us from the vast interests of British Imperialism downwards. Therefore we must organise ourselves and pull together.

RED-LETTER DAY—AUG. 1.

"The 1st of August is a red-letter day in our history. On that day sixteen years ago, Lokmanya Tilak, the great herald of the dawn in India passed away. On that day began the Non-co-operation movement which was to change the face of India. Therefore it is a fitting day for the beginning of our campaign. May success attend it."

Writes Mr. Sri Prakasa.—

The Congress being the only organisation in the country that has pledged to win India's independence and that has succeeded in attracting large numbers of men and women to its fold and inducing them to give up their all for the country's call, it behoves one and all of us to stand by it through thick and thin.

The Congress, rightly or wrongly has decided to enter the legislatures of the land, such as they are, and to utilise them for the fulfilment of its aim and ideal. It is thus the clear duty of all who should feel that the Congress really represents them, and means business, to vote only for those who have been set up by it, and in its name, in the various constituencies. I have no doubt that the appeal now made is not being made in vain.

To those who think that the Congress is on the wrong path, I will only say that the best way of bringing it to what they think, is the right path, is also to stand by it and thus find our strength in our solidarity and achieve our destiny by our unity.

IN PURSUANCE OF LUCKNOW MANDATE.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant says:—

We are inaugurating the election campaign in pursuance of the mandate of the Lucknow Congress to-day. A special responsibility rests on our shoulders in this matter, as the decision to capture the Provincial Legislatures was taken by the Congress in the heart of our own province, and under the presidentship of our very foremost leader here. Let every one of us then resolve on this solemn occasion to do his very best and utmost in this respect so that the Congress may emerge out of his ordeal with flying colours and redoubled strength and prestige. The task of organising the people in every one of the various cities, towns, villages and hamlets scattered over the length and breadth of our extensive province is stupendous, and calls for the active co-operation of every nationalist.

"The Congress stands for "Poorna Swaraj" and for the replacement of the unwanted Constitution sought to be imposed on us by a self-determined one evolved by a Constituent Assembly. The choice has to be made between national independence and foreign domination; between the tried soldiers of the army of freedom subject to the discipline and control of the Congress high command, and the subservient

(Continued on Page 3).

## EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

*Inspector Wade—* *A King By Night*

HE'S BREATHING, WADE!
THIS BOOMERANG GAVE HIM A NASTY CLIP
JUMA'S GETTING AWAY, SIR!
TRAIL HIM! — NO MATTER WHERE HE GOES, UNDERSTAND?— DONAVAN AND I ARE STAYING HERE!
LYMAN ANDERSON
WE MUST FIND OUT WHAT THIS MAN KNOWS!
7-6
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